street Assessment.

It the same time and place, the following deproperty to wit: a certain city lot in or Atlanta, fronting 107 feet on Decature tween Yonge and Fitzgerald streets, and back 200 feet, said lot known as No. 442 street, according to the street numbers, in as the property of L. J. Gartrell, to sattrell, and said property for the proportion in paving the roadway or street proper of street with rubble stone.

It has same time and place, the following at property to wit; a certain city lot in the Atlanta, fronting 14 8-10 feet on Pryor eteen Engenia and Richardson streets, ning back 150 feet, said lot known as No. aid street according to the street numbers, in as the property of E. A. Andrews, to sattain favor of the city of Atlanta, against drews, and said property for the proportions of paying the roadway or street proper street with rubble stone.

It the same time and place, the following depoperty to wit; a certain city lot in yof Atlanta, fronting 75 feet on Broad alween Marietta and Walton streets, and back 8 feet, said lot known as Nos. 1, 3, 5 street, according to the street numbers, in as the property of Marcus A. Bell, agent, and said property for the effproportion of cost of paying the road-treet proper of Broad street with granite the same time and place, the following the toad-treet proper of Broad street with granite the same time and place, the following the toad-treet proper of Broad street with granite the same time and place, the following the following the following the following the following the following the followi

the same time and place, the following d property to wit; a certain city lot in of Atlanta, fronting 67 feet on Decaturetween Yonge and Fitzgerald streets, and back 200 feet, said lot known as No. 368 treet, according to the streets numbers, as the property of Mrs. Lettle Davis, to fi. fa. in favor of the city of Atlanta, and Davis, and said property for the proof cest of paving the rondway or street. Decatur street with rubble stone. The same time and place, the following i property, to wit; a certain city lot in of Atlanta, fronting 51 feet on Decaturetween Bell and Fort streets, and runk 200 feet, said lot known as No. 281 on a, according to the street numbers; levthe property of Mrs. Frank to satisfy a flor of the city of Atlanta, against said ds aid property for the proportion of cost the roadway or street proper of Decature the rubble stone.

cattle the robbies tone.

o at the same time and place, the following fixed property, to-wit: a certain city lot in thy of Atlanta, fronting 152 feet on Wheat & between Yonge and Jackson streets, and mag back 100 feet; levied on as the property in M. Smith to satisfy a fi fa in favor of the of Atlanta, against said Smith and said profor the proportion of cost of paving the way or street proper of Decatur street with lestone. PAVING AND CURBING.

PAVING AND CURBING.

ont the same time and place, the following thed property, to-wit; a certain city lot in ity of Atlanta, fronting 37 feet on Hunter, between Loyd and Pryor streets, and runback 80 feet, said lot known as No. 45-47 on treet, according to the street numbers; levisas the property of Mrs. Jas. Lochrey to satisfa in layor of the city of Atlanta, against lochrey and said property for the cost of paves if the same time and place, the following that the same time and place, the following the deproperty; to wit; a certain city lot in the same time and place, the following the free three bell street, been Bell street bridge and Hunter streets, unning back 100 feet, said lot known as. No. said street, according to the street numbers; to make the property of Jno. Bennett to satisfication as the property of Jno. Bennett to satisfication for the cost of curbance and paving the sidewalk in front of said proposet the same time and place, the following one the same time and place, the following

he same time and place, the following property, to wit: a certain city lot in Atlanta, frontling 59 feet on Hayne running back 169 feet, said lot known a said street, seconding to the street levied on as the property of J. R. Editisty a fi fa in favor of the city of Atlants and Edwards and said property for curbing and paving the sidewalk in droperty.

inst said Edwards and said property for a curring and paving the sidewalk in iid property.

the same time and paving the sidewalk in iid property, to wit: a certain city lot in a fathanta, fronting 1891 8-10 feet on Deet, between Yonge and Boulevard streets, as the property of deorgia Radiroad and Company to satisty a fla in favor of the lants, against said failroad and Banking and said property for the cost of curbing against said failroad and Banking and said property for the cost of curbing in property, to wit; a certain city lot you Atlanta, fronting 617-10 feet on Terry tween Hunter and Fair streets, and runk a 100 feet, said lot known as No. 77 on at according to the street numbers; lavior of the city of Atlanta, against said and said property for the cost of curbinging the sidewalk in front of said property, the property of E. M. Greeson to satisfy a yor of the city of Atlanta, against said and said property for the cost of curbinging the sidewalk in front of said property, the same time and place, the following deproperty, fronting 118 6-10 feet on Gilect, between Butler and Pratt streets, and back 100 feet, levied on as the property to the cost of curbing and paying a the same time and place, the following walk in front of said property, the same time and place, the following the same time and place, the following the same time and place, the following said property, to wit: a certain city lot in the Atlanta, fronting 86 feet on Spring street, a Luckie and Ames streets, and running feet, said lot known as No. 50 on Lackie according to the street numbers, levied on steperty of Mis. Hirschfield, to satisfy a flavor of the city of Atlanta, against said told, and said property for the cost of curbing a feet, said lot known as No. 50 on Lackie according to the street numbers, levied on steperty of Mis. Hirschfield, to satisfy a flavor of the city of Atlanta, against said told, and said property for the cost of curbing the same time and place, the following detection of the city of Atlanta, against said told

initield, and said property for the cost of curbid paving the sidewalk in front of said propodation at the same time and place, the following dead property to wit: a certain city lot in the city auta. Ironting 101% feet on Gilmerstreet, becollins and lyy streets, and running back at said lot known as No. 20-26 on said street, ling to the street numbers. Levied as the ray of Mrs. Pat Lynch to satisfy a fl. fa. In of the city of Atlanta, against said Lynch, id property for the cost of curbing and paves dewalk in front of said property. It the same time and place, the following hed property to wit: a certain city lot in the Atlanta, fronting 5i feet on Jones street, be Capitol avenue and Frazier street, and runsek 100 feet, said lot known as No. 193 on rect, according to the street numbers, leves the property of the cost of edroling ving the sidewalk in front of said property. At the same time and place, the following bed property, to-wit: A certain city lot in y of Atlanta, ironting 148 3-10 feet on Hardet, becording to the street numbers; on as the property of Atlanta said street, according to the street numbers; on as the property of Atlanta against said and said property for the cost of curbing and the sidewalk in front of said property. Street, according to the street numbers; on as the property of Atlanta against said and said property for the cost of curbing and the sidewalk in front of said property, said and said property for the cost of curbing and the sidewalk in front of said property, said he said property for the cost of curbing and the sidewalk in front of said property, said he said property for the cost of curbing and the sidewalk in front of said property said he said property for the cost of curbing and the sidewalk in front of said property said lot known as No. 39 street, according to the street numbers; on as the property of M. J. Rodgers to satisfy and paving the sidewalk in front of said sidewalk in front of said

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

ATLANTA, GA., TUESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 10 1885. VOL XVII.

WORK IN CONGRESS. AN INDICATION THAT BUSINESS

WILL BERUSHED THROUGH. An Thus the Recessity for an Extra Session Will be Averted-Speer's Nomination Not Yet Reported Eack a Strange Scene in the House-The Postoffice Bill in the Senate, Etc.

Washington, February 9 .- [Special.]-The senate judiciary committee held its regular weekly meeting to-day, but did not consider Mr. Speer's nomination. There will be a special meeting of the committee to-morrow, and this case may be considered. Speer is still here, and appears confident of confirma-

THE INDICATIONS IN THE HOUSE.

The decided vote in the house to-day in favor of taking up the postoffice appropriation bill shows a disposition to finish all the regular appropriation bills at an early day, and thus remove all possible occasion for an extra session. None of the leaders on either side in the house think an extra session at all probable, and characterize the talk one as idle gossip. The appropriations committee will keep one or more bills ready for consideration] constantly until they are all disposed of.

THE RIVER AND HARBOR BILL. The only chance for the river and harbor bill will be to come in after these are disposed of. Chairman Willis and his lieutenants will endeavor to bring up their bill immediately after the postoffice bill is finished, but Randall will probably antagonize it with the legislative appropriation bill. At best, it will be a very tight squeeze for the rivers and har-

THE SERGEANT AND THE MACE. The scene in the house between Mr. White, of Kentucky, and Deputy Sergeant-at-Arms Ike Hill, of Ohio, created more amusement than excitement. Mr. Carlisle has been too forbearing with Mr. White, who has grown continually more defiant of the speaker's authority. Mr. Blackburn is generally applauded for summarily squelching him. Some republicans have been threatening to bring up the matter to-morrow, and demand Ike Hill's dismissal, but such an attempt would be absurd, and Hill would be overwhelmingly sustained. He intended no disrespect, and never having been ordered to force a member into his seat before, naturally neglected to take his mace with him. Hill has written a letter explaining his conduct, which will be laid before the house to-morrow, and will sat-

isty everybody.

BENATOR COLQUITT BACK. Seriator Colquitt has returned from New York. He says he had a long and agreeable talk with Mr. Cleveland. Senator and Mrs. Brown arrived from Atlanta last night.

THE ANTI-SILVER BILL.

The Schate's Right to Place Riders Upon

Appropriation Bills. Washington, February 9.—The chair laid before the senate the concurrent resolution, heretofore submitted by Mr. Miller, of California, to authorize the president to announce to the foreign governments the result of the deliberations of the international conference held in Weshington in October last, for the purpose of fixing the prime meridian and uni-versal day, and to invite the concurrence of The governments in such result. Agreed to.

Mr. Cameron, of Pennsylvania, delivered a
long and carefully prepared speech in advocacy of bounties to American shipbuilders.

Mr. Van Wyck asked and received unanimous consent for the consideration of the bounce.

bill to prevent the unlawful inclosure of the lands, better known as the "fencing public lands, better known as the bill." The amendments of the senate commit tee were concurred in.

At 1 o'clock the bill went over, and the uninished business was laid before the senate, proceeded to address the senate. He said he would endeavor to show why the sections providing for the retirement of the trade dollars should pass, and why the providing for the retirement of the trade dollars should pass, and why the providing for the retirement of the trade dollars should pass, and why the providing for the retirement of the trade dollars should pass. being the anti-silver coinage bill. Mr. Beck lars should pass, and why the provision for stopping the coinage of the standard dollar should be stricken out.

Mr. Morgan presented the credentials of the re-election of Senator Pugh, of Alabama.

They were read and filed

They were read and filed.

The persion appropriation bill was taken up. A long discussion ensued regarding the interpretation of the senate rule forbidding the proposing of general legislation on appro-priation bills. A POINT OF ORDER DECIDED.

A Point of order decided.

A discussion arose on the point of order raised by Mr. Ingalls on an amendment proposed by the senate appropriation committee to this bill. The point of order was that under the rules of the senate the proposed amendment was not in order.

The presiding officer, Platt, held Mr. Ingall's point of order well taken, and therefore, that the senate committee's proposed amendment was not admissable.

Mr. Ingalls, for the purpose of obtaining the epinion of the senate as to the spirit of the rule, appealed from the decision of the chair. The action proposed by the senate, he said, was not the proposing of legislation, but an amendment of legislation already proposed by the house.

After further debate, the decision of the After further debate, the decision of the chair was sustained—yeas 35, nays 23.
Yeas—Messrs, Aldrich, Allison, Bayard, Beek, Blair, Brown, Cameron, of Wisconsin, Chace, Colquitt, Conger, Cullom. Edmunds, Garland, Gorman, George. Hampton, Harris, Harrison, Hawley, Eoar, Lamar, Lapham, McMillan, Manderson, Mitchell, Morrill, Palmer, Pendleton, Pike, Platt, Plumb, Pugh, Ransom, Sabin and Wilson—35.
Ksys—Messrs, Call, Coke, Dawes, Dolphin, Frye, Bale, Ingalis, Jackson, Jonas, Mabone, Maxey, Miller of California, Miller of New York, Morgan, Saulsbury, Sawyer, Sherman, Shater, VanWyck, Vest, Vorthees and Williams—23.

A bill was passed appropriating \$550,000 for the furchase or a site for the extension of the postedice department building in Washington, which extension shall embrace the proper accommodations for the city postoffice.

After an executive session the senate ad-

IN EXECUTIVE SESSION.

The senate to-day confirmed the nomination of Wm. E. Curtis, to be secretary of the South American commercial relations commission. This is the nomination which has been haug-ine. ing in suspense in the senate for a long time

THE HOUSEIN A PICKLE.

Conflicting Legislation Pending - Mr. White's Personal Privileges. WASHINGTON, February 9 .- When the ho m., in continuation of Saturday's ession. Mr. Townsend moved to go into com-mittee of the whole for the consideration of

the post-office appropriation bill.

Mr. Willis opposed the motion, and argued that the house should continue the consideration of the river and harbor appropriation bill. After discussion the motion was lost—Yeas 53, news 196.

yeas 53, nays 126.

The house then at 11 o'clock, went into committee of the whole, (Mr. Hammond in the chair,) on the river and harbor bill, the pending smendment

being that offered by Mr. Hepburn, providing that no part of the money appropriated for the improvement of New Orleans narbor shall be expended in the repair, erection, maintenance or paving of levees, or in grading or renetment of the bank of the Mississian river owend by mivute parties or the mississian river owends. sissippi river owned by private parties or the

sissippi river owned by private parties or the municipality. Lost.

At 12:05 p. m., Mr. Townshend moved that the committee rise. Agreed to.

Mr. White, of Kentucky, rose to a question of privilege, but his first sentence convinced the speaker pro tem. (Mr. Blackburn,) that such question was not presented, and he requested the gentleman to resume his seat, but Mr. White continued with his remarks.

The speaker directed the sergeant-atarms to seat the gentleman, and deputy sergeant

The speaker directed the sergenn-at-arms to seat the gentleman, and deputy sergeant. Hill proceeded to perform his duty, but without carrying his emblem of office. Mr. White declined to recognize his authority, and Mr. Hill rushed forward and proceeded toward Mr. White, who took his seat, but who, in a moment, was again on his feet to a matter of preserved.

personal privilege.

"When I was occupying my place on this floor," he said, "the sergeant-at-arms came to me, a citizen without the semblance of author-

ity, and attempted to seat me."

The speaker, pro tem.—The sergeant atarms went under the direction of the chair, the chair having repeatedly ruled that the gertleman was not in order, had requested him to take his seat, which he persistently refused. (Applause one the democratic side.)
"I desire to debate the question," said Mr.

White.
The Speaker pro tem.—The chair does not desire to hear debate. The chair refuses to hear the gentleman further on the question of personal privilege, on the ground that it is not a question of privilege.

"I desire to ask," said Mr. Kelley, of Pennsulvania (whether a person with no insignic s) vania, "whether a person with no insignia of office may place violent hands on a mem-ber and push him into his seat?"

"Appeal if you wish to," cried several voices rom the democratic side.
The Speaker—The chair hears no appeal. "I think that this is a question of the highest rivilege," broke in Mr. Cutcheon, of

"And the chair differs from the gentleman," replied the speaker.

Mr. White again claimed the floor on a

question of privilege.

While he had been stating, he said, a question of privilege, and addressing the chair, a citizen without any semblance of power came to him and demanded that he should take his seat, when he protested with the palm of his hand, he (the citizen) laid vi-olent hands upon him and demanded in an offensive manner that he should take his seet. If that citizen was carrying out the order of the chair then, like Cronwell, this speaker could put his foot down and say, "Go! begone!" He could do as the speaker of the sendo parliament a few years ago did. I t wish to have, the sergeant-at-arms could rest him and thrust him out of the house. Mr. G. D. Wise, of Virginia, objected to the ntleman's proceeding, as it was evident he

"I have no wish to make a political speech," aid Mr. White.
"You have been making them a dozen mes," returned Mr. Wise.
"The gentleman will address his remarks to be chair," suggested Mr. White.
Mr. Wise—I address them to you, and call got to cold.

Mr. Whee-I hadress them by you to order.

Mr. White-The question I raise is this: that any person who comes without his mace to arrest a member, and lays violent hands upon him, is unworthy to be an officer of the

Mr. Hammond said that this question had en already passed upon by the chair, and at no appeal had been taken. Debate, erefore, was out of order, without regard to

therefore, was out of order, without regard to the merits of the case.

The speaker sustained the point of order.

Mr. White then wished to appeal from the decision of the chair, ruling that he had not presented a question of personal privilege, but the speaker ruled that the appeal came too

THE POSTOFFICE BILL TAKEN UP. THE POSTOFFICE BILL TAKEN UP.
The house then, at 12:50, went into committee of the whole, Mr. Springer, of Illinois, in the chair, on the postoffice appropriation bill.
After a quarter of an hour spent in a futile effort to come to some determination as to length of time to be consumed in eral debate. Mr. Townshend proceeded to lain the provisions of the bill, which he haracterized as the most important postal appropriation bill which had ever been reported ongress. It appropriates, he stated, \$52,-200, being \$3,212,800 less than the amount 203,200, being \$3,212,500 less than the amount carried by law for the current year. The amount of revenues estimated for 1886 was \$51,272,820. If the bill were passed in its present form, it would carry every dollar needed for the public service, but large as was the appropriation the greater importance of the bill was due to the changes made in the postal laws. The mest important of these changes was one in the method of compensating railways for the mail service, which would save the government over \$1,500,000 per annum. At the close Townshend's speech, the committee and Mr. Townshend moved that all general debate be limited to five hours. . Willis wished to have the debate limited to one hour and a half, but Mr. Towns-bend declined to yield to the motion to this

. Randall suggested that five hours was not too long to debate a bill of this magnitude. The river and harbor bill had been debated for

week. Mr. Willis said that this had been done in oppsition to the wishes of his committe, He ranted the river and harbor bill passed, but it appeared to be the desire of the appropriation ommittee to defeat it.

Mr. Townshend's motion was agreed to, and

he committee resumed its session THE BACKWARD STATE OF RUSINESS.

The bill was debated by Mr. Horr, of lichigen; Mr. Alken, of South Caroline; Mr. yan, of Kansas; Mr. Money, of Mississippi,

nd Mr. Hunt, of Louisiana, Mr. Ryan, in the course of his remarks, called the attention of the committee to the backward condition of the appropriation bills. Only one of the thirteen general appropria-tion bills had gone to the president, and there were only nineteen legislative days of the session remaining. The peril of an extra session was imminent, and it behooved the house, if it would avoid

such a session and all its disastrous conse-quences to the country, to proceed rapidly to the disposal of the appropriation bills. Pending further debate the committee rose. The resolution was adopted, reserving the whole of the east gallery of the house for the accommodation of the tamilies of senators and members during the counting of the electoral vote Wednesday next.

The house then, at 5:30, took a recess until

11 o'clock to morrow. THE "BOYS" WILL BE THERE. Tammany and the County Democracy En-

gaging Rooms.

New York, February 9.—At a meeting of the Tammany hall committee on organization fo-night it was decided to send a delegation of to-night it was decided to send a delegation of 535 to the inaugural ceremonies at Washington. Seven thousand five hundred dollars will be subscribed to defray the expenses.

Some of the prominent politicians of the county democracy are in Washington, securing quarters for a large delegation during inauguration week. Accommodations for eleven hundred by the bear exceeded and about 2 400 are dred have been secured, and about 2,000 are expected to attend.

k, went into
Hammond in
and harbor
smendment

Morroomery, Ala., February 9 – [Special]—Mr.
Hendricks telegraps from New Orleans that he
cannot keep his promise to visit Montgomery,
being anddenly called home.

FIVE FATAL SHOTS.

A HUSBAND AVENCES THE INVA-SION OF HIS HOME.

A Georgian Bride Proves Untrue to Her Texan Husband-She Lavishes Her Love on Dudley Henderson, from the Old Red Hills-The i usband's Terrible Revenge, Etc

COLEMAN, Tex., February 9. - A tragic murder occurred Saturday night at the ranch of A, J. Nathan, ten miles north of here. At about derk a stranger rode up, and without dismounting, approached the door and asked the woman to tell Dudley Henderson to come out, as he wanted to see him.

SENT THROUGH THE HEART. After Henderson appeared in the yard the stranger covered him with a revolver and said to several bystanders:

"Now, see me kill him!"

Before any one could interfere, he sent a
bullet through Henderson's heart. After Henderson had fallen, the stranger fired four more
bullets into the body, any of which would have
proved fatal. Bidding Nathan good evening,

the stranger rode away.

A WRONGED HUSBAND.

Henderson was a handsome young fellow, who, it is now learned, had sought this secluded spot to hide away from an infuriated and wronged husband, who is a wealthy stock man, reading some fitty miles from Coleman. man, residing some fifty miles from Coleman. This man's wife and Henderson had been schoolmates in Georgia, and when she mar-ried the Texan, Henderson followed her to

this state about a year ago.

THE CLUE TO THE GUILTY MAN.

By an accident the husband discovered the wife's unfaithfulness. He sent her back to Georgia, and began his search for Henderson, which ended last night. Henderson and the unfaithful wife belong to highly respectable families. The sheriff is in pursuit of the murderer.

A TENNESSEE VENDETTA. An Old Man Shot from Ambush by His

NASHVILLE, Tenn., February 9.—Jim Carter, an old market gardener, was assassinated at Gennett's old blacksmith shop, Saturday evening. A lady saw the three Sawyers brothers, who are neighbors of Carter, lay in ambush in a thicket in front of the old blacksmith show until Carter draw by in his pearemith shop until Carter drove by in his mar-ket wagon, when one of them shot him with a double-burreled gun. The motive for the crime was the enmity which Obe Sawyers, me of the brothers, had for Carter, who shot him last October in a quarrel about the tres-passing of some geese on Carter's place. Two passing of some geese on Carter's place. Two of the brothers engaged in the shooting were arrested and taken to Franklin, but the other succeeded in making good his escape. Carter was found lying in the bottom of his wagon hed with a load of buckshot in his face, his bed with a load of buckshot in his race, body covered with blood, writhing in the agony of death. The wagon bed was thickly bespattered with blood, and a large pool bespattered with blood and a large pool the bottom of the of clotted blood lay on the bottom of the wagon in which the old man's body was lying. A lady saw the three Sawyer brothers lying in ambush behind the beech-wood thicket, just ambush behind the beech-wood thicket, just opposite Gennett's old blacksmith shop, near the pike. After they had waited there a short time Jim Carter drove by in his market wagon. When he got directly opposite as thicket he looked surprised and threw up his right hand, immediately upon which she heard the report of a gun, saw smoke issue from behind the fence in the thicket, and then saw Carter's body fall into the wagon.

The Sawyers brothers lived about two hundred yards from Jim Carter's farm, and the

dred yards from Jim Carter's farm, and the vendetta between the two families has been the talk of the neigborhood for many months past. This talk was increased by the attempt past. This talk was increased by the attempt about three months ago to assassinate old man Carter, when he was driving by the Gennett thicket on his way to market one morning. The attempt was made about 3 a. m., and although the shot whizzed near Carter's head, none of them lodged in his body. Ever since the attempt to assassinate him the old man has invested the thicket very clearly as here. has inspected the thicket very closely as he t that he received the entire load of the gun n the face and right hand. It is believed by the gun pointed at him as he was driving y the thicket, and threw up his right hand his face to protect himself. His hand and ce thus being in line, the peculiar nature of the wounds is accounted for. The excitement n the neighborhood of Brentwood over the urder of the old marketman is said to be in-

TWO "FIXED" JURORS, Whose Votes Prevented a Verdict in the Ford Murder Case.

NEW ORLEANS, February 9 .- The jury in the ord murder case, who have been deliberating nce I p. m. Friday, having announced that ney could not agree, Judge Baker said that he held in his hands a letter which led him to believe that no agreement could be had by sending them back to the jury room. He therefore ordered a mistrial to be entered. ccused recorder, Thomas J. Ford, Patrick ord, Wm. Colfield, W. Buckley and John lurphy were remanded to the custody of the perfif. Ten of the jurors were for conviction and two- Edwards and Scott-held out far ac-

Juror John W. Edwards, colored, who, it ras thought, would favor the persons on trial or the murder of Captain Murphy, was the nly one of the twelve men who, from first to has, favored convicting them. Ed-wards' statement is to the effect that on retiring into the jury room Scott, the seno gambler serving as foreman, asked for a rote according to their respective opinious. Edwards declared himself by ballot for convicon as charged for all, and he was the only one of the twelve men who so proclaimed himself. The other eleven men demurred to such a sweeping verdict, and he argued the point for fully three quarters of an hour without effect. Thus matters stood until yesterday, when Scott drew a paper and Pat Ford guilty of manslaughter, and Tom Ford, Caulkland and Buckley not guilty. This paper was unhesitatingly signed by all except McMahon, Peiser, and Edwards, the two former saying they would agree with Edwards in everything he did.

Socialist Cranks in Pittsburg. PITTSBURG, February 9.—Between fifty and seventy-five members of the international workingmen's association met in Allegheny City to-night, to discuss socialism and anarchism. Joseph Frick and John Staub made long addresses. Frick spoke in German, and denounced the United States senate for passing the dynamite resolution. He said the senators were all millioneires, and that the senators were all millionaires, and that they were playing police for England. As a poor man could not get his rights by law and order, he advocated murder and revolution. Staub spoke in the same strain.

A Bride Dies at the Altar. POTTSVILLE, Pa., February 9 .- At Minersville last evening Mfss Marie McCrystal was married to Wm. Duffy, a merchant of that place. While the wedding festivities were in progress the bride was attacked with paralysis of the heart, and died in

The Knights on a Pilgrimage PHILADELPHIA, February 9.-St. John's cou mandery No. 4, Knights Templar, will leave here to-morrow on a pilgrimage to the world's in-dustrial and cotton exposition at New Orleans and to the Mammoth cave in Kentucky.

THE INTENSE COLD WAVE. The Mercury Sinks Down Out of Sight-The Snowfall.

Chicago, February 9.—Reports from all the western and northwestern points indicate that the heaviest snow storm of the season prevails. At noon in this city business of all kinds was nearly suspended. Snow lies to a great depth on the street. The street cars drawn by horses are moving only with great disjuster was in the are moving only with great difficulty, and in the freight yards of the railway stations the freight handlers and train employes are engaged in an attempt to clear the tracks. Passenger handlers and train employes are engaged in an attempt to clear the tracks. Passenger trains only are attempting to leave. A measurement of the snowfall has not been possible by reason of the excessive drifting, but at least six inches fell between the beginning of the storm last night and six o'clock this morning. At Fort Garry last night the mercury had reached 41 below zero, and at 8t. Vincent 38 below. This excessively cold wave is moving eastward. All the trains are late, and some have been abandoned.

As a thorough blockade on the railroads has not been experienced in Chicago for years, no trains, passenger nor freight, have gone out to day or to night on any of the roads centering here. The roads have been hiring every idle man who could be found during the day to go out on the lines

idle man who could be found during the day to go out on the lines to shovel snow. The Burlington, Alton and St. Paul roads alone sent out 1,000 men. Even under favorable circumstances the managers of the railroads say they cannot expect to get back to schedule time before two

or three days, and if the snow continues to drift it will be a week or more The loss to the roads in damages and the lost of clearing their tracks will be something enormous. Special efforts are being made to bring in the stock trains. Several engines are being used. The St. Paul road brought in a stock train of 45 cars this afternoon. The telegraph wires are working heavily in every direction. At 10:30 to-night, the storm here has ceased, and the stars are shining. The snow, however, is still drifting. shining. The snow, however, is still drifting badly. The mercury indicates four degrees

badly. The mercury indicates four degrees above zero.

THE BLOCKADE GROWS WORSE.

The blockade on nearly all of the eastern roads continues, and is possibly greater to-day than Saturday, on account of the severe snow storn. There were shipping orders here for large quantities of corn, but it was almost impossible to obtain freight room, and but tew orders could be executed. Traffic by teams on the streets was reduced to a minimum. An "owl" train on the Illimois Central road, for Hyde train on the Illinois Central road, for Hyde park got stuck in a huge drift at Forty-third street, and did not reach its destination until six o'clock this morning. The various branch railread tracks running to the stock yards were completely blocked by snow this morn-ing. The suburban trains on the Rock Island road were delayed over three hours this morning, and no freight trains have passed Blue Island either way.

The Inter-Ocean's special dispach from

The Inter-Ocean's special dispach from Paxton, Ill., reports the storm of last night as very severe, with heavy thunder and lightning. The snow covered the fences. The public schools were closed. At Jackson, Mich., the snow is three feet deep on a level. The fall was the greatest in twenty years. At Janesville, Wis., the storm continues, and the freight trains are absoluted. Janesville, Wis., the storm continues, and the freight trains are abandoned. At McGregor, Iows, the air continues full of snow, and a heavy wind is blowing. The railroad traffic is suspended and travel greatly impeded. Winona, Minnesota, reports no snow falling but a heavy wind drifting that already on the ground. Business is everywhere practically suspended. The country roads are impassable.

OTHINGAL LOWS. February 9.—The snow

OTTUMWA, Iows, February 9.—The snow commenced at three o'clock yesterday after-noon and has continued ever since. It has dritted badly, probably ten inches have fallen in eleven hours. Trains neither arrive nor de-

The Cold in the South.

Jackson, Miss., February 9.—There was a sudden change in the weather here to-day. The thermometer dropped thirty-eight degrees—from seventy to thirty-two—in twelve lours. STRUCK A BROKEN PAIL.

A Serious Bailroad Accident in Which Three Persons were Killed

CRESTON, Iowa, February 9—A serious accident occurred about ten miles west of this place yesterday afternoen. As train No. 3, west bound on the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad, approached the bridge across a small stream, it struck a broken rail and dited along on the ties until it ran upon the bridge, which went down, carrying with it two coaches and the sleeper, containing from twenty to twenty-five passengers. The baggage car was the first to leave the track. It was at first reported that the engine and tender had kept the track in safety, but subsequent reports show that this was untrue, and that both went down in the governly were the engine and tender that the same than the same three governly were the engine as the same times the engine and the same times the engine and the same times the engine as the same times times the same times the same times times the same times times the same times times times the same times and that both went down in the general wreck, the engineer being killed at a sis post. Three other persons were killed and ight injured. The accident was caused by the cold weather. The injured were removed to the Summit house, at this place, and all that is possible for their comfort is being done but the religious and citizens.

by the railroad officials and citizens. THE ACCIDENT MORE SERIOUS.

BURLINGTON, Iowa, February 9.—Further reports of the railroad accident at Preston show that it was more disastrous than appear-ed from the first statements. Three of the wounded have already died, and one or two wounded have already aled, and one or two others are not likely to recover. The following is a list of those killed: Robert Brown, civil engineer of Mount Pleasant, Iowa; his son C. A. Brown; Mrs. W. C. Carroll, of Saguache, Caifornia; Mrs. Wm. Buttery, Mrs. W. Farrell, of Prescott, Iowa; J. W. Waterman, Corning, Iowa. Six persons are seriously hurf. are seriously hurt.

DYNAMITE PLANS. O'Donovan Rossa to Enthuse the Cause in

Chicago.

Chicag cation, if not a change, of programme. Chicago has always been in the van of the Irish revolutionary movements in this country, and to give to this city and to the northwest a boom in the dynamite direction, it has been determined to have O'Donovan Rossa here on March 11th, next, the anniversary of Robert termet, when he will appear at a public demonstration. It is to be the inauguration of a new crusade against England, in which, it is said, other agencies as well as dynamite will be employed.

SHORT AT LIBERTY. The Fenian Assasslu Gives a Three Thous-

and Dollar Bond.

New York, February 9.—Richard Short, who stabbed Captain Philan in O'Donovan Rossa's office, about four weeks ago, was released on \$3,000 bail to-day, after efforts had been made to have the amount reduced to \$2,000. Dennis Corbett, a West Thirty-ninth street liquor dealer, became the bondsman. John Roche, George Smith, Rocky Mountain O'Brien and a dozen other members of the Fenian brotherhood accompanied Short across the street from the tombs to Counsellor Olivar's editor, where an informal reception Oliver's office, where an informal reception took place. Short received a letter from Cork to day, informing him of the death of his wife, on the 19th uit.

Shuttle Factory Burned. HIGH POINT, N. C., February 9.-W. H. Snow's uttle factory here was burned to-day. Loss THE SOUDAN WAR.

ITALY'S OFFER OF ARMED HELP TO ENGLAND.

Men Under Orders to Join Wolseley-Impossi-ble to Reach Khar; oum Before Next September-The Action of the Turks

LONDON, February 9 .- Orders have been issued in Turkey to put the Turkish fleet in readiness for duty at sea within a month. The impression prevails that the fleet will go to the Red sea, and that the order has been made because of the recent acts of the Italian ships in the Red sea. The Turkish fleet has been lying practically idle in the golden horn ever since the Turco-Russian war. It is asserted that the machinery of most of the ships has not been set in motion nor cleaned for at east five years.

ENGLISH TROOPS FOR EGYPT.

Three battalions of the guards and four battalions of infantry, including two from Malta and two from Gibraltar, have been ordered to Egypt. Two battalions of infantry and a regiment of cavalry have been ordered and a regiment of cavalry have been ordered to proceed frem India to Egypt. Nine battalions of troops are ordered from England, Malta, Gibraltar and India, and are sent at the request of General Wolseley. The guards will leave England at the end of the present week. It was at first proposed to despatch regiment of cavalry from England to Lord Wolseley's assistance, but the idea had to be abandoned, because it was found that but four equadrons were available for the foreign service.

reign service.
The total number of reinforcements already ordered to Egypt is 8,000. The war department has completed its preparations for the transport of the commissariat and ordinance The vessels are already loading with stores at Woolwich.

THE KHEDIVE'S OPINIONS In an interview to-day the khedive said he believed that General Gordon was still alive, as the mahdi was too wise a man to kill him. The mahdi had no interest in wishing the death of General Gordon, but on the contrary would do all in his power to prevent such en occurrence. Instant action on the part of England, he said, occurrence. Instant action on the part of England, he said, is necessary to prevent further progress of the mahdi's cause and to avert new

by England, under the present circumstances, would be a grave mistake. The tribes hitherto friendly to Great Britain would not join the mahdi, and if England does not take immediate steps to crush him, his influence may seriously influence the stability of the British france in India. empire in India.

The Grendier Guards have been ordered to hold themselves in readiness for the foreign service. Lord Granville had a long interview with Mr. Gladstone at noon to-day.

THE MAHDI MUST BE DEFEATED.
The Pall Mail Gazette, this afternoon, states that the cabinet have decided that the defeat that the cabinet have decided that the defeat of the mahdi is necessary to vindicate England. No immediate advance upon Khartoum is considered possible, or will be attempted, the Gazette says, unless it is found that there is good reason to believe that Gordon is still holding out with a handful of followers in the mission house in Khartoum, where it was reholding out with a handful of followers in the mission house in Khartoum, where it was reported he had taken refuge when the city fell into the mahdi's hands. In the absence of this, Wolseley it is said, will probably continue to advance by the river until he reaches Berber, where he will spend the hot weather of the summer with his army, and wait for the September rise of the Nile before advancing. Two menths must, according to this plan, elapse before there can be any advance in force from Suakim.

THE CONSERVATIVE LINE OF ACTION.

The marquis of Salisbury, will return to London from his chateau in France on Thursday. He has called a meeting of leading tories to consider what line of action to adopt in

ries to consider what line of action to adopt in the coming session of parliament. The tories will support the largest measures of the government to retrieve England's position in the Soudan, but will move for the appoint-ment of a committee of inquiry into the responsibility for the despatch of the Nile expedition. Wolseley's friends state that he undertook the Nile route against his own opinion, which was in favor of the Suskim and Berber route, and that the gov-

Suskim and Berber route, and that the government, for the purpose of economy, had broken its promise to supply the number of troops for which he asked.

A VICTORY OVER THE ARABS.

Lord Wolseley telegraphs to the war office, to-day, from Korti as follows:

The advance guard of General Earle's column, consisting of a squadron of cavalry, under command of Colonel Buller, surprised a large body of the Monassir tribe, under Wad Gam, the murderer of Colonel Stewart, encamped at Shakoob Well. The cavalry charged the encampment, and the enemy fied in every direction, leaving behind thirty men killed, a large number of camels and cattle, and many Remington rides. Colonel Buller also captured six prisoners.

Considerable activity prevails at Chatham, Woolwich and Aldershot, and preparations for sending reinforcements to Egypt are being

sending reinforcements to Egypt are being rapidly pushed. The Twentieth Hussars, the third battalion of the Rifle brigade, now at Aldershot, a battalion of the Scots Fusileers, a battallion of the Coldstream Guards and a squadson of the Fifth Lancers have been ordered to proceed at once to Suakim. It is stated that all the forces comprised

within the nine battaliens to be sent to Lord Woiseley will, after reaching Suakim, operate between Suakim and Berber, with the object of securing possession of the route between those points, and of then effecting a complete

those points, and of then effecting a complete junction with the British forces on the Nile, both above and below Berber.

It is reported that the government has decided to call out the reserves, and also a portion of the milita for garrison duty in place of the troops now being forwarded to Egypt. General Roberts, it is believed, has been requested to assume command of the Indian contingent ordered to Lord Wolseley. THE POSITION OF THE SULTAN. The Pall Mall Gazette, in an editorial on the

The Pall Mall Gazette, in an editorial on the situation in London, says:

England may not need military aid in the Soudan, but she needs camels, which the Turks only can supply. The sultan is anxious to co-operate with England on the basis of the recognition of his sovereignty over Exppt. If the government reject his offer they may have to face the combined hostility of El Mahdi and the caliph of Islam.

The Globe referring to the recently published letter containing the report of a conversation between a clergyman and a former prefect of police under Arabi, during which the latter said Wilfred Elunt was the only living man able to exact for England a peaceful solution of the Soudon question, says:

The national party in Exppt, combined with the French party at Cairo, have organized centers in at least three-capitals of Europe, and are intriguing to use the revolt of El Mahdi as a means of overthrowing the alien Khedivai government. The intriguent consist of the adherents of Arabi. Several of them reside in London, and held influential positions, and would willingly have assisted Blunt's scheme to negotiate with El Mahdi. Mr. Gladstone, however, knew the means Blunt facended to employ to reach El Mahdi, and therefore rejected the scheme. Many of Blunt's friends are still of the opinion that even the capture and cueffixion of El Mahdi would only accentuate his claim among the Moslems to be regarded as the prophet of Islam."

CORRESPONDENTS ORDERED BACK.

The force of Colonel Sir Redvers Butler will reach Gubat to-morrow. Before leaving Gakdul, Colonel Butler was instructed by Wolseley not to attack the Arabs at Metamneh. Later orders, however, sent to-day, leave Colonel Butler at liberty to act as he thinks fit. The force at Gubat 'now consists of 2,600 men, of whom it is tstimated 2,300 are effective, and several guns.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

All the newspaper correspondents have left Gubat and are returning to Korti. General Lord Wolseley declines to permit non-combatants to remain at the front. It is believed the correspondents will also be stopped from communicating to their papers. The troops at Gubat were in good health at the last report, very few being sick.

ITALY'S INTERVENTION.

La Liberta states that King Humbert presided at the cabinet council which decided that should England ask Italy's assistance in Egypt, it would be given with feelings of loyal friendship, without any question of territorial or other compensation. This decision, it is further stated, was at once wired to Chevalier Nigra, Italian minister at London, for communication to the English government. Italy has voluntarily explained to the porte that her sole reason for occupying Massowah was due to a desire for the better protection of her subjects in the vicinity of that town. Italy, it was stated, had no intention of disputing Turkey's sovereignty over Massowah, and the Egyptians would be treated in a friendly manner by the Italian marines.

HELD FOR HIGH TREASON.

The Two Dynamiters in London Again

Called Into Court.

London, February 9.—Further examination of Conningham and Burton, charged, under the explosives act, with conspiracy in causing the malicious explosion at the tower of London on January 24, last, was begun to-day at the Bow street court. The courtroom was crowded with spectators, but no unusual demonstration was made.

Mr. Quilliam, counsel of Cunningham, was permitted to have an interview with his client before the latter was brought into court. Harry Burton declined the services of counsel and said he would defend himself.

Mr. Poland, solicitor for the treasury, opened the case for the crown, and created a sensation by immediately announcing that he would withdraw the charge of conspiracy and substitute that of high treason felony against both prisoners jointly. Under the new indictment the solicitor for the treasury proceeded to state in detail the testimony which the crown would produce to sustain the charge of high treason felony against the prisoners. In doing this Mr. Poland, of necessity, repeated the history narrated at the former examination of Cunningham on Monday last, and that of Burton on Thursday.

Miss Cannon, a lodging house keeper with

day last, and that of Burton on Thursday.

A WITNESS REPUSES TO SWEAR.

Miss Cannon, a lodging house keeper with whom Cunningham had lodged, was demoralized by the cross examination, and refused to swear to the identity of Cunningham's boxes and the trunk found in Burton's possession. This was a great disappointment to the prosecution, because they had held her to be a valuable witness. Before asking for a ramand for the prisoners, Mr. Poland reiterated the statement that the charge against the prisoners was high treason felony, a capital crime, forfiring the tower of London by an explosion of dynamite. It was, he said, a curious fact that a dock laborer, Cunningham, and a carpenter, Burton, had been able to afford frequent trips between America and England, their visits to England coinciding with the times of ter, Burton, had been able to afford frequent frips between America and England, their visits to England coinciding with the times of the explosions at the Carlton club and elsewhere. The complicity of the prisoners was becoming daily more clear. Doctor Dupree, government chemist, had declared that the detonater found by the detectives among Cunningham's effects could not be bought at retail, and would not cause an explosion without dynamite. The prisoners were remanded until next atomics, when testimony will be brought against them to convict them of complicity in causing the Gower street explosion.

The Anarchists in Paris.

Paris, February 9.—Although no meeting of the unemployed workingmen was held to-day bodies of roughs paraded the boulevards day bodies of roughs paraded the boulevards singing the Carmagnole, and shouting "Vive L'Anarchie." The pelice frequently drew their swords and dispersed groups. The cavalry also assisted in scattering the mob. Lio damage was done beyond the breaking of a few chairs and tables in front of the cafes. Evidently there is a bad spirit abroad, and it is feared that if troubles are frequently repeated, the troops will lose temper and use their firearms. This the anarchists are anxious to bring about.

CHECKING THE OFFICERS. Secretary Chandler Prohibiting Naval Offcers from the Right of Petition, WASHINGTON, February 9.—The secretary of the navy has issued the following general or-

the navy has issued the following general order:

All petitions, remonstrances, memorials and communications from any officer of the navy or marine corps, whether on the retired oractive list, addressed to congress or either house, or to any committee of congress or either house, or to any committee of congress, or to any member of congress, on any subject of legislation pending, proposed or suggested, will be forwarded through the navy department, and not otherwise, except by authority of the department, and no officer will appear before any committee of congress, except by such anthority. Strict compliance with appear before any committee of congress, except by such anthority. Strict compliance with appear before any committee of congress, except by such anthority. Strict compliance with appear before any committee of congress, except by such anthority. Strict compliance with appear before any committee of congress, except by such anthority. Strict compliance with appear before any committee in the passage of the resolution thanking Commodore Schley and Lieutenant Emory, of the Greely expedition. The secretary has addressed a circular letter to the officers who signed the petition, calling their attention to the fact that they have violated the naval regulations, which forbids the officers of the navy from attempting to influence legislation. The only action taken by Secretary Chandler in regard to the proposed vote of thanks was to address a letter to Senator Hale, of the senate naval committee, in which he says that while he prefers no names should be menate naval committee, in which he says that while he prefers no names should be men-tioned in the resolution, if it was decided otherwise, it would, in his opinion, be unjust

o Commander Coffin, of the Alert, to omit his

TOPICS OF LEGISLATION.

The River and Harbor Bill to be Called Up Again-Other Matters Pending. Again-Other Matters Pending.

Washington, February 9.—Representative
Willis, chairman of the committe on rivers
and harbors, says that an effort will be made
to secure the further consideration of the river
and harbor bill immediately after the passage
of the postoffice appropriation bill.

Messrs. Horr, Ellis and Hancock, of the
house appropriations committee, have com-

Messrs. Horr, Ellis and Hancock, of the house appropriations committee, have completed the fortification appropriation bill, but have not yet reported it to the full committee. It provides for an appropriation of \$4,935,000.

A call has been issued by the secretary of the national democratic committee for a meeting to be held at the Arlington hotel, in this city, Monday, March 2. The purpose of the meeting is not stated.

Senator Butler-to-day introduced a bill to appropriate \$500,000 to continue the improvements of Charleston harbor, South Carolina. He also introduced a bill to appropriate \$100,000, to be expended by the secretary of war, in the purchase of a steam dredge to be used in the improvement of the harbors on the coast of South Carolina, Georgia and Florida.

Southern Freight Bates. CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., February 9. The Southern railway and steamship association will meet here Wednesday. The object of the

meeting is to endeavor to adjust the southern freight rates, which have been demoralized for several months. Three meetings of the associa-tion have been held without any satisfactory re-Four Thousand Men Get Work. PITTSBUEG, February 9.—The Edgar The steel works, at Braddocks, will resume open in all departments to-morrow, giving employ to nearly 4,000 men who have been idle for weeks.

PRISONERS GO FREE

A DARING JAIL BREAKING IN BROOKS COUNTY.

Virgilvey, the Jefferson County Murderess , Captured and Lodged in Jail-Splinters from a Storm-A Man Cut in Five Places-The News in General All Around the State.

QUITMAN, Ga., February 9 .- [Special.] - Our town was very much excited Thursday evening, about

two o'clock, by the report of a jail delivery. The yelling of one of the inmates of the jail, Henry Sherman, an old negro charged with the heinous crime of rape upon a five year old negro girl, attracted the attention of the persons in the vicinity of the jail. On going there it was ascertained that all the prisoners except old Sherman had escaped.

Cur county authorities have just completed a \$10,000 jail. It is a pressed brick structuref with iron cells of the most approved pattern and ma-

There is considerable space between the cell and the walls of the fail, and during the day Mr. V. A. McNeil, our worthy and humane sheriff, a!lows the "lail birds" the privilege of this space putting them in the cells at night. There were four negroes in jail. One Houston Sirmon under sentence for four years for burglary, pending as motion for new trial. Henry Sherman, charged with rape. Warren Gray, charged with shooting at another, and one one armed negro from Thomas county, charged with burglary of a car.

It seems that this last mentioned negro unserew ed a section of the waste water pipe, and with it forced a hole in the brick wall just below the window. While this was going on old Sherman gave the alarm by a continuous yell, which attracted a crowd a few-minutes after the escapes were made. Old Sherman had ample opportunity to get out this hole through which all the others had gone out, but he persistently re-fused, and did all he could to prevent the others from leaving. Under the circumstances, this course is almost unexplainable.

SHERMAN'S CRIME.
Only a few week's since he outraged a five-year old girl, and fied the country, was captured and came very near being "lynched" by the outraged negroes. Of the three who escaped, only one Houston Sirmans, was caught. They all took to the swamp in a south westerly direction. Bailiff George M. Carter traced them and pursued Houston so closely that he gave up and returned to jail. The others made good their escape, notwithstanding a hot and persisten

No one censures Mr. McNeil, who by the way i one of the best sheriffs in the state.

Jail Eccape in Douglas.

DOUGLASVILLE, Ga., February 9.—[Special.]—Last night, when Sheriff Ward went to the jail to feed the prisoners, James Evans, who was charged with larceny, made a break for liberty, and succeeded

in giving leg bail. A New City Editor.

Rome, Ga., February 9.-[Special.]-Mr. Charles B. Langworthy has been appointed city editor of the Daily Courier, and is making the local page of that paper spicy and interesting.

Gone to Florida. Budrick and family, and B. C. Baum and wife, the young couple whose recent romantic elicited such notoriety, left for Lakeland, Fla., few days ago.

To Run on Full Time,

ATHENS, Ga., February 3.—[Special.]—The proprietors of the Georgia factory say they will run on full time all summer, that their operatives have been faithful employes and they do not intend they shall be without work.

Dr. Nunnally's Farewell. Rome, Ga., February 9 - [Special.] - Rev. Dr. G. people of Rome at the Baptist church this morn ing. It was an eloquent effort, full of expression of kindly feeling for Rome and her people, and of sincere regret at his departure. A large congrega-

tion was present. A Mijitary Sermon.

Milledgeville, February 9.—[Special.]—Rev. Donald McQueen, chaplain of the Milledgeville Light Infantry and pastor of the Presbyterian church, preached a sermon to his company yesterday morning, about forty of the college cadets alto being present. A Big Cotton Crop.

ATHENS, Ga., February 9 .- [Special.]-Color James M. Smith, of the Oglethorpe convict farm, made more than 1,000 bales of cotton this year, action and all kinds of farm supplies in proportion. Colonel Smith is one of the most practical farmers in the country.

Curiosities Below Savannah. SAVANNAH, Ga., February 9 .- [Special.] - The

boring of the artesian well continues, and numer ous curiosities are being brought up. The latest are sharks teeth and pieces of flint, brought up from a cepth of 167 feet, and a specimen of hard slick, black clay enerusted with crystal pebles which shine in the light like diamonds.

Lula Hurst in Monroe. Monroe, Ga., February 9.—[Special.]—The largest audience ever seen in Monroe greeted Lula Hurst

Saturday night. Her performance was entirely actory and will be all the talk here for many days. The way she slung the heavy weights around is a mystery that cannot be explained. Mr. Atkinson's recitation of "How Ruby Played" brought down the house and was much enjoyed. An Incendiary Fire in Terrell.

DAWSON, Ga., February 9 .- [Special.] - The ginhouse and contents, together with the cotton press, belonging to Mrs. F. M. Harper and located in the eastern suburbs of Dawson, were burned Sunday morning about four o'clock. The loss is partly covered by a policy of insurance in fire is supposed to have been of incendiary origin. and it was impossible to extinguish it after its dis

WHO IS HE?

A Social Sensation Which Athens is Ea-

joying. ATHENS, Ga., February 9 .- [Special .- "There's many a slip between the cup and the lip" is strikingly illustrated in the following: An educated and exemplary young gentleman of this city was and beautiful belie residing in one of the counties in middle Georgia very soon. The "wedding garments were donned," the cards out, but he has received a note that she has concluded to cancel the engagement, for the good reason that she has ceased to love him. The young gentleman has the sympathy of his many friends in the classic city, especially among those who have had better experience in the old saying, "The course of true love never runs smooth."

Social Matters in Dawson. Dawson, Ga, Februsry 9.—[Special.]—The domino party at the college chapel Friday night was a pleasant success and the pupils were in the bes of spirits and on their good behavior.

Colonel Albert S. J. Henderson arrived in the city this afternoon with his beautiful bride, nee Miss Annie Mayo, of Albany, Ga. Dawson will be their future home, and our city rejoices to have

Visitors in Quitman. QUITMAN, Ga., February 9 .- [Special.] - Miss Lillie Peck, of Atlanta, is visiting Mrs. John S.

Harris, her old schoolmate at college.
Miss Mocring, of Nashville, Tenn., is visiting
Mrs. John Finleyson, near this place.

The Sale of Oak Hurst. GRANGE, Ga., February 9.-[special.]-Mr. W. A. Wimbish has just sold his delightful residence in this city, known as 'Oak Hurst," to Major A D. Abrams, president of the LaGrange Banking and Trust company, and will give immediate possersion. Mr. Wimbi-h will move to Atlanta at once and take possersion of "Ormwood." in the auburbs of the city, and one of the finest and best Improved Jersey farms in the south. Colonel Albert H. Cox is a partner in the purchase of this purperty, which trade was closed with Colonel Orme on Saturday.

SMALLPOX IN THOMSON

Mayor Durham Stricken Down With the Disease. AUGUSTA, GR., February 9.-[Special.]-The

smallpox news from Thomson is more serious. Augusta is growing excited on the subject of quarantine. Dr. Eugene Foster is taking precaution to protect Augusta.

Several new cases occurred to-day, and the de velopement of the symptoms on Mayor Durham, of Thomson, creates uneasiness here, and gloom in Thomson.

Death of Mrs. Partridge. McDonough, February 9 .- [Special.]-Mrs. Partridge, who has been an invalid for a number of years, died at her residence in this place yesterday at three o'clock p. m. Her complaint was con umption.

Death Under Suspicious Circumstances. QUITMAN, Ga., February 28 .- [Special.]-An old egro woman died two days ago under suspicions circumstances. She has been an invalid for ten ears, and on her death-bed she charged her husband with poisoning her. An inquest and a post nortem by Dr. S. M. Matthews develops that she died from natural causes.

Death of E. J. Houser

FORT VALLEY, Ga., February 9 .- [Special.] - Mr. F. J. Houser, a prominent young citizen of this place, died on the evening of the 6th instant, and as buried here to-day. His health had been bad for the past two years, and for four months he has been confined to his bed with rheumatism. The immediate cause of his death was congestion of the

Before his health failed, he was one of our most promising business men, and had many friends in this community. He leaves a wife, one child and a large num ber of relatives to mourn his loss.

A FEMALE DESPERADO. Miss Vira Ivey Arrested and Lodged in Jail-

The Crime,
Girson, Ga., February 9.—[Special.]—On Saturday last, Miss Vira Ivey, the Jefferson county woman desperado, was arrested by George Kelley,

heriff of Jefferson county, and lodged in jail. The details are as follows: On the night of the 2th Lecember '84, Jack McCauley appeared at her room window to run away with her, and was taking her goods as she handed them out to him, when, upon, looking up again, he received a charge of buckshot in the head. She was at the inquest, and swore that she did the killing, but gave the officers the dodge and left or concealed herself. Her unele, Tom Ivey, an exonvict, has been making arrangements for the past two weeks to deliver her to the authorities in eret and have her commitment trial, with the riew of employing good counsel and clearing her, out, fortunately, enough knew it to post the heriff on the read, who gathered her in before she reached the courthouse, and conveyed her behind the bars. Her Uncle Tom was also arrested by the sheriff of McDuffle county, who had several war-rants against him for forgery, perjury and carrying

Shooting in Madison, Madison, February 9.-[Special.]-Captain P. V. Walton was shot by Mr. A. C. Zachry Saturday afternoon about half past four o'clock in J. R. High's store. The wound is in the thigh and not sidered dangerous. The affair will be legally

Cut in Five Places. GIBSON, Ga., February 9 .- [Special .- Noah Oliphant and Dave Parmer, brother-in-laws, of Jeffer a county, became involved in a quarrel one day last week which resulted in Parmer being cut in ive places, one being so near the heart that each stroke of the heart could be seen plainly, after being cut be walked one mile home with the blood pouring from his wounds. It is thought he will

THE RAILS SPREAD.

And a Fatal Accident Resulted on the Au-

gusta and Knoxville. AUGUSTA, Ga., February 9.-[Special.]-A fearful and fatal accident occurred to-day, ten miles from Augusta, in which a whole freight train was wrecked. The track of the Augusta and Knoxville road at Morris Station spread, being loosened by the heavy rains, and threw the train from the track and entirely demolished the whole train except the engine. The freight boxes are beyond repair and only fit for fire wood. Only two persons were injured, but they seriously. The conductor, J. G. Davis, was terribly mangled and died when brought into Augusta this afternoon. A train hand, also white, named Judson Walling, was seriously cut on the leg and arm. The other occupants jumped from the train and escaped un injured. The track was repaired to-day.

The Buena Vista Road.

ELLAVILLE, Ga., February 9 .- [Special.] - The track of the Buena Vista railroad was finished to Buena Vista yesterday. The passenger will commence running from that point soon.

Marriage in Savannah. SAVANNAH, Ga., February 9 .- [Special.] - Thomas Nugent and Nellie C. Ree were married at the cathedral this morning in the presence of a large crowd. The attendants were Terrence Nugent, brother of the groom, and Miss Mary Whitly

cousin of the bride. The couple left for New Or Marriage in Ellaville. ELLAVILLE, Ga., February 9 .- [Special.] - Mar :led at the residence of the bride's mother, on the 4th instant, Rev. R. F. Williamson officiating, Mr. Harry Lindsay and Miss Nettie Wiggins. Attend-Mr. Dock Lindsay and Miss Lissa Stephens, Mr. Morgan McMichael and Miss Zula Wiggins. May peace, plenty and prosperity be their lot.

Vista, passed through on the 4th en route to Wesleyan. She will graduate in June. A Fearful Wind Storm

The beautiful Miss May Thornton, of Buens

ATHENS, Ga., February 9 .- [Special.]-A fearful wind and rain storm passed over Athens this afterboon at five o'clock. No serious damage was done. but it is thought that a cyclone passed not far off, as there were all the signs of one.

Conyers Shaken Up.

Conyers, Ga., February 9.-[Special.]-A severe storm passed here to-day at three o'clock, blowing he roof off of Hammock & Parker's warehou plowing down large trees, fences and small outhouses. The people were very badly frightened. Some sought shelter in wells and cyclone pits. Those who were on the streets clung to the trees to keep from blowing away. The wind blew furiously and rain fell in great torrents. No great damage.

Prohibition in Bremen.

BREMEN, Ga, February 9.—[Special.]—In the election as to the sale of liquor here the prohibitionists were successful, W. J. Reeves, who has old whisky for years, was one of the most active advocates for, and voted for prohibition

The Prohibition Campaign in Athens. ATHENS, Ga.. February 9 .- [Special.]-The prohibition campaign is now waxing red hot. Mr. Demere, of Kentucky, vill address the whites at the opera house to-night, and the colored people to-morrow. Last Sunday several ministers and others delivered prohibition sermons in their pul

The Contest in Brooks,

QUITMAN, Ga., February 9. - [Special.] -The case of J. D. Wade, Jr., versus A. P. Perham, contested election for ordinary of this county, is attracting

some notoriety.

Judge Perham, the contestee and present incumbent, received a majority of 324 and will certainly carry the day. He is the most popular man in our county, and

has only to express his willingness to serve in order to secure any position of profit or trust.

Ferdinand Phinizy's Country Home. ATHENS, Ga., February 9 .- [Special.]-Ferdinan Phinizy has moved from his elegant mansion in Cobbham to his beautiful country home four miles from the city.

PROGRESSIVE FARMERS.

AN ALMOST ARCADIAN PICTORE OF RURAL LIFE.

The Blessings and Contentment Brought by T.king Advantage of the Bounties of Nature-The Hol-ton Farmers Club and its Work-Far-Who Live Like Kings.

MACON, February 9 .- [Special Correspondencs.] The annual election of officers of the Holton Farmers' club occurred at the regular monthly meeting, at the club grounds, in Holton, on Satur-The occasion promised to be one of much inter-

est, as numerous discussions were announced, together with the arrangement of club matters to govern the members in the year's contests. The early train on the East Tennessee, Virginia

and Georgia railroad rolled away with a party from Macon, consisting of Hon. R. A. Nisbet, Colonel Abner T. Holt, Mr. John E Baily, Colonel R. E. Park, Mr. M. P. Holman, of Jones county, and a Constitution representative. The party was a jolly one, and kept up a lively conversation all the way to Holton.

A'ong the line of railroad channing scenes of progressive farms were presented. Tucked safely by the side of Colonel R. E. Park

the scene was surveyed.
"There," he said, "is the Winship & Wiley place, owned by Messrs. E. Winship and C. M. Wiley, of Maccn. It comprises 900 acres, and is worth every cent of \$60 an acre." The plat was magnificently lecated and almost level.

A beautiful meadow of bermuda was next pass

ed. "That," he said, "is owned by Messrs. W. H. ed. "That," he said, "is owned by Messrs. W. H. Virgin and I. B. English, who have fifty acres each on the Virgin plat. Mr. J. S. Wimbish made last year net \$1,100 by the sale of hay."

Mr. Virgin has his place fenced with wire. He is devoted to raising Jersey cattle. He has a herd now, and has resigned a lucrative position in the Central Georgia bank to devote his whole time to stock raising. He has two hundred acres, one-half of which is in bermuda.

Further on was passed the fine farms of Judge Lunday, Colonel Stubbs, Dr. R. McWilliams and others.

When Holton was reached the party was met by When Holton was reached the party was met by a delegation consisting of Messrs. J. P. Bailey, John T. Dezier and John W. Howard. They were exerted to the residence of Captain R. E. Park, where a real country welcome was given. After the party had rested, an invitation was extended to partake of a glorious dinner, after which with other membere of the club, the party proceeded to Holton, the distance of half a mile.

THE VILLAGE OF HOLTON, Holton is the first station on the East Tennessee Virginia and Georgia railroad north of Maconabout eight miles. Two years ago it was a field village. It has a well arranged passenger and freight depot, and Mr. John W. T. Howard is agent and express agent. There is a well stocked dry goods and grocery store kept by Messrs. Dozier & Davis. Mr. George D. Davis is postmaster. The place has two daily mails. There are probably more papers taken here than at any office of its size in the state, eight dailies and seventy-five weeklies being susceribed for and delivered here. The Hoston public school is one of its institutions. The bailding is neatly palated and gives ample eccommocation. The village has been recently beautified by having one hundred and thirty elms planted in the principal streets. Messrs. J. W. Heard, Frank Viozant, Wm. B. Davis, J. T. Dozier, S. P. Bailey, J. D. Howard, L. Fraswell, J. H. Gordon, W. Woodlid and W. J. McAlce are now livin within the corporate limits of the village. Mrs. E. C. Brooker, a sister of the late Colonei Wro. L. Mitchell, of Athens, has receted a neat eight-room hotel, which, during the summer months, is filled with Macon visiting here in the summer to avoid the heat and dust of the city. freight depot, and Mr. John W. T. Howard is agent

cunity near some of the fine farms, on which some handsome residences will be erected.

At Holion is citrated the grounds of the club. They are on a plateau overlooking the Ocaulgeo river, opposite Gordon's terry, comprising four acres, on which are erected two commodious buildings, one of which is two stories high and forty by twenty-four feet in dimensions. On the ground is a circular platform and payillon for social purposes and for public speaking. Stalls are provided for horses and cittle. The grounds are surrounded by wire fences.

The buildings are all kept neatly painted and whitewashed. The main one bears the incription "Farmers, HolionClub; organized 1835, reorganized 1835, reorganized 1835, reorganized 1835.

The FARMER'S CLUB

This club is exactly fifty years old, this being the semi-centennial of its fistory. It is the oldest organized acricultural club in existence in Georgia and perhaps in the southern states.

Anong its founders and early members were General William S. Holt, late president of the Southwestein reilroad, Major Robert Bowman, Hon. A. M. Lockett, Judge William Lunday, Dr. James Myrick, Major T. M. Furlow, and Dr. Simon Holt. It has now seventy-five members with fitty active ones whose members by taxes on \$1,800,000 in Bibb county alone, not including Jones and Monroe counties. The lands now owned by prominent members of the club in 1865 were easily THE FARMERS' CLUB. inent members of the club in 1855 were easily bought in 1865 at from two to five dollars, and are now valued at eight to twenty, and are in great demand at that. It is the object of the club to subdivide the farms, to increase the population, and bring about the subsequent social advantage. The organization is composed of the leading farmers of the state. Its advantages are many. It promotes the interchange of experiences, thoughts and opinions concerning improved agricultural implements, the better kind of seeds, and the proper methods of planting, gathering and reporting results of iertilizers, the discussion of agricultural topies by members, and short addresses by members and invited speakers and writers on agricultural topies. During the first week in August the custom has been to have a club fair, at which the farmers of Bibb, Monroe and Jones, and other counties adjacent to Bibb, were present.

The club grounds are situated in the corner of Bibb, adjacent to the counties of Jones and Monroe, convenient to the farmers of these counties. On the occasion of the fair are annual exhibits of stock, cattle, sheep, swine and all agricultural, horticultural and garden products, as well as ladies' haddiwork and home industry. An agricultural address is delivered by prominent gentlemen of the state. A big barbeeue is given, and all the people are invited to partake.

Among the speakers who have delivered addresses have been:

Hop. Thomas Hardeman, Hon, J. H. Blount, Rev. S. S. Sweet, Hon, R. G. Redding, Hon, T. C. Howard, Colonel P. W. Alexander, Hon, A. O. Bacon and others.

Prominent of graduates of unicent members of the club in 1865 were easily ought in 1865 at from two to five dollars, and ar

PROMINENT GRADUATES. In the club are a number of graduates of uni

versities and colleges, who have chosen farmin as a vocation instead of following the so calle learned professions of law, medicine and teaching Among them are Doctor Lee Holt, Judge William Lunday, Judge T. G. Holt, of the University of Georgia, Colonel J. W. Myrick, Abner T. Holt. R

Georgia, Coloned J. W. Myrick, Abner T. Holt, R. E. Park, Wm. G. Rass of Emory college, Judge R. F. Ousley of Randolph Macon Virginia, Messrs. C. W. Howard, A. H. McKay and J. W. Howard of Mercer university, Messrs, J. T. and R. A. Nisbet of Oglethorpe university.

The personnel of the club is quite interesting. Among the leading members are Colonel J. W. Myrick and R. E. Bowman, well known raliroad contractors, who built a large portion of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia raliroad, and all of the Anniston and Atlanta raliroad, about forty-five miles long. They have just completed the Anderronville and Beuna Vista raliroad, and have retuined to their fine farm, situated one mile from Holton. They have had forty five mules puxing in oats and wheat, and are preparing for a large corn and cotton crop. Mr. Bowman owas one thousand acres, Mr. Myrick nine hundred.

Mr. Joseph K. Johnson is possibly the most successful farmer in the club. He never buys meat

in oats and wheat, and are preparing for a large corn and cotton crop. Mr. Bowman owns one thousand acres, Mr. Myrick nine hundred.

Mr. Joseph K. Johnson is possibly the most successful farmer in the club. He never buys meat or provisions. He is an advocate of sugarcane, and has been most successful with its culture. He regards the red cane best for syrup. He breaks his land with a two horse double plow in rows four and a half feet apart. He laps the top in to secure a good stand. He raises it as cheap as he does cotton, and makes more money on it than he does on any other crop on his plantation. Within the past two years he has made fourieen barrels to the acre. His last crop yielded forty five barrels for which he received \$250. Beliets this he sells every year several hundre! Dushe, so frust proof oats. His wife is a treasure. She was Miss callle Bowman, and has won m repremiums in silver and diplomas at both state and club fairs than any other lady in the state for the best exhibits of domestic industries, pickles, jellies and other interesting work. She is an accomplished lady, and is a first-honor graduate of Wesleyan female college.

Mr. William G. Bass, the efficient secretary of the club, is the eldest son of br. W. C. Bass, of Macon. After completing his course at Emory college, he purchased two hundred and forty acres of land from Mr. Bowman, and is erecting now a beautiff here and the calls "Wingfeld" in honor of his distinguished father in-law, Hon. Junius Wingfeld, of Eatouton. He is making a success of farming as he has done at the bar.

Dr. Lee Holt, who lives a mile from Holton, has a brilliant reputation as a confederate surgeon during the late unplessantness. Dr. H. V. M. Miller, of Atlanta, pronounced him the best surgeon he knew during that period. He is expresident.

of the club, and a trusted physician of the section. He is now in feeble health. He is a most successful farmer in all he plants.

Mr. Edgar A. Ross, of Macon, has, within a mile of Holton, four hundred acres of land, on which is erected a handsome residence. With Mr. Harry A. Blue, city clerk of Macon, he has an orchard of twenty-seven hundred peach, apple, pear and wild goose plum trees, besides a large vineyard. The gentlemen sell fruit and wine to various markets.

kets.

Mr. S. P. Eailey has moved from Macon to Hol-ton and lives in a handsome new cottage, and has ton and lives in a handsome new cottage, and has begun farming operation in fine style. He is a skillful civil engineer and practical land surveyor! He will prove a valuable acquisition to the neigh-borhood.

skilful civil engineer and practical land surveyor. He will prove a valuable acquisition to the neighborhood.

Mr. Robert Coleman, of Macon, owns seven hundred acres of land adjoining Captain Parkes' plantation. Mr. J. F. Cochrane is superintendent, and last year, notwithstanding the one hundred days drouth, made two bales of cotton to the acre and forty bushels of corn, a most remarkable crop. He used one thousand pounds of compost to the acre. There is on the place eleven hundred peach trees, embracing every fine variety.

Mr. Matt Daly, of Macon, bought two hundred acres near Holton, and has erected a pretty four-room cottage. In addition to general farming he is raising fine Berkshire hogs and milch cows. He farms after the custom of old Ireland, and saves his manure and enriches his farm with it.

Mr. William O Wadly lives near Bolingbroke. He is perhaps the leading farmer of middle Georgia. His display at the late state fair was noticed by all. Despite the distressing dreuth he made two hundred and twenty-five bales of cotton, four hundred and fifty bushels of corn with twenty seven mules. He speaks of selling all his railroad and humber interests and investing everything he hes in farming, declaring it pays him better than anything else he ever tried.

Mr. Charles W. Howard, vice-president of the club, is a graduate of Mercer university. After practicing law a few years in Macon, he abandoned the profession and is devoting himself entirely to his nee frim. His success last year was remarkable. He is going to cularge his operations this year. His brother, John M. Howard, is associated with him.

The old William Johnson homestead, embracing two bundred and fifty acres, has been leased to Mr. J. D. Howard, who will carry on farming

two hundred and flity acres, has been leased to Mr. J. D. Howard, who will carry on farming

Mr. J. D. Heward, who will carry on farming operations on it.

Mr. John H. Gordon has leased the English plantation of sixteen hundred acres, and has parhaps the largest farm in Jones county.

Mr. Alex McKay, the superintendent of public schools, of Jones county, is a member of the cluz. He is a graduate of Mercer, active and intelligent. His father, Hon. George W. McKay, is a member of the present legislature. He is a representative failmer and is very popular.

Mr. E. R. Price owns four large farms in Bibb and Monroe counties. He has greater faith in the future of the farmers then nine-tenths of landholders. He thinks that lands lying between Macon and Bollingbrook and Macon and Holton are destined to become toe gardens of middle Georgia and the state, and will advance more rapidly in value after their worth becomes more fully known, and will become more desirable than Florida orange groves.

advance more rapidly in value after their worth becomes more fully known, and will become more desirable than Florida orange groves.

Mrs. Captain A. M. Lock, tr, whice of the lamented centleman who bears the name, has seven hundred acres of very fine lands at Minnm's station, on the Macon and Western railroad, and has greatly improved it. Her husband was, for fitteen years a member of the club.

Hon. Robert A. Nisbet, the president of the club, is one of the most progressive farmers and stock-raisers of the state. He owns two thousand seres of excellent lands six miles from Macon, called "Bloomfield." He is devoting especial attention to the raising of Hoistein and Jersey cattle and Perkshire hogs. His handsome young buil, "Sir Signal," won first prize at the late state fair. He shandoned a luncetive law practice in Macon to look after his large and growing planting interests, and is more and more delighted every year at the change of occupation.

Mr. A. T. Holt owns a valuable place two miles from Bollingbroke, which is exceedingly well adapted for stock raising, and has some of the handsomest carp ponds in the state.

Mr. P. Holman, of Jones county, is doing what be can to illustrate the industrious farmer's life. He owns four hundred acres of hand on the Ocmalize river, fifty of which he has in bermuda grass festures.

The Charles Bird plantation is for sale on ac-

The Charles Bird plantation is for sale on account of the ages of the couple who reside on account of the ages of the couple who reside on account of the ages of the couple who reside on the premises fifty years. They have raised a large lamily of children. Their ages is an index to the calleft larges of the section.

mily of children. Their ages is an index to the callifulness of the section.

Mr. G. M. Davis, member of the executive comittee of the club, is a most zealous member. He ade last year one thousand three hundred and rty-five pounds of lint cotton on one acre. He ves in Monroe county near Holton

Judge W. H. Carson is a successful truck farmer, e raises vegetables and strawberries for the mart. He made seven hundred dollars on strawberes alone in one year.

Mr. John S. Wunbush has twelve acres in vege a successful member. Stubbs, of Macon, owns a fine farm of undred acres well adapted to sheep raising atemplates leaving a law practice to give his e attention to it. ige William Luuday is a strong advocate o Merino sheep. He is a most successful raiser at began with only sixty-eight, and now he had large lot.

At promptly three o'clock the members gather cd in the club building and were called to orde by President R. A. Nisbet, Mr. William G. Bass seting as recreater. Discussions of various sub-jects followed, during which Mr. J. S. Wimbish spoke on bermuda grass, which was listened to with much attention and interest. The following delegates were appointed to the agricultural convention at Brunswick: John E. Bailey, R. A. Nisbet and C. L. O'Gormán. The following officers were elected for the year 1885:

President—Hon. R. A. Nisbet. Vice President—Hon. Charles W. Howard. Secretary—W. G. Bass. Treasurer—John T. Dozler.

The executive committee is composed of Messrs I. W. Myrick, J. K. Johnson, J. W. T. Howard, A. H. S. McKay. The subject for discussion for the ext meeting will be: "The proper manner of cultivating and fertilizing cotton and corn. THE CONSTITUTION AND THE CLUB. Colonel Park introduced Mr. Wales Wynton of THE CONSTITUTION. He made a short talk, in

which he stated to the club the interest the pap was taking in the welfare of the farmers, and what it proposed to do in future for the development o the state's resources. The club unanimously voted its thanks to The Constitution for the interest it had shown in them, after which the meeting ad-

numed.

The deliberations of the body was most dignified on parliamentary. It represented men who have one and are doing much for the good of the

and parliamentary. It represented then who have done and are doing much for the good of the state.

They have a series of contests among themselves that is interesting, being worked in the following manner: thirty members will contest for the best one or divergence of any product, paying one dollar each farm, notes the patch before gathering, carefully inspects it, and makes estimates. The best yield secures the first premium which is two-thirds of the money. The second secures the other third. The products are exhibited at the club meetings.

On the first day of May the young farmers of the outhern states are invited to meet with the Young Farmers' club. Hon. W. J. Northen, of Hancock, is president, and Major Sidney Herbert, of Atlanta, secretary. Prominent speakers and representatives from several states will be present, and the Holton Farmers' club will give them a rousing big barbecue and basket picale dinner on that occasion.

Cannot Be There.

Cannot Be There. ATHENS, Ga., February 9 .- | Special 1-Hon, H H. Carlton, owing to a press of business, will not be able to address the Georgia agricultural So

ciety at Brunswick to day. He Drops the Pen. Columbus, Ga., February 9.-[Special.]-Mr. W. O. Johnson, city editor of the Enquirer Sun, in consequence of a disagreement with the proprie tor, has severed his connection with that paper. STATE SPECIALS CONDENSED.

The Muscogee superior court adjourned term adjourned for the term yesterday, after a session adjourned for the to it wenty-one days. In consequence of the heavy rains the Chatta-hocche river at Columbus's rising rapidly. If it continues to day the mills will probably have to

shut down.

Celumbus, at the last meeting of the council, was made a free port, no wharfage being charged on freights after March first. Also the right of way and other privileges granted to the Georgia Midland and Gubr railroad company. The Georgia Blue Bird. From the Irwinton, Ga., Appeal.

The twittering of the blue-birds is now heard

in the land, which heralds the approach of spring. On a Visit to Her Father. Fem the Clarksville, Ga., Advertiser. Mrs. Dr. J. K. Burns has been on a visit to ber father for several days.

Human Calves.

An exchange says:—"Nine-tenths of the un-happy marriages result from human calves being allowed to run at large in society pas-tures." Nine-tenths of the chronic or linger-irg diseases of to-day originate in impure blood, liver complaint or biliousness, resulting in Scrofula, consumntion (which is but scrofe) blood, liver complaint or billouaness, resulting in Scrofula, consumption (which is but scrofu-la of the lungs), sores ulcers, skin diseases and kindred affections. Dr. Pierce's "Golden Med-ical Discovery" cures all these. Of Druggists.

THROUGH GEORGIA.

COLLATED FROM THE PRESS AND THE MAILS.

Little Sensation in Faulding County-Teamps in East Georgia-Goods Stolen in Wilkes County -A Stabbing Affray in Bryan County-Other Items of Interest, Etc.

Thomas H. Roderick, the night watchman of the Savannah, Florida and Western railway at Waycross, has been sentenced to penitentiary for three years for embezzlement.

Tramps infest the line of the Savannah, Florida and Western road. While a train was standing at Purdorn's wood rack three colored tramps were discovered concealed amongst some lumber with which three of the cars were loaded, stealing a ride. The conductor promptly put them off, and as the train moved off they fired two shots into the rear car and then ran off in the woods. Fortunately no one was struck. Upon arriving at Waycross Mr. Murrell reported the facts to the officials. and they were subsequently arrested and confessed their crime.

Ogeechee shad are beginning to make their ap-

pearance. Allen Napoleon, who lives in Sumter county, swore out a habeas corpus for his wife and gave it to Sheriff Cobb to execute. Allen was married but a few weeks ago, and his wife has a stepfather who is determined to get up a family row. The stepfather came and took Allen's wife away from him, and the irate husband has taken this method of getting her back. Solicitor-General C. T. Clements is making a

model officer. Judge Branham finds that with such a prosecuting officer business moves along without friction. The judge is ranked as one of the best jurists on the Georgia bench.

The pending term of the Spalding superior court had before it the case of Tobe Jackson chargd with murder. It resulted in a verdict of guilty of voluntary manslaughter, and a sentence of ter

Paulding New Era: A little sensation has been Paulding New Era: A little sensation has been created in the western part of the country over the sudden death of the wife of Boliver Coursey, an employe of the sawmill of Scott & Elisbury, last Tue day week, and the suspicious rumors that were circulated that she had been foully dealt with by her husband. Her husband's streament is that she had been complaining of feeling unwell for several days. Tuesday she prepared dinner, and after performing that duty, requested her husband to spread a pallet for her before the fire, which he did. She lay down upon it and shivered as if having a chill, and in a few minutes died. The rumor that she had been founy dealt with leaked out through the woman who prepared her body for burial. Some of them noticed that her neck was unusually limber, and the rumor gained currency that it had been broken and that that was the cause of her death and that her husband was the one suspected of the crime.

The ordinary of Bulloch county has laid in a upply of three hundred marriage licenses. He vill sit up for belated applicants. In Bryan county, at a precinct election, J. W.

shuman was stabbed by James Thompson, in the eft lung near .. e heart. It is expected to prove The daughter of Mrs. Kesiah Shuman, in Bul och, who was burned sometime ago, is dead.

Madison, Ga., has just put up sixty street lamps Bulloch's new county officers were duly commis fened and sworn in last week, and the business will move on promptly.

Washington Gezette: Some of the goods that were stolen through a cat hole from Mr. Henry Gibert's store some time since were found a few days ago hidden under the colored Baptist church in this place. Some little fellows ran a rabbit under the church, and in trying to get it out found the coods.

In the killing of Jim Johnson by Thomson Richrdson, both negroes, on the plantation of Mr. M. G. Robert, in Wilkes county, the following are the about a year ago. He suspected Jim Johnson of being intimate with her. She sold Jim a quilt, which was her own property. The day the murwas going to have that quilt or kill Jim Johnson ard took his ax with him. He first started towards Jim's house, but turned and went to where Jim was making a little bridge over a ditch, by himself. Some women on the opposite hill, say that Thompson struck Jim in the head with the

ax while he was stooping down at work, and that be struck him two or three licks. Death was in-stait. Thompson rau off and has not been hearl from since. Mr. Robert says that Jim was a very inoffensive negro.

The quart license in Washington has been fixed at one hundred and fifty dollars per annum, an

three hundred dollars for less. The Conyers council, at its regular session last Monday, passed an ordinance empowering and requiring the city marshals to arrest all tramps found in the city and put them to work, if they fail to skip within thirty minutes after being warned.

A man named Calds was cut by an ax in the bands of one named Nathan in fatuali county The wound, which is in the head, is not fatal. The wound, which is in the head, is not tatal.

The case of the State vs. Simon Cohen and the other parties implicated in the late Murphy horse-whipping came up in the county court of Sumter, and the defendants were discharged and their bondsmen relieved.

Lumpkin Independent: Thursday was the roughest, most uncenth and fickle day of the winter. The morning dawned tair and mild, and the birds rollicked and caroled in the glad sunshine, but before moon a ferce wind was rolling fragments of dark clouds before it, and rumbling noises filled the air, which indicated eyelone weather. About the middle of the afternoon a terrible helistorm swept over the country, doing considerable damage to fencing, etc. The school at the academy was hurriedly dismissed, and little boys on their way home lost their hats in the storm and were mercliessly pelted with haltstones as large as birds eggs. Where it drifted and banked against houses and fences it was several inches ceep and did not melt in several hours. It turaed cold rapidly with a howling, blustery wind, which prevailed all night. Yesterday morning was again bright and cloudless, with a crisp, freezing air.

There is a balance in the county treasury of De catur county of \$8,024. Notwithstanding this surplus of funds, the grand jury has found it necessary to make the following presentment:

sary to make the following presentment:

The committee to examine the jail report that they cannot find language in which to express the filthly condition of the same. They cannot conceive how any living thing much less human being could endure it. One corner of what is called the dungeou was literally filled with human filth and corruption, creating a most intensely nearesting stenen, which was sufficient to poison the atmosphere of the whole premises, and they are surprised that it has not already been the source of a most deadly epidemic. They found some of the inmates sick and needing medical attention, and we in the name of humanity recommend that speedy relief be given these unfortunate creatures ere some latal contagion spread over the whole community. The other appartments were found in like condition, and we earnestly beg that the officials in charge, who were responsible for this state of affairs, be dealt with as the law demands. The lock to the trap door of the dungeon was found to be out of repair; also the door fame and still of the Lack door rotten The cistern is also open and exposed to all kinds of fitth.

Special Bustness Notices

A CARD-TO ALL WHO ARE SUFFER ng from error and indiscretion of youth, neryous weakness early decay, loss of manhood, etc., I will send a recipe that will cure you FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by s missionary in South America. Send self-addres envelop to Rev. Joseph T. Inman, Station D., New Dee 8 su tu th wky eow next rd ma

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This medicine, combining Iron with pure regetable tonics, quickly and completely Cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weakness, Impare Blood, Malaria, Chilis and Feverand Neuralgia.

It is an unfailing remedy for Diseases of the Kidneys and Liver.

It is invaluable for Diseases peculiar to Women, and all who lead sedentary lives. It does not injure the teeth, cause headache, or produce constipation—other from medicines do.

It enriches and purifies the blood, simulates the appetite, aids the assimilation of food, relieves Heartburn and Belching, and strengthens the muscles and nerves.

For Intermittent Fevers, Lassifude, Lack of Energy, de., it has no equal.

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and cure of Frivate, Nervous and Chronic Diseases,
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Thie in its results, completely eradicated without the use of mercury. Scrofula, Erysiphelas, Fove Sores, Blotches, Primpies, Ulces, Pains in the head and bones, Syphilitic Sore Throat, Mouth and Tongue, Glandular culargements of the neck, Rheumatism, Catarrh, etc., etc., permanently cured when others have failed.

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Notice to Debtors and Creditors. ALL CREDITORS OF THE ESTATE OF CLIF-ton R. Pennick, late of Fulton, county, de-ceased, are hereby notified to render in their de-mands to the undersigned according to law, and all persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment. Februrary 34, 1885. THOMAS H. KENNEDY, Administrator. feb., 3 deriew to

U.S. Marshal's Sales.

UNDER AND BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF chiffsciss issued out of the Honorable the cir-cuit court of the United States for the Northern district of Georgia in favor

C. AULTMAN & CO. vs. ANDREW J. HEAD.

C. AULTMAN & CO. vs. ANDREW J. HEAD.

I have this day levied upon as the property of defendant, Andrew J. Head, the following described property, to wit: All that tract or parcel of land situated lying and being in the county of Haralson, state of Georgia, and described as follows: I ot of land known as lot number 175, 17ing about 1½ miles from the town of Taliapoosa adjoining land lot number 174, whereon A. J. Head resided in 1882, containing 202½ acres, more of less, also forty acres, more or less of land lot number 173, adjoining said land lot number 174, being that part of lot number 173, lying south of the Taliapoosa river, also thirty (30) acres, more or less of land lot number 203, located about two miles from said town of Taliapoosa, being that part of is still lot number 203, east of the Taliapoosa river, also four (4) acres of land lot number 175, located in the said town of Taliapoosa, and fronting 420 feet, more or less on Jacksonville street, and rounding back 420 feet, more or less, and being b unded by agid streets and Cedartown. Alabama and Taliapocsa streets, lying in the said town of Taliapoosa, also land lot number 174, containing 2014 acres of land lot number 182, and rounding land being in the eighth district, and fith section of the county of Haralson, and state of Georgia, on the first Tuesday in March. 1885, between the legal hours of sale. Property pointed out by plaintiffs attorney, Dated at Atlanta, Ga., February 2, 1865.

5tue

J. E. BRYANT. U. S. M.

VARICOCELE Painless sure cure. Book Fulton st., N. Y.

THE SUPREME

DECISIONS RENDERED FEBRUARY 7,

fion, Jas. Jackson, Chief Justice, Ho and Mark Blandford, Associates The Constitution by J. H. Supreme Court Repo

Lewis & Minor vs. Harper, ex'r Mscon. Drafts. Actions Contracts. Parties. Amend Contracts. Parties. Amenda Judge Fort.)
Jackson, C. J.—A draft payal der of the drawer and delivered showing on its isse that it was fment to make a crop made by the drawer, and having a blanthereon not signed by the drawport a judgment and execution drawees against the drawer foundation in the statutory form; and existing under such execution, to thave been dismissed on me 715; DeVaughn vs. Hauga term.)

(a.) The decisions in 70 Ga., Vaughn vs. Haugabook, present necessarily conflict with that in 2. An action in the statutory plaint on such a paper cou amended by a count for money ceived, or paid out for the use o ant, or other such common cour action of complaint was defectifudgment, it was cured. 54 Ga.

Judgment reversed.

Judgment reversed.
J. W. Haygood; Hawkins & W. H. Fish by brief; R. G.

Oellrich et al. vs. Georgia Rai plaint for land, from Richm mert. Amendment. Title. cipal and Agent. Evider Equitable. Pleadings. Debts itor. (Before Judge Roney.) Jackson, C. J.—1. Complaint brought in the statutory form. Jackson, C. J.—1. Complaint brought in the statutory form. claimed under the same grantor holding a deed, defendants a bothe declaration as an abstract tained the following clause:

"This conveyance is also mad rights of Henry Meyers, C. Her and Annie M. D. Ceilrich of a bend for titles from Walton, their heirs and assign upon the payment of six pu Walton, their heirs and assign upon the payment of six nu notes therein described, that saiton would make or cause to be n titles to the premises therein an scribed, and said purchase moneing been transferred by said W party of the second part, and the second part, upon payment obligating itself to make such of the holders of said bond for title covenanted between the particuntil such payment is made by said bond for titles, or their assigned bend for titles, or their assigned equitable title of said premmain in said party of the second

main in said party of the secons and assigns":

Held, that the declaration of by alleging that the plaintiff of security for the indebtedness deed, and by praying that the beso-moulded as to subject the scribed in the deed attached to the security of t to the payment of the note Such an amendment, if necessary explanatory, and made cleare action. It added neither a new tion nor a new party. Code, 222 (a.) A deed made to secure a

title, so as to authorize a recover The defendants could file an pay the purchase money, keep have the title decreed to them, have the title decreed to them, they must tender the purchase is also a prayer for equity by the problem. The first section of ejectment or for land. 54 Ga., 45; 55 Id., 650; 50 Id., 567; 60 Id., 562.

(b.) The cases in 59 Ga., 355; 60 483; 67 Id., 84, 89; 19 Id., 313; 6 Id., 109; 51 Id., 620; differ from the form the first the residual tenders.

care. Here the plaintiff, by vir contained in its abstract of title 2. Where it was sought to obt estate free lirom an encumbri known by the purchasers to be and in order to do so, it was noe a sum of money by discounting to purchasers given, for the land deed was made and a mortgage, the purchase money, but it was the money could not be raise thereupen, within a few days, mortgage were cancelled, a

purchaser, and where these ne-conducted on the part of the pur-of them for himself and as agent and the object of his agency wa-tion for the land and obtaining . Held, that such agency being tion for the land and obtainin not have been in writing, as we the case with an agency to make And therefore, the court did mitting the question of agency its continuance to the consumm and the procurement of a clear to the facts.

on the facts.

(a.) The verdict was right un
(b.) All the evidence explicative trade between the verdicates was admissible and nec

chasers was admissible and need the question of title, the chack had, and the extent of the of the co-tenants for the others.

(c.) The record in an equiwaste could not elucidate the present case, so far as the record shows, and was properly rejected. In an action of ejectment for land based on a deed held to secure a debt, the equitable parties might be adjudged on prat the instance of the plaintiff, as of the defendants; especially we at the instance of the plaintiff, as of the defendants; especially withfloofers terms easier for the dathey themselves could set up by

(a). The distinction between legal powers is very slight und this state. Glover vs. Stamps

vs. Swann et al., ex'rs, et al.; (Cede, \$23082, 3562, 4213; Cobb', The holder of the deed to which it discounted for the gr which it discounted for the g purchasers and make them a the purchase money was paid, to the rights of the grantor, an the land in ejectment, and if judgment were so moulded as purchsers entirely, but to have the debt for it paid, and the proceeds, if any, paid to them saily be done, and was bene fendants rather than adverse to Induce the Control of the Control

White et al. vs. Cook Ejectm
Practice in Supreme Court
ment. Equity. Estates
Trusts and Trustes. Ver
chaser. Deeds. Verdict. I
ness. (Before Judge Harris
Jackson, C. J.—I. Complain
brought by Boynton, as nex
Pitman, a minor. Pending
intermarried with one Cook, a
reded in the name of Ola Co
the case as being that of Ola
Ola Pitman, against the defe Ola Pitman, against the defetien was made to dismiss the this ground and a counter-methe bill of exceptions so as to to the record was also made:
Held, that the latter motion and the former overruled. Co
2. A plaintiff in ejectment land as heir-at-law of her fatt pears that the title passed out during his lifetime.

Judgmentaffirmed.
Thos. S. Bean; Hook & M.
Plaintiffs in error.

Jos. B. Cumming, for defend

White et al. vs. Cook Ejectu



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otice to Debtors and Creditors.

on R. Fennick, late of Fulton, county, de-lete hereby notified to render in their de-to the undesigned according to law, and rsons indebted to said estate are required to immediate payment. February 34, 1885. THOMAS H. KENNEDY, Administrator.

U.S. Marshal's Sales. DER AND BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF derfacts issued out of the Honorable the cir-count of the United States for the Northern let of Georgia in favor

AULTMAN & CO. vs. ANDREW J. HEAD.

Eve this day levied upon as the property of dant, Andrew J. Head, the following descriptoperty to wit: All that tract or parcel of situated lying and being in the county of Ison, state of Georgia, and described as following the state of Ison, state of Georgia, and described as following the state of Ison, state of Georgia, and described as following the state of Ison of Taliapoosa acts as following said land lot number 17a, being spart of lot number 17a, lying south of the Talsar river, also thirty (30) acres, more or less of tot number 203, located about two mites from lown of Taliapoosa, being that part of stid umber 203, cast of the Taliapoosa river, also 41 acres of land lot number 17a, lying south of the Talsar of Ison of Ison Jacksonville street, and ranning 420 feet, more or less, and being brunded by streets and Cedartown, Alabama and Taliasterets, lying in the said town of Taliapoosa, or less, the same being the property where mid Andrew J. Head resided on January 12th, All of said above parcels and lots of land and being in the eighth district, and fifth nof the county of Haralson, and state of the county of Haralson, and state of the county of Haralson, and state of Property pointed out by plaintiffs attorney, at Atlanta, Ga., February 2, 1885.

RICCOCKET Painless sure cure, Book AULTMAN & CO. vs. ANDREW J. HEAD.

DECISIONS RENDERED SATURDAY FEBRUARY 7, 1888.

fion, Jos. Jackson, Chief Justice, Hons Samuel Hall and Mark Blandford, Associates - Reported for The Constitution by J. H. Lumpkin, Supreme Court Reporter.

Lewis & Minor vs. Harper, ex'r. Claim, from Macon. Drafts. Actions. Judgment. Contracts. Parties. Amendment. (Before

Judge Fort.)
Jackson, C. J.—A draft payable to the order of the drawer and delivered to the drawers, showing on its face that it was for an advance, showing on its face that it was for an advance, the drawer, and having a blank indorsement thereon not signed by the drawer, will support a judgment and execution in favor of the drawers against the drawer founded on a declaration in the statutory form; and in a claim case arising under such execution, the levy should arising under such execution, the levy should not have been dismissed on motion. 70 Ga., 715; DeVaughn vs. Haugabook, (present

The decisions in 70 Ga., 715, and De-(a.) The decisions in 70 Ga., 715, and De-Vaughn vs. Haugabook, present term, do not necessarily conflict with that in 66 Ga., 735.

2. An action in the statutory form of complaint on such a paper could have been smended by a count for money had and received, or paid out for the use of the defendant, or other such costsmon court; and if the action of complaint was defective, after the judgment, it was cured. 54 Ga., 68.

J. W. Haygood; Hawkins & Hawkins, for Plaintiffs in error. W. H. Fish by brief; R. G. Ozier, for de-

Oellrich et al. vs. Georgia Railroad. Complaint for land, from Richmond. Ejectment. Amendment. Title. Deeds. Principal and Agent. Evidence. Equity. Equitable. Pleadings. Debtor and Crediter. (Before Judge Roney.)

Jackson, C. J.—1. Complaint for land was brought in the stantory form. Both parties

brought in the statutory form. Both parties claimed under the same grantor, the plaintiff holding a deed, defendants a bond for title. The deed to the plaintiff, which was attached to the declaration as an abstract of title, con-

to the declaration as an abstract of title, con-tained the following clause:

"This conveyance is also made subject to the rights of Henry Meyers, C. Herman Oslirich, and Annie M. D. Oslirich, as holders of a bend for titles from said W. R. Wälten, their heirs and assigns, conditioned upon the payment of six purchase money notes therein described, that said W. R. Walton would make or cause to be made to them titles to the premises therein and herein deribed, and said purchase money notes having heen transferred by said Walton to said party of the second part, and said party of the second part, upon payment of said notes, obligating itself to make such conveyance to the holders of said bond for titles; and it is covenanted between the parties hereto that, until such payment is made by the holders of said bend for titles, or their assigns, the legal and equitable title of said premises shall re-main in said party of the second part, its suc-

ssors and assigns": Held, that the declaration could be amended by alleging that the plaintiff claimed title as security for the indebtedness set up in the deed, and by praying that the verdict should be so moulded as to subject the premises de-scribed in the deed attached to the declaration scribed in the deed attached to the declaration to the payment of the note set out therein. Such an amendment, if necessary, was merely explanatory, and made clearer the cause of action. It added neither a new cause of against a second section.

tion nor a new party. Code, \$23389, 3401.

(a.) A deed made to secure a debt passes title, so as to suthorize a recovery of the land. The defendants could file an equitable plea, pay the purchase money, keep the land, and have the title decreed to them, but to do this, they reast tender the purchase recovery. And have the title decreed to them, but to do this, they must tender the purchase money. And so also a prayer for equity by the plaintiff is rmane to an action of ejectment or complaint for land. 54 Ga., 45; 55 Id., 650; 57 Id., 601; 59 Id., 507; 60 Id., 562.

(b.) The cases in 59 Ga., 355; 66 Id., 148, 483; 67 Id., 84, 89; 19 Id., 313; 60 Id., 150: 53 Id., 109; 51 Id., 620; differ from the present case. Here the plaintiff, by virtue of the deed

case. Here the plaintiff, by virtue of the deed contained in its abstract of title annexed to the

Where it was sought to obtain title to real estate free from an encumbrance, which was known by the purchasers to be resting thereon, and in order to do so, it was necessary to raise a sum of money by discounting the notes of the archasers given, for the land, and where a ed was made and a mortgage given to secure the purchase money, but it was discovered that the money could not be raised thereon, and gage were cancelled, a deed was hade to find party to secure an advance of the ey, and a bond for title was given to the haser, and where these negotiations were used on the part of the purchasers by one em for himself and as agent for the others, the object of his agency was the negotia-for the land and obtaining a clear title

that such agency being for the negotiation for the land and obtaining a title, need not have been in writing, as would have been e with an agency to make a conveyance, eretore, the court did not err in subgrate the question of agency by parol, and inuance to the consummation of a trade and the procurement of a clear title, to the jury,

The verdict was right under the facts. All the evidence explanatory of the trade between the vendor and purswas admissible and necessary to elucidate the question of title, the character of title each had, and the extent of the agency of one

of the co-tenants for the others.

(c.) The record in an equity case about waste could not elucidate the issues in the waste could not clucidate the issues in the present case, so far as the record in this court shows, and was properly rejected.

3. In an action of ejectment or complaint tor land based on a deed held by the grantes

to secure a debt, the equitable rights of the parties might be adjudged on proper pleadings at the instance of the plaintiff, as well as at that of the defendants; especially where the plain-tiff offers terms essier for the defendants than they themselves could set up by equitable plea. The distinction between equitable and legs! powers is very slight under the Code of this state. Glover vs. Stamps; Austell et al. vs. Swann et al., ex'rs, et al., (present term); Code, §23082, 3562, 4213; Cobb's Dig., 564.

(b.) The holder of the deed to secure a debt which it discounted for the granter, in order that he night communication that the discounted for the granter, in order that he night communication that the discounted for the granter with his

that he might consummate the trade with his purchasers and make them a clear title when the purchase money was paid, was subrogated to he rights of the grantor, and could recover the lend in ejectment, and if the verdict and judgment were so moulded as not to eject the purchasers entirely, but to have the land soul, the debt for it paid, and the balance of the proceeds, if any, paid to them, this could le-gally be done, and was beneficial to the de-fendants rather than adverse to them.

Judgment affirmed. Thos. S. Bean; Hook & Montgomery, for plaintiffs in error. Jos. B. Cumming, for defendant.

White et al. vs. Cook Ejectment, from Butts.

White et al. vs. Cook Ejectment, from Butts. Practice in Supreme Court. Title. Ejectment. Equity. Estates. Remainder. Trusta and Trustees. Vendor and Purchaser. Deeds. Verdict. Evidence. Witness. (Before Judge Harris.)
Jackson, C. J.—I. Complaint for land was brought by Boynton, as next friend of Ola Pitman, a minor. Pending the action, she intermarried with one Cook, and the suit proted in the name of Ola Cook, as appears the case as being that of Ola Clark, formerly Cla Pitman, against the defendants. A motion was made to dismiss the writ of error on this ground and a counter-motion to amend the bill of examination.

tion was made to dismiss the writ of error on this ground and a counter-motion to amend the bill of exceptions so as to make it conform to the record was also made: Held, that the latter motion must be granted and the former overruled. Code, 2 4288. 2. A plaintiff in ejectment cannot recover land as heir-at-law of her father, where it ap-pears that the title passed out of him by deed during his lifetime. 3. Where a dead was made by an to

oring his lifetime.

3. Where a deed was made b.

a trustee, in which it was provided that after a fustee, in which it was provided that after the debts of the grantor should be paid, and after the death of his wife, the remainder of the property should be conveyed to his sur-viving child, if such surviving child could re-cover in ejectment under the deed of her lather, her recovery would be based upon a perfect coulty in her and show would be perfect equity in her, and she would be en-titled to possession of the land only after the debts of her father were paid.

(a). If the trustee, having the right to sell

in order to pay debts, did pay such debts with money derived from the sale of the land in contioversy, no matter hew he conveyed it, whether at public or private sale, individually or as frustee or agent or administrator, the party to whom he conveyed to pay the debts, and who paid the money to him to pay thos

and who haid the money to him to pay those debts, acquired, an equity superior to that of the grantor's daughter.

4. The original deed being lost, the evidence was overwhelming that it and the sale were made by the trustee as such, although a secd deed from the grantee of the trustee to the purchaser under him, made three or four years after a loss of the original deed between those parties, and in lieu thereof, described the lost deed from the trustee as made by P. (the name of the trustee), "administrator of the estate of the said" grantor in the trust deed. (a.) If a mistake was made in the recital, it could be corrected, as is conceded, on clear testimony, and this could be done without go-ing into equity, under the practice in this

(b.) The verdict is overwhelmingly against the evidence on the issue whether or not the deed was made by the trustee as such.

As both parties claimed title under the rustee, his books were admissible to show what rom what sources, and how it was disposed of specially was the book of accounts kept by ceived for the land in controversy and what he did with the proceeds.
6. The deed made in lieu of the lost deed

was admissible in evidence, and the recitel in

it needed explanation.
7. The controversy being between one who
beld under the grantee of the trustee and the
daughter of the maker of the trust deed, and both parties claiming under the trustee, his grantee was competent to testify as to the char-reter of the deed first made by the trustee to aim, which was lost, although the trustee was

s. It was error to charge to the effect that, though the grantee under the trustee paid or the land and subsequently conveyed it to ossession. If he exercised control and esiding thereon, and the purchaser under him n good faith bought and took possession, the There was no error in the charge con-

rning impeaching witnesses.
10. There was no error in the charge that, correct the recital in the deed from the ustee's grantee to the purchaser under him, be proof should be clear and satisfactory; but us court differs from the court below and

11. It was error to rule that the purchaser from the trustee and the purchaser under him were bound to see to it that the money paid the trustee went to the debts of the make of the trust deed. It is enough that the money is paid to the trustee, under a purchase from him. It is his cuty to apply it properly. The grantees have no concern with it, and the grantees have no concern with it, an cestui que trust must look to the trustee.

Judgment reversed.

Judgment reversed. E. W. Beck; Alex. M. Speer, for plaintiffs J. S. Boynton; John I. Hall, for defendant.

Fry et al. vs. Calder et al. Rule to foreclose attorneys' hen, from Fulton. Attorney and Client Liens. Vendor and Purchaser. Notice. (Before Judge Hammond.)

Jackson, C. J.-1. Attorneys who were em es and contractors on real estate, amounting of five or six hundred dollars, and who suc-eeded in reducing the recovery to about ixty dollars, had a lien for their fees upon sch property as against the owner who em loyed them. The reduction of the claims ainst the property was equivalent to a re-very to that extent. Code, \$1989. 2. Property recovered by attorneys remains bject to their lien for fees, unless transferred

o bona fide purchasers without notice. Where, pending the litigation in regard to the lien, the defendant sold, the property to my a debt, and in the contract with his venthe liens were recited, and it was agreed and dollars as shall remain after fully satis-ying such of said claims as shall be ascerpon notice, and were not bona fide purchas

(a.) If the earlier decisions of this court seem o militate against this view, they were made nior to the act of 1873, (Code, sec. 1929), and we not now applicable.

Judgment reversed.
Geo. T. Fry; Alex. C. King, in propriispersonis, for plaintiffs in error. Jackson & King, for defendants.

Simpson & Ledbetter vs. Mathis, sheriff; Morgan vs. Mathis, sheriff. Refusal of injunc-tion, from Floyd. Practice in Supreme Court. Parties. State. Service. Jackson, C. J.—Where an execution was

aued by the governor in favor of the state gainst a state depositary and the securities mits bond, and a bill was filed against the on its bond, and a bill was filed against the sheriff levying such execution, attacking it and seeking to enjoin its enforcement, and where the chancellor required notice to be given to the attorney general, who thereupon appeared and resisted the grant of the injunction on behalf of the state, the state being the real contestant, although not technically a party to the record, after the refusal of an injunction and exception thereto, it was necessary to serve the state with the bill of exceptions, and no service or acknowledgment thereof appearing on the part of the attorney general or other officer on behalf of the estate, the writ of error must be dismissed. Cede, \$4260, 22-44.

oissed. Code, \$4260, 22-44.

(a.) This case does not conflict with that of

Mayo, sheriff, vs. Wilson, 66 Ga., 438.
Writ of error dismissed in each case.
Underwood & Rowell; Dabney & Fouche, for plaintiffs in error. C. Anderson, attorney general; Jackson & King, contra.

Featherston, trustee, vs. Rounsaville & Bro. Complaint, from Floyd. Laws. Trade. Customs. Words and Phrases. Contracts. Charge of Court. New Trial. (Before Judge Branham.)

Jackson, C. J.—1. Where, in the particular trade of selling and huving become and nork

trade of selling and buying bacon and pork sides, the words, "fally cured" were used as descriptive of the classification of articles sold, in a contest in regard thereto, such words are to have the meaning attached to them by experts, that is, persons in the trade. Code,

2. There was no error in charging that, if he contract was that the meat had been 2. There was no error in charging that, if the contract was that the meat had been salted over thirty-five days, and that delivered had been so, and was merchentable and fit for the purpose for which sold, then the plaintiff could not recover,—the contract being according to plaintiff's version, for fully cured meat, and the evidence uncontracticed being that ment salted thirty-five days is, in the trade, fully cured.

S. The court did not abuse his discretion in

transferred to the defendants by Shorter, Papet & Company, if objectionable as irrele-vant, is not so material as to require a new

(a). Semble that such evidence was relevant, inasmuch as those shares were the considera-tion given by the firm for the shares of the Southwestern railroad company, for a re-mainder of which, alleged to be due them by

the company, the suit was brought.

2. There was no error in permitting proof
that the Central railroad directed an examination into the status of the Vicksburg and
Brunswick railroad company, in respect to its
general condition, indebtedness, etc., one issue
being that Parot & Company, by fraudulent being that Papot & Company, by fraudulent misrepresentations or suppressions of truth in respect to the true condition of that road, had defrauded the defendant.

defrauded the defendant.

3. The pencil memiriands of Virgil Powers at the foot of a letter of Ketchum & Hartridge to Holt, as to what he might report to Ketchum & Hartridge, were properly ruled out, as neither Papot & Company nor Ketchum & Hartridge knew of them. Besides, if admitted, the memoranda amounts to nothing.

4. The record of a marshal's deed recorded in Alabama is not proof of the deed in the in Alabama is not proof of the deed in the courts of this state, so as to admit it in evidence without proof of execution. Baskin vs.

Vermon, (present term).
5. When read in connection with the entire o. When read in connection with the entire charge, there was no error in the charge complained of in the fifth ground of the motion for a new trial, as to whether the consideration of the contract under review was the payment of interest or the turning over of the Vicksburg and Brunswick railroad to the Southwestern railroad company.

and Brunswick railroad to the Southwestern railroad company.

6. When read in connection with the entire charge, there was no error in that portion of the charge contained in the sixth ground, on the subject of the knowledge of the president of the Central railroad concerning the debts and liabilities of the railroad of which it was desired to get possession.

esired to get possession.

7. When taken alone, the charge to the et that if the counsel of the Central rail addreported that there were no debts of abilities, and the company relied on their port of what turned out to be false, although apot, who knew better, represented the sam hing, yet the company would be bound by the misinformation of counsel as between itself and Papot, would be error, but the record is onfused as to what this charge really was, th ground of the motion for new trial and the general charge differing but, construing the charge to-gether, it instructed the jury, in effect, cor-

rectly, that, if Papot had made no represen-tations and suppressed no facts which tended to induce the president of the Central rail-road to make the contract, and if the latter might recover; but if the president was in-fluenced by the conduct of Papot or any of his company to believe that the Vicksburg and Brunswick railroad company was not in debt when Papot knew it was, then he could not

s. While the charge complained of in the S. While the charge complained of in the eighth ground of the motion might have been more plainly put, yet, in effect, it correctly charged that knowledge of the agent about business entrusted to him by the principal, cquired by reason of the employment, is mowledge of the principal; but if he was also at the same time an officer of the company about whose condition he was employed make inquiry, then to his knowledge was no the knowledge of the company employing him and such charge could not have injured the Central railroad.

Although a request to charge may have been good law and applicable to the case, yet where it is substantially covered by the whol enor of the general charge, its refusal will not

equire a new trial.

10. A request to charge that, if the defendnts made the contract under consideration or the purpose of obtaining the use and con-rol of the road from Eufaula to Clayton, Alabama, and paid the full and fair value for such property, or agreed to do so, and they have lost the expected benefits of such contract by reason of dutstanding debts against said property at the time, of which they were ignorant, then the complainant could not recover, even hough any part of the consideration agree e given had not been paid, was too broad. mored the necessity for the participation o Papot & Company in causing this ignorance, or whether they knew the purpose of the de-fendants, or whether it was a part of the con-

11. There was sufficient evidence to support and no error of law appearing to require a new trial, its grant was error, 4 Ga., 170 - 50

Lanier & Anderson; Gustin & Hall, for Plaintiff in error. R. F. Lyen; A. R. Lawton, for defendants.

Doonan vs. Ives & Krouse. Complaint, from Fulton. Principal and Agent. Real Estate Agents. Commissions. Contracts. Vendor and Furchaser. (Before Judge Hammond.) Jackson, C. J.—Real estate brokers having rought suit for commissions against the seller a lot, claiming to have procured the purpaser, although the trade was consummated by the lot owner herself, it was admissible to prove by the purchaser that the brokers had no influence on him in the sale made to him. (a.) Brokers in whose hands property is blaced for sale, in order to carn commissions a account of the sale of such property, must either have sold it or been the produring cause of the sale. If the purchaser who was spoken to by them had abandoned all idea of the trade, and they had no influence at all in bringing it about, they would not be entitled to commissions, although the purchaser may subsequently have bought from the owner. 83 N. Y., 378: 20 How. (U. S.), 221.

2. It was admissible to show by the son and agent of the owner of the lot that he had seen the person who ultimately purchased before the brokers communicated with him about the property, and had told him it was for sale, and he had said that he would like to buy it, to hold it awhile. This bore upon the question whether or not the brokers procured the pur-

cheser as a probable buyer.

3. If real estate brokers set to work to sell property, and procured a customer or one likely to buy from them, and pending their negotia-tions with him, the owner interfered with a view to save commissions, knowing or having information that they were negotiating with him, and sold the property to the customer so procured by the brokers, even with some modifications of the terms on which she had authorized them to sell, then she could not deleat their commission; but if the negotiations were at an end between the purchaser and the brokers, and the owner sold to him without their sid, then they could not recover; er if the owner knew that the pur-chaser wished to buy, without their procurement of him as a purchaser, deriving her knowledge from nothing they had done in her employment, and sold on her own account to be person as an original customer or buyer then they could not recover. Hyams vs. Mil-ler, trustee, (Septembor Term, 1883). (a.) Because one puts property in the hands of brokers to sell, it does not follow from this

lone that he cannot himself seli. Judgment reversed.

Broyles & Johnston, for plaintiff in erro L. J. Winn; Jack J. Spalding, for defendant.

Beattie vs. Calhoun, ordinary, for use. Debt, from Fulton. Husband and Wife. Principal and Surety. Title. Carnishment. Administrators and Executors. (Before Judge

contract, being according to plaintiff's version, for fully cured meat, and the evidence uncontradicted being that ment salted thirty-five days is, in the trade, fully cured.

3. The coart did not abuse his discretion in not granting a new frial on account of newly discovered evidence.

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4. Leave the manton.

4. Leave the sure twas issued and served, and, in the granishment was issued and served, on discovered evidence.

5. The coart did not abuse his discretion in not grant

recovery against the husband. The surety's and for the wife's ultimate liability made a wild consideration for the deed of indemnity as to ber, but his bond for the husband's ultimate liability was not a valid consideration to support her deed for the purpose of indemnifying the surety as to his debts.

(a.) A surety, in order to be safe in relieving a married woman's effects from being involved in a lawsuit, must see to it that his suretyship extends only to her own relief and

volved in a lawsuit, must see to it that his suretyship extends only to her own relief and binds him only for her debt; otherwise her bargain to indemnify him is void, as being a deed or sale to secure another as well as her-

3. It does not matter that, in order to discolve the garnishment as to the wife, it was necessary also to dissolve it as to her husband. and that when the surety became such to release her money, it was necessary for him also to become the surety of her husband.

4. Such a deed having been made to indem-

4. Such a deed having been made to indemnify the surety on the garnishment bond of both husband and wife, and the liability having been determined to be that of the husband only, her deed was void; and where, after her death, the surety brought ejectment based on such a deed, her administrator could successfully have defended the case, and if he first filed a plea and then abandoned it and permitted a verdict to be taken against him, he ceuld be held liable by the heirs at law of the wife.

(a). The ground based on newly discovered nothing. Judgment affirmed.

Gartrell; E. N. Broyles, for plaintiff in error. W. R. Brown; Bigby & Dorsey, for defen-

Hendrix vs. Academy of Music. Motion to eet aside judgment, from Bibb. Corpora-tions, Stock. Charters. Contracts. Evidence. Pleadings. Fraud. (Before Judge

Simmons.)
Hall, J.-1. If a written subscription for stock was, or appeared to be, complete within itself, a subscriber could not go outside of it, so far as concerns the conditions upon which the cription was made; but where the writing does not purport to contain all the stipulations of the contract, parol evidence is admissible to prove other portions thereof not inconsistent with the rest. Code, \$3803 and cit.

(a.) A subscription in these words, "We, the undersigned, hereby subscribe for the amount stock opposite our names, and agree to pay of stock opposite our names, and agree to pay the same in four quarterly untailments, viz: February 15, April 15, June 15 and August 15, for the purpose of forming a company to erect an academy of music," was, on its face, an incomplete agreement. It was entirely silent as to the location and nature of the structure, whether the company was to be a joint stock company or an incorporation, what amount was necessary to accomplish the object sought, and as to the mode and method of raising the necessary fund to complete and equip the building, the specific purposes for which it was to be used, and the way in which its business was to be conducted.

(b.) It will not do to assume that the con-

(b.) It will not do to assume that the con tract is merged in the charter subsequently obtained. Whether the agreement, as understood by the parties thereto, is embodied in that charter, is the point in dispute, which can only be determined by testimony, which

was rejected.

2. In 57 Ga., 240, after a charter had been obtained, it was held that the subscriber contracted with reference to the charter, that the number of shares to be subscribed or the whole capital atock necessary to do the con-templated business constituted an important element in the contract, and that, if the amount fixed by the charter had not been subscribed, or having been subscribed, sub-scriptions had been released so as to reduce the capital stock materially, without the con-sent of the subscriber, his subscription could 3. It makes no difference that a subscrip

on was made in anticipation of the formation of an incorporated company. Where the capital stock is fixed at a given sum, divided into sheree of a certain amount each, the whole amount of the capital stock must be fully subscribed before an action will lie against a subscriber to recover assessments levied on the shares of stock, unless there is a clear provision in the contract to proceed with the accomplishment of the main design with a less subscription than the entire amount of the capital specified, or there

is a waiver, either express or implied, of the condition precedent; and whether or not there has been such a waiver is a question for the juy. 5 Mees. & W., 2, 4; 3 Met., 314; 16 Pick., 23; 9 Id., 195; 6 Cush., 53; 9 Mich., 269; 3 Kans., 76; 61 Me., 384; 30 N. H., 404; 35 Iows, 118; 6 Bing., 778; 5 Neb., 50, 73, 80; Hale vs. Sanborn, S. C. Nebraska, May 1884, 18 Beneries 479

(a.) The pleas in this case, taken as a whole, constituted a good and legal defense which should have been submitted to the jury, and it was error to strike them.

Judgment reversed.
Hill & Harris, for plaintiff in error.
R. W. Pattersor, for defendant.

Is This a Degenerate Age? No, it is not. People may how! and gru ble, but generally they are the very ones w themselves are degenerate, or who have degenerate stomachs and livers. It is a good age, for it has given us the best iron medicine the

world ever saw, and such as no previous age conceived of. Brown's Iron Bitters is just conceived of. Brown's Iron Bitters is just making the present age happy, for it cures dyspeptic, rheumatic and nervous people, and sets the languid people on their feet with joyful triumph. Mr. A. Berry, of North Castine, Maine, says: "Wife and I were both weak and in poor health. Brown's Iron Bitters.cured us."

Well-executed fen dollar counterfor notes upon the Cincinnati National bank, of Cincinnati, O., are in circulation.

One bottle of Dr. Fuller's Pocket Injection, with syringe combined, cures without capsules. \$1. All druggists.

A turnip grown near Marquette, Mich, weights is counds, meanware 24 tuches, in circumference, and pounds, measures 34 inches in circumference 12 inches in diameter:

Brown's Bronchial Troches will relieve Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases. They are used always with good

Chief Justice Waite, of the United States suprem court, has never missed a session of his court since he has been a member of it.

YOUNG MEN!-READ THIS. THE VOLTAIC BELT CO... of Marshall, Mich., offer to send their celebrated ELECTRO VOLTAIC BELT and other FLECTRIC APPLIANCES on trial for thirty days, to men (young or old) affilieted with nervous debility, loss of vitality and manhood, and all kindred tronbles. Also for rheumatism, neuralgia, paralysis, and many other diseases. Complete restoration to health, vigor and manhood guaranteed. No risk is incurred, as thirty days trial is allowed. Write them at once for illustrated pamphilet free.

The German authorities, with a view to discourage emigration, have forbidden the railways to carry emigrants at reduced rates.

Cincinkari, U., April 14, 1884.—S. B. Smira
& Bro., Covington, Ky.—Esteemed Sirs: I
have been troubled wish a serious kidney affection, and seeing your advertisement, concluded to try a bottle of your May Flower,
though without much hope of being benefited
by it, The first bottle worked splendidly, and
persevering with it use, I am entirely relieved
of my painful illness. Any one can write to
me and I will reiterate what is here written.

Mrs. E. Wither,
Walnut Hills, Cincinnati. O.



EXCITEMENT JUNABATED:

That Remarkable Experience of a Roches. ter Physician Fully Authenticated.

Cleveland, O., Herald.

Yesterday and the day before we copied into our columns from the Rochester, N. Y., Democrat and Chronicle a remarkable statement, made by J. B. Henion, M. D., a gentleman who is well known in this city. In that article Dr. Henion recounted a wonderful experience which befell him, and the next day we published from the same paper a second article giving an account of the "Excitement in Rochester," caused by Dr. Henion's statement. It is doubtful if any two articles were ever jublished which caused greater commotion both among professional people and laymen. Since the publication of these two articles, having been besieged with letters of inquiry, we sent a communication to Dr. Henion and also one to H. H. Warner & Co., asking if any we sent a communication to Dr. Henion and also one to H. H. Warner & Co., asking if any additional proof could be given to us as to the validity of the statements published. In answer thereto we have received the following letters, which add interest to the entire subject and verify every statement hitherto made:

ROCHESTER, N. Y.

Gentlemen: Your tower received. The sub-

Gentlemen: Your favor received. The po ished statement, over my signature, to which ou refer is true in every respect, and I owe my life and present health wholly to the power Warner's Safe Cure, which snatched me of Warner's Sale Cure, which snatched me from the very brink of the grave. It is not surprising that people should question the statement I made, for my recovery was as great a narvel to myself as to my physicians

J. B. HENION, M. D.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., January 21. Sirs: Acknowledging your favor duly received, we would say: The best proof we can give you that the statements made by Dr. Henion are entirely true, and would not have been published unless strictly so, is the follow-ing testimonial from the best citizens of Rechester, and a card published by Rev. Dr. Focte, which you are at liberty to use if you

To Whom it may Concern:
In the Rochester Democrat and Chronicle of In the Rochester Democrat and Caronicae of December 31, there appeared a statement in the form of a card from Dr. J. B. Henion, of this city, recounting his remarkable recovery from Bright's disease of the kidneys, after several dectors of prominence had given him up, by the use of Warner's Safe Cure. We are personally or by reputation acquainted with Dr. Henion, and we believe he would with Dr. Henion, and we believe he would publish no statement not literally true. We are also personally or by reputation well acquainted with H. H. Warner & Co., proprietors of that remedy, whose commercial and tors of that remedy, whose commercial and personal standing in this community are of the highest order, and we believe they would not publish any statements which were not

literally and strictly true in every particular.
C. R. Parsons (Mayor of Rochester).
W. D. Shuarr (ex-Surrogate Monroe County).
EDWARD A. FROST (ex Clerk Monroe County).
E. B. FENNER (ex District Attorney Monroe County).

ounty).

J. M. Davy, (ex-Member Congress, Rocheser,) John S. Morgan, (County Judge, Monroe co.) Hiram Sibley, (Capitalist and Seedsmsn.) W. C. Rowley, ex-County Judge, Monroe Co.) John Van Voorhis, (ex-Member of Con-

To the Editor of the Living Church, Chicago, Ill.
There was published in the Rochester Dem-There was published in the Rochester Democrat and Chronicle of the 31st of December, a statement made by J. B. Heuion, M. D., narrating how he had been cured of Bright's discase of the kidneys, almost in its last stages, by the use of Warner's Safe Cure. I was referred to in that statement, as having recommended and urged Dr. Henion to try the remedy, which he did, and was cured. The statement of Dr. Henion is true, so far as it concerns myself, and I believe it to be true in all other respects. He was a parishioner of mine and I visited him in his suckness. I urged him to take the medicine and would do the seme again to any one who was troubled with a disease of the kidneys and liver.

IERAEL FOOTE, (D. D.,)
(Late) Rector of St. Paul's Episcopal church, Rochester, N. Y.

As an evidence of the great march of modern civilization, it is stated that St. Peter's church, Rome, is to be lighted with electric lights. DURKEE'S COLD MEAT SAUCE & SALAD DRESSing, ready-made, nutritious, economical, deli cious. Nothing equal to it was ever offered, and it is invariably popular both at home and

Virginia punishes her state prison convicts by withholding their rations of tobacco. Two days brings the worst man to time.

All Wenkness of Gentta! Organs, Sernal Impotency, and nervous disorders permanently cured in thirty days, by the genuine Dr. Ricord's Restorative Pills. Bottles 59 pills \$1.25, 100 pills \$2.00, 200 pills \$3.50, 400 pills \$6.00. Magnus & Hightower, corner Pryor and Decatur streets, Atlanta: Wholesale by Lamar, Rankin and Lamar.

The latest thing in the way of soups is a puree

BURNETT'S COCCOAINE

Promotes the Growth of the Hair. And renders it dark and glossy. It holds in a liquid form, a large proportion of deodorized Co-COANUT OIL, prepared expressly for this purpose No other compound possesses the peculiar prop erties which so exactly suit the various condition of the human bair.

The pauper population of England exceeds by tome 100,000 souls the entire population of the great colony of New South Wales. Horsford's Acid Phesphate, for Alcoholism

Dr. J. S. Hullman, Philadelphia Pa., says:
'It is of good service in the troubles arising
from alcoholism, and gives satisfaction in my practice." The locomotive which hauls trains through the st. Gothard tunnel is fireless. The steam is supplied from a stationary botler.

ADELINA PATTI, the great songstress says of Solon Paimer's Perfumes, Toilet Soaps and other Toilet articles: "I unhesitatingly pronounce them superior to any I ever used." Principal Depot, 374 and 376 Pearl street, N.

FOR RENT-Miscettaneous.

NOTICE—THE ATLANTA AND WEST POINT relired company offers for rent its vacant freight depot in Atlanta, with the use of adjacent track. Apply to the undersigned at the office of said company. L. P. Grant, president. Atlanta October 25th, 1884. TOR RENT-ONE STORE ON WHITEHALL AND TOR KENT-ONE STORE ON WHITEHALL AND one on Alabama street. One front and other offices. John H. James.

FOR RENT-STOREROOM OCCUPIED BY US at No. 88 South Broad street. Possession given at any time after 15th instant. Apply on the premiser. M. Haralson & Co.

FOR RENT-ONE NICE FRONT ROOM, UN furnished. Apply 78 Luckie st. TO BENT-NO. 26 W. ALABAMA ST., STORE now occupied by Clark & Webster.

WANTED-To Rent. WANTED-TO RENT A COMFORTABE SIX room cottage with servants house and garden. Prompt paying party. Address J. R., general postoffe, city.

WANTED-TO BORROW FIVE HUNDRED dollars on good real estate, will pay 10 per cent for six months or one year. Address C. J.

FOUND! FOUND-SETTER DOG, OWNER CAN HAVE by calling at 79 Connelly st., and paying for this advertisement. J. F. Thompson.

LOST-POCKET BOOK CONTAINING \$40 AND A lot of railroad papers and receipts, valuable only to myself. Reward will be paid it left at the office of Capiain D. G. Wylie, yard master of Westeren and Atl-nite railroad. W. R. Elliott. Lost-A TARIFF BOOK CONTAINING TWO \$30 Loss. Will pay reward of \$5 for its return to W. R. Elliott. W. & A. E. R. HELP WANTED-Male,

WANTED-A RELIABLE WHITE BOY. MUST write good hand and be quick in figures. Ap-ply 91 Decatur street.

HELP WANTED-Females.

WANTED-A GOOD COOK. APPLY AT 45 WANTED — SEVERAL YOUNG LADIES OF good address for office work. Must have good reference, be capable and willing. Good salary to right partes. Call at 70% Whitehall street after Protessor Davis, up-stairs.

WANTEL-LADIES AND GENTLEMEN IN city or country to take light work at their own homes, \$3 to \$4 a day easily made; work sent by mail; no canvassing. We have good demand for our work and furnish steady employment. Address with stamp, Crown Manufacturing Company, 294 Vine street, Cincinnati, Ohio. SITUATIONS WANTED .- Maios.

WANTED-A YOUNG MAN WHO HAS LONG experience in book keeping and general business wants work. Will give as reference last employer, and best city references. Not afraid of work. "Bone," Constitution office. A N EXPERIENCED MALE COOK, COLORED desires employment; references—Dr. W. F A desires employment: references—Dr. W. F Gresham, Atlanta, Ga.: Mrs. Dr. Battey, Rome Ga. Address Crawford Stephens, Buckhead, Ga.

WANTED SITUATION-Female.

A YOUNG WOMAN (GERMAN) WHO IS ECON-chical and a good housekeeper, wants a situa-tion; address Mrs. H. Bertschin, Mt. Airy, Ga.

W ANTED-250,000 BRICK, ONE-THIRD LIGHT and two-thirds hard, delivered on ears in Marietta. Bids will be received up to Thursday afternoon. Apply to Geo. R. Eager, Marietta, Ga. dtf WANTED-OLD SILVER AND MUTILATED Vecins. Highest market price. Schuman's, corner Whitehall and Hunter and Peachtree and Forsyth streets.

WANTED-Boarders. PARTIES WISHING GOOD BOARD WILL DO well to consult this column. GOOD BOARDING HOUSE KEEPERS CAN keep their houses full by advertising in our ten cent column.

BOARD AT PORTER HOUSE FOUR DOLLARS BOARDERS WANTED-SIX OR EIGHT PER D sons can secure good board at very reasonab ates at No. 26 Capital avenue.

DLEASANT FRONT ROOMS, FURNISHED OR unfurnished, with board, can be had with Mrs. Lurtis, at 89 East Mitchell street.

MOST CONVENIENT BOARDING HOUSE IN the city, \$4.00 per week and \$1.00 per day. Capitel house, 42 E. Mitchell st. WANTED-House.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY-8 OR 4 ROOM house, (close in.) Terms moderate. Address M. A. C., care Constitution.

FIFTEEN HUNDRED DOLLARS TO LOAN ON Atlanta real estate only. No sum under \$100 tress P. O. Box 167, city. MO LOAN ON A 1 SHORT TIME COMMERCIAL 1 paper or collaterals; also a few thousand dollars on city property three to five years. Charles C. Nelson, 16/4 whiteball. sun tue thu the 1200 TO LOAN FOR 6 OR 12 MONTHS, ALSO advances made on city real salata into

LADIES COLUMN. OSTRICH FEATHERS CLEANED, DYED AND

curled by artistic workmen, also kid glove cleaned. I. Phillips, 18 N. Broad st. tu th su-tf PERSONAL. HARRY KROUSE, REAL ESTATE AGENT AND al estate, also short loans.

ZACK TAYLOR IS HERE AT 24 W. ALABAMA Zatreet, and keeps as of old a first ries. Sightle Carriages, buggies and horses for hire Sorrod sale, and plenty of room for boarding horses. 3m JAMES'S BANK-OPEN 8 TO 4. SELLS SMALL New York checks for less than postoffice orders. Will sell you New York checks after your bank is closed and take your check, thus saving you one day's use of the money. J. H. James.

MISCELLANEOUS.

1 advertisement in another column of this paper very interesting and full of facts. D. H. Dougherty & Co. AM SHORT, READ ME-YOU WILL FIND OUR BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY.

A GOOD BUSINESS FOR SALE—AN OLD E3-tablished grocery house wishing to a ointo the wholeade trade exclusively, will sell out their business, well located, on Peachtree street. They have a store 120 feet deep, with ample capacity for doing a large business. Terms cash. Address P. O. box 513

G. DOX 313.

FOR SALE-ONE OF THE BEST LOCATED drug stores in the city, reason for selling partner going in another business. For particulars address S. G. D., Constitution. su mo tu

REMOVAL. J. B. RELWINE HAS REMOVED HIS OFFICE to Room 26 Gate City National Bank building, corner Alabama and Pryor streets.

L'ARM WANTED-I WANT, FOR A GENTLE man living away from the city, a farm on line of reilway with "accommodation trains," near Atlants, for about \$1,250. Must be on right of way, within 20 miles of city, and be moderately level. If suitable place is offered I will buy it. Call on, or address by mail, Robert L. Rodg Room 30, over James Bank.

FOR SAIE-Real Estate. LARGE LIST OF IMPROVED AND VACANTproperty, some decided bargains, also several
paying mills and farms, Harry Kronse
to Feachtree.

TOR SALE—80 ACRES OF LAND, 254 MILES from city limits, snitable for a truck, stock or dsiry farm, wil sell all or part, cheap, part cash, balance on long time; address or call on C. K. Busbee, No. 102 Feachtree street. A 600D OFFICE FOR SALE. 25 ALABAMA st., at Clark & Webster.

FOR SALE-FINE MILCH COW WITH YOUNG call, second hand wagons, buggles, etc. No. 111 West Peters street. Call early. J. H. Gammel. FOR SALE-TWO SECOND-HAND FULL CARUM

FOR SALE-Miscolianeous.

FOR SALE CHEAP-GOOD SECOND HAND
"Fischer" Plano. Call 101 South Avenue.

FOR SALE-ONE 8 HORSE P ENGINE AND koller in good condition. Will sell chesp. Care Constitution Office, B. 21 FUE SALE-Building Material.

FOR SALE-Machinery.

Stop Using Poos and Rotten Cement from I. P. Harris, 12 Loyd street, every barrel of which is warranted pure and fresh. I. P. HABRIS IS NOW SOLE AGENT FOR THE lime and Howard cement; send in your orders.

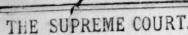
FOR RENT-Houses, Cottages, Bic.

FOR RENT-\$30.00—A NINE ROOM TWO STORY house. Good neighborhood. Inquire at T. C. F. H. I. G. P. H. Snook. FOR RENT-Rooms. FOR RENT-ONE FRONT AND ONE HALL room, 105 E. Michell, opposite new capitol stouches, good water and pleasant surroundings.

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES—THREE ADjoining first class front rooms, over Maddox &
Eucker's warehouse, for rent or lease at reduced
prices, with all modern improvements. Call and
examine at once, they are under the shadow of
the electric light at the Constitution.

1 OK Kl NT-Furnished Boo

FURNISHED FRONT ROOM WITH ATTENDING. Terms reasonable. 128 S. Forsyth street.



Published Daily and Weekly. ATLANTA. GEORGIA.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION is published every day in the week, and is delivered by carriers in the city, or mailed, postage free, at \$1 per month, 2.50 for three months, or \$10 a year.

THE CONSTITUTION is for sale on all trains eading out of Atlanta, and at news stands in the rinciple southern cities.

ADVERTISING RATES depend on location in the paper, and will be furnished on application. CORRESPONDENCE containing important news solicited from all parts of the country.

ADDRESS all letters and telegrams, and make all drafts or checks payable to

THE CONSTITUTION, Atlanta, Georgia.

HERE ARE SOME FIGURES That we commend to advertisers and the public generally. They are supported by affidavits, and will be proved in detail to all who will do us the favor to investigate. They refer to

THE WEEKLY CONSTITUTION. the growth of which we believe is unparalleled in American journalism.

THE GROWTH OF ONE YEAR: On January 1st, 1884, we printed... 9,600 copies, On January 1st, 1885, " ... 23,300 "

THE GROWTH OF ONE MONTH : On January 1st, 1885, we printed... 23,300 cop On February 2d, 1885, " " ... 29,000 " GAIN FOR MONTH OF JANUARY, 1885 5,700

THE GROWTH OF ONE WEEK:

February opens quite as well as January; the first week adding 1,400 names to our list and rais ing the circulation to 30,000 for the week, ending to-merrow, February 9tb. This means that we will reach 50,000 ci enlation for THE WEEKLY Constitution during the present year.

We assert that we have the largest bona fide circulation of any paper or periodical in the south, and that THE WERKLY CONSTITUTION reaches more farmers and villagers in the south than is reached by any other paper or periodical

It is easy to CLAIM indefinite circulation. We offer the proof for all that we claim. Our press register, our mailing lists, our cash-books, our postage account, our paper bills; the most de tailed and positive proof is open to inspection, which we heartily invite at the hands of any one

Our advertising rates for THE WEEKLY CONSTI-TUTION is 20 cents a line, with reasonable discounts for large contracts. This is the cheapest advertising offered. It is

A HALF A CENT PER THOUSAND, for actual circulation. At the admitted rate of five readers to each paper subscribed for

THERE ARE 150,000 READERS for THE WEEKLY CONSTITUTION next week. This immense constituency can be reached with a ten line announcement for \$2. This stattement carries its own suggestion.

30,000.

The weekly edition of THE CONSTITUTION printed yesterday numbered 30,600 copies. Our books and mailing lists are open to the Public. Our press 100ms are open to the public, and all who desire may see our Hoe perfecting press at work on the weekly edition next Monday between the 5. m. and 3 p. m

ATLANTA, FEBRUARY 10, 1885.

INDICATIONS for the South Atlantic states at 1 s. m.: local rains, followed by fair and much colder weather, winds shifting to northwesterly, higher barometer.

ITALY has communicated to England her offer of free service in the Soudan expedition. It is thus that kings barter lives like articles

IT seems that Mr. Gladstone ordered Wolseley's men to take a dangerous route to Khartoum because it would cost less money. The premier should send for Congressman · Holman, of Indiana, in whom he would find a suitable lieutenant.

THE northwest is blockaded with snow. which prevents locomotion and stops all commerce. The trains have had to stand still on all the railroads. The loss to life must be considerable, while the loss from the stoppage of trade cannot be computed.

A JAIL delivery in Brooks county exhibited a queer contradiction. The only man who ad a real interest in escaping gave the alarm is tellows, and remained in prison. Usually such conduct calls for recognition, but the crime for which the prisoner is held is of such a character that nothing short of the

rope should be given him. THE NEW ORLEANS EXPOSITION.

The great trouble with the New Orleans expesition appears to be miscalculation instead of downright mismanagement. The miscalculation, however, has had a very depressing effect not only on the public at large, but on the enthusiasm of those intimately connected with the exhibition. The miscalculation seems to have been in regard to the amount of money necessary to be spent in the mere adornment of the grounds and buildings and also as to the nature and extent of the interest which had been aroused. These mistakes have been extremely unfortunate, but they are not irremediable.

None of the funds have been misappropriated or misapplied except in the innocent direction to which we have alluded, and the report of the director general, which has just been made public, ought to be satisfactory to those who understand and appreciate the practical objects of the exposition. The delay in the opening of the exposition is due to the fact that the transportation lines were engaged in moving the cotton crop, and to the further fact that the foreign exhibitors delayed their shipments until they were assured that the government was taking a

substantial interest in the exposition. It seems possible, too, that the initial preparations were on too grand a scale, notwithstanding the fact that the exposition has outgrown the expectations of its projectors. All the mistakes and miscalculations appear to center around the time when the exposition materialized from an experiment to an accomplished fact—when it dawned on those in charge that they had an exceedingly large affair on hand, though not so large in certain directions as they supposed it would be. In handling an exposition such as that at New Orleans foresighi counts for nothing. but tact is everything-the tact to solve all the petty little problems that arise, and to dispose of the various degrees of disprobably not without reason-that the merchants and business men of New Orleans, as well as other classes, have betrayed a sad lack of interest in the exposition-in its development and success and in its final results. There seems to be a lack of spirit and unity in the matter of furthering the success of the exposition and in holding up the hands of those who, from praiseworthy motives, identified themselves with the exposition. Perhaps it is unjust to compare so slow-going a community as New Orleans with a town active, as aggressive and as thoroughly organized as Atlanta, but we cannot refrain from saying that the difficulties and troubles which now beset the exposition could not have occurred if those in control could have had the sympathy and the backing which Atlanta would have promptly supplied to an exhibition held under its auspices.

There is one point, however, to which we desire to call attention, namely, that the financial and other troubles in which the managers of the exposition appear to be involved has no bearing upon the success of the exposition so far as the public is concern-Indeed, the exposition is a conspicuous success. It is a combination of the products of art and agriculture such as will not likely be seen again in several generations, and we advise such of our readers as can spare the time to pay it a visit. A little prudence will enable them to steer clear of the thousand

and one swindles that have gathered in New

Orleans for a harvest. OLD PRICES COMING DOWN. The failure of the Hotel Bruwnswick, one of the prominent and fashionable hotels of New York, is attributed to the hard times. Very few of the large hotels in that city are making money. One of the proprietors of the hotel whose doors were closed last week, said recently: "Very few people are traveling except those who are compelled to do so on business, and many reputed wealthy people who stop permanently at hotels are not paying their bills as promptly as has been

their wont." The nature of the times has confined the business of the great hotels and elegant restsurants to business men and to people of great wealth. The men of limited means and uncertain income have ceased to travel, no matter how great their desire for display or the passion of sight seeking. The flush broker and the general speculator have dropped out, and the adventurers avoid the places where charges are high. The great are economizing, and the mass result is empty rooms in the hotel palaces, and unused tables in the extravagant restaurants.

The reason for this change is not wholly found in the hard times, but partly at least in the fact that hotel and restaurant prices remain at the old figures, although labor and materials are much lower than they have been in many years. Hotel prices even in hotels of the first class can scarcely become an exception to the tendency of the times, and it seems plain that such places must either keep step with the times or be to some extent vacant. People will not accept in times of economy war prices; They will either stay at home, or if compelled to travel, seek places where reductions have been made. The failure of the hotel in New York is significent of the change that is going on in all branches of business. Economy on the part of consumers, and reductions on the part of middlemen and producers are the order of the day, and the man or set of men who resists the movement will be apt to be hurt. Lower prices will prevail while the period of depres-

ITALY IN EGYPT. Italy is not seeking glory alone in propos-

ing a close alliance with England, present and future, both in and out of Egypt. She is ambitious no doubt to be recognized as one of the great powers of Europe, and she is willing to link her immense army with England's immense navy. But she proposes to secure at once and in territorial acquisition some of the benefits of the alliance. She has long had a settlement at Assab on the Red sea, where she first went to secure redress for the murder of three Italian traders. Beyond the occupation of Assab she never got any satisfaction, and so she has concluded to sieze all the territory from Massowah to Beilul, of the Red sea littoral, for the purpose of founding a colony. She would like to gather in Tripoli, as France did Tunis, but she i afraid at present of protests and complica tions that would be embarrassing. If she becomes an active ally of England in Egypt and things go on swim-mingly, it is very likely that Tripoli will go the way of the Red sea district. Turkey has, of course, protested against the occupation of the Red sea ports, and Italy, while admitting on paper the claims of that country as suzerain, insists that she must occupy the coveted territory in order to protect her own subjects after the English garrisons are withdrawn. The protest of the porte carries with it no menace, and there is no other power to object. England is willing, and France and Germany are up to their necks in land-grabbing schemes. Austria and Russia have no interests in the Red sea littoral. Italy will therefore hold the coast line she has seized, and it will be strange if in the fortunes of the movement to crush the mahdi, she does not find an opportunity and an ex-

cuse for the annexation of Tripoli also. THE committee which has charge of the river and harbor bill has been induced to cut out the Eads appropriation. This is a very serious matter. Suppose that Mr. Eads should take a notion to se ccde, and ally himself with some foreign power?

Among other objections to the Panama canal it is urged that it will divert the gulf stream from its course and cause climatic changes which will physically revolutionize the world. An excitable ientist predicts that the result will be to render England uninhabitable, and that the surrounding waters will be frozen and abandoned to the walrus, while the reindeer vill change his base to South America. This vivid picture is well calculated to create general consternation, but it is altogether fanciful. According to Professor Taylor, of the Smithsonian institute the Panama canal will not affect the course of the gulf stream in the slightest degree. The forces of nature are on too grand a scale to be overturned by a dozen such canals. The canal is not located in very close proximity to the gulf stream, and the power and depth of the stream render it proof against the auraction of the shallow canal. There

is not the slightest occasion for alarm. THERE is great confusion in the news that come from Egypt: so much so that one would be just fied in believing either that the mabdi converted Gordon at the last moment, or that Gordon him Perkins is at the Egyptian end of the wires.

THE old settlers are making the rural editors atisfaction that spring up in every direction. happy by bringing out their relics. This shows that them inhone of winter is about broken.

A WESTERN poet has broken three pairs of pa uspenders and a corkscrew in an effort to m 'breast" rhyme with "pillow-case." He will n join Eads in petitioning congress for an appropriation to carry on the work.

THE fact that F. S. Fitch, formerly of Griffin, has been advertised for and can't be found shows the mutations of time, so to speak. There was a period-an epoch we may say-when every man, man and child in Georgia could tell you the postoffice address of the irrepressible Fitch. At that time he was editing the Griffin Star-a very lively paper-and had distinguished himself in Griffin society by being the first of several hundred citizens to board each passing train in search of a glass of ice-water. Times have changed. The young men of Griffin no longer take possession o the trains, and Fitch cannot be found. He is farming somewhere in the lonesome state of Ala

In the course of a few weeks the only evidence the country will have of the existence of the republican party will be the boarse howis of the organs as they retire into their respective caves of

When a new man goes to a strange city and takes control of a newspaper he will find it advisable to go slow in the matter of personal sensa tions. Editor Little, of Cincinnati, went to St Louis about a month ago and took charge of the Chronicle for the purpose of building it up. He believed personal journalism was the proper caper, and attacked things right and left. One of his sensations was to the effect that Colonel W. H. Swift had trifled with the affections of a widow threatened to bring a breach of promise suit. Colonel Swift was absent on his wedding tour, but his son, a young man from Texas, was on deck. Young Switt promptly called at the Chronicle office, and gave Editor Little 1 terrible beating, and came within an ace of killing him. The Cincinnati journalist after this foreible remonstrance, will probably change his methods Sensational journalism in St. Louis is evidently

finer art than it is in Cincinnati. HON. JOHN H. TRAYLOR has made a fine record in the Texas senate. He is a Georgia boy, a son of Senator Traylor, of the thirty-seventh district, be lones to good stock, and has reflected credit upor bimself and his native state. Mr. Traylor's abill ties are such as to justify the prediction that he has a brilliant and successful career before him It is always pleasant to chronicle the progress of such men.

THE recent attack of the Rev. Dr. John Todd, of New Haven, upon American college training has stirred up the professors and provoked bitter replies. Dr. Todd now returns to his mutton and devotes himself to Yale college. He says that the graduates of Yale cannot speak either the ancient or he modern languages, that they have no considera ble acquaintance with literature, and have only s mattering knowledge of their studies. He admits, however, that they have a thorough acquaintance with the rules of athletic games, the ecoposition of mixed drinks and the mysteries of

THE Voice, the new temperance weekly, pubished by Funk & Waynalls, in New York, is anyhing but a tame paper. It is making a vigorou and sensational warfare upon the liquor traffic In its last issue it says that the bosses of the various National Liquor Sellers' associations have sent word to the democratic mangers in the south and to the national democratic committee that the prohibitory laws in Georgia, Missouri, Tennessee, Mississippl, Carolinas and other states ucky, Carolinas

oust no longer be enforced, and that if they are enforced the liquor men will hold the national democratic party responsible and will defeat it in every northern state, and in the border states. It makes no difference what messages the liquor men send to the politicians. Public opinion in locali ties settles the prohibition question, and under the local option system the people vote without drawing party lines.

THE Memphis Avalanche has evidently allowed its good nature to lead it into unjournalist paths. It has yielded to a request to keep some thing out of the paper, and upon reflection it get mad. Here is the way-it talks the day after it got left: "It is time that swaddling clothes were taken off the Memphis press. The day for suppressing news is gone. The Avalanche from now on wi tell what occurs. The best way to suppress is to prevent. We have served our apprentice ship. We intend to give the news. The man who tries to prevent a newspaper from telling somehing that implicates him takes an unfair advan tage in the game of life. The newspaper that allows itself to be prevented is a fool. The Ava anche is a fool. But for the last time."

A GREAT many of our esteemed exchanges iquiring why two such men as General Early and Genral Beauregard should indorse the scheme by which the Louisiana lottery draws vast sums m the pockets of the people. Perhaps these gentlemen will write a card.

THE republic of Mexico appears to be in imminent danger of being wiped out by the state of Texas. Special advices from Eagle Pass report umerous cattle thieving raids from Mexico into he border Texas counties, and the enraged Texans have organized armed bodies and inaugurated bloody warfare. Thirteen Mexican bandits have been slain near Canzo Springs within the last three weeks. The Mexicans are indignant and several bands are preparing to invade Texas. On this side of the Rio Grande volunteer companies of Texans have collected in bodies number ing from ten to six hundred men. While no war between the two countries is anticipated it is thought that the fighting along the border for some time to come will be lively enough to satsfy the adventurous spirits engaged in it.

THE weather is blusterly and changeable, bu the rumors and accounts of elopements that come to us convince us that the sweet influence spring is abroad in the land.

POLITICAL NOTES.

THESE are times when many are called, but

HENRY GEORGE is mentioned as a possible parliamentary candidate for Caithnesshire, Scot-GLASTONE carried the war into Africa at the

demand of the Jingoes, and the Jingoes turn and rend him. THE New York Morning Journal says that General Horatio C. King, of Brooklyn, is almost sure to be made secretary of war by Cleveland. Solomon Hirsch, the foremost republican candidate for the United States senate from Ore

gon, is a member of the upper house of the legis lature, and has been for some years a recognized party leader. KLOTZ, the lumber millionaire of Shasta Cal., is an ardent democrat, and he has an enor mous slab pile that has been accumulating fo yeers It is to be fired on the 3d of March in honor of Cleveland's inauguration. The blaze will be seen one hundred miles.

HON. JOHN GOODE, though strongly pressed by friends to make the gubernatorial race in Virginia, declines to be considered a candidate, and makes public announcement that he could not, under any circumstances, a zept the nomination.

THERE are nearly 11,000 officers and subor-

dinates in the dopartments of the New York city and county government. The highest salary paid is to the city chamberlain, who receives \$25,000 out of which he is required to pay his deputy and ing to accept the position of commissioner of pe

sions; Congressman Thompson, of Kentucky, the office of commissioner of internal revenue, and Congressman Ferrell, of New Jersey, is ready to succeed the present commissioner of agricul-THERE are at present three members of the British house of commons who have sat for a pe riod of fifty consecutive years and over. They are Mr. Gladstone, who has sat for fifty-three years; Mr. Taibot, who was elected in 1830 for Glamoran, has represented the same constituency for fity-five years; and C. P. Villiers, who has been member for Wolverhampton for fifty years.

WILLIAM MAXILLARY EVARTS is credited by

a Washington correspondent with owning a fine house "but a few steps from the senate wing of the capitol," but it has taken a great many steps to get W. Maxilarry within gunshot of the long desiderated senate wing. It is surmised, too, that this Washington house was founded on fond an-ticipations some time ago, and that the date of the deed for the property is twenty-four years back, say about 1860.

I WANT to be a P. M., And with the P. M's stand: An ink-pad on the table, A stamper in my hand.
And there before the letters
I'll work with glowing face,
And thank the great unterrified
For giving me the place.
—Davenport (Inwa) Gazette.

THE long-time speaker of the senate is Morgan, of Alabama. He still speaks nearly every day in the senate, and is utterly incapable of making a short speech. He has a very monotonous delivery, and has no attractive features to please or hold the attention of an audience. Yet he is one of the best lawyers in the senate. His speeches will probably read better than those of any of his fellow senators. He uses classical English. His knowledge of the law is not sur-passed by any of the northern senators.

THE secretaryship of "state is said to be in the condition of first, second and third choice. Bayard is first choice, Lamar second, and Pendleon third. Another name has been recently men-joned in connection with this place. It is that of ex-Congrasman McLean, of Maryland. He has een diplomatic service, and is a thoroughly ex-perienced public man. The objection to him, nowever, is that he is too old and does not belong to modern times. Mr. Cleveland wants young, rigorous men.

MRS. LUCILLE YSKULTE DUDLEY said recently: "I wish the government would give Rossa and me permission to settle this affair between ourselves. I would challenge Rossa to a duel. We could have it right here in the Tombs yard, where nobody would be hurt. Twelve paces would be my distance." "Rossa is about well." suggested the reporter. "So much the better. He will soon be ready ler another bullet. I can tell the caliber of tae pisiol that will kill him. He and Joice and four or five others are doomed."

PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE.

IF Yseult, Dudley will tell us how she proounces her front name all will be forgiven .- Cir cinnati Enquirer. THE gossips have engaged Senator Jones, of

Florida, and a daughter of Senator Pendleton, but the report is authoritatively denied on both THE new club house of the New York Ath-

etic club, which was formally opened on Thurs-

day evening, is five stories in height and cost \$150 000. Mr. William R. Travers is president of the THE man who discovered one of the richest silver mines in Leadville received \$40,000 for his find, and the two purchasers made \$1,000,000 each

within a year. The discoverer applied recently for a night's lodging in a Leadville stationhouse. ALL sorts of pleasant things are said of that worthy woman, Miss Susan B. Anthony, who at ixty four looks no more than fifty, talks well, is very amiable and wears good clothes and a plea

THE marriage of the prince of Colonna and Miss Eva Mackay will be celebrated on Thursday next. Mr. Morton, the American minister, and the Duc Decazes will act as witnesses for the bride, and Prince Doria will perform a similar office for THE venerable historian, George Bancroft,

ecalls with delight that he discussed Byron with Goethe at Weimar and Goethe with Byron at Monte Nero. Half a century from now someb-will record his joy at having talked with Geo Bancroft about George Bancroft. SENATOR HOAR is said to be the worst story

ller in the senate. He likes to entertain his riends by relating funny incidents now and then out they say he would spoil the most laughable tory ever known in the telling of it. SENATOR GARLAND rarely ever goes to the theater. It is only about once in four or five

years that anything is presented upon the boards which he cores to see. It is told on him that several years ago he went to see Joe Jesterson in Rip Van Winkle the whole week through—seven performances—and then regretted that "Rip" was not to run another week. LORD WOLSELEY, commander-in-chief of the

Eritish forces in the Soudan, was born in county Dublin, Ireland, in 1833. His full name is Garne loseph Wolseley. Entering the British army in Joseph Wolseley. Entering the British army in 1832, he served in Burmah, in the Crimea, in India during the Sepoy mutiny, and in China in 1860. For several years after, in 1867, he was stationed in Cansada, and was krighted for his services in suppressing the Red river rebellion. In 1874 he brought the Ashantee war to a successful conclusion, and was made a major general and knight-commander of the Bath. He succeeded Lord Chelmsford as commander-in-chief in Zululand. heimsford as commander-in-chief in Zululaud, nd reduced King Ceteway to submission. In 1882 a was appointed to the command of the English orces in Egypt, and after a short, but brillian ambaign, put an end to the rebellion of Arabi

SENATOR BAYARD is famous among the epi cures of the national capital for his skill in pr parin terraping for the table. The senator always goes into the kitchen, and prepares the terrapin with his own hands for his invited guests. He has the knack of imparting a peculiar delicacy and flavor to the dish which none of the professional cooks can imitate. He flavor it so as to render the dish more than usually entrancing to the palate. "Have you never eaten Bayard's terrapin?" recently asked one gentleman noted as a connoisseur in all that pertains to good living, of another who lives chiefly to est and dink. "You never did?" continued the first. "Then you really don't know what terrapin is." The gentleman who received this bit of information will never rest until he gets his feet under Senator Bayard's mahogany. parin terraping for the table. The senator always

GARRETT'S GREAT FORTUNE.

The Lonely Life of the Great Railroad King. New York Letter to the Cincinnati Enquirer. A man of business, having strong relatio

Baltimore, said to me yesterday: "It would be an interesting matter for you to go into the will of John W. Garrett." Said I: "How much did he leave?"

"The estate amounts to \$35,000,000," said my friend. "Nobody had the least idea of it. It is the largest estate ever accumulated in Marylandvery much more than that of Johns Hopkins, and is three times greater than many people consid-

ered it would be." "What is it invested in?" I asked.
"Chiefly in the Baltimore and Ohio railroad and its extensions and branches, and some of it is in

its extensions and branches, and some of it is in real estate."
Said 1: "What do you desire to call my attention to in Mr. Garrett's life?"
"To its singular methods. He had hardly a friend in the world but his wife. He was at war with everybody and everything. The moment he stepped outside of his door he seemed to enter the domain of hostility. He was in condict with the politicians, with the city of Baltimore, with the Maryland legislature, with the authorities at Washington, with his cotemporaries of all kinds, and with nearly all the parallel railroads. After he had lost his wife there seemed to be hardly a spot for him to look for shade and rest. Yet he turns out to have been true to his purpose of riches. He saved himself enormous commissions by keeping up a banking house of his own which his sons controlled. Eachert Gare purpose of riches. He saved himself enormous commissions by keepinz up a banking house of his own, which his sons controlled. Robert Garrett he designed to take executive charge of his state, and his other son, Henry, who was a man of cultivation, too, he kept at the head of the banking house. In that banking house all the transactions of Mr. Garrett were concealed. If he had operated through any other house his secrets would have leaked out. He has left Henry Garrett, the head of the house, worth \$12,000,000. His daughter Mary is the richest single woman in America, worth \$12,000,000. On or more. Miss Garrett is still a young woman, not more than twenty-six or twenty-eight, I should think, or thereabouts. She has never married, and did a good deal of her father's correspondence and particular work. She is a woman of coltivation, and rumor in Baltimore has said that she is going to marry a physician there."

The Pipe Was "Busted."

From Detroit Free Press. "Say," he called as he entered a plumber's shop "there's something the matter at our house."

"there's something the matter at our house."
"Well, what is it?"
"Our water-pipe has all frozen up."
"Yes."
"At d the hired girl says, she didn't do it, and masays she didn't do it, and pasays he'll put a bullet into some plumber before night."
"And you want me to come up?"
"I guess we do. The hired girl she's quit, and all the ceilings are leaking down, and ma and pa are talking at out a divorce."
"Well, I'll go up."
"Well, you'd better wait till pa goes down town and ma sets off to the roller rink, and then you come around to the back door and knock three times, and I'll let you in."

ECHOES FROM THE PEOPLE. Tanning Skins With the Hair on, Subscriber, Bowden, Ga.: What is the best method of tanning dog skins and others for fur costs, caps, etc?

Spread out the skin with the flesh side up; have ready a mixture composed of two parts of salt and two parts of saltpetre and alum combined, pounded yery fine. Sprinkle this thickly and evenly over surface of the skin; then roll it up and leave it a few days till the applied powder has become quite dissolved. Then stretch the skin tightly on a board and scrape it until the pelt' is quite free rom any adhering bits of flesh or membrane Place the stretched skin in the sun till it is dry then rub well with neat's foot oil, and put in the sun again for a day or two. Then scrape the oil all off with a piece of wood, and dust thoroughly with plaster of paris or whiting which has been heated quite hot in an oven, rubbing it in with a flannel cloth. Now, when dried and well brushed. the skins are ready for manufacture into garments, etc. Animals should be killed in the winter time when the growth of short fur under the hair, which nature provides for the protection of the animal during the cold season, is in the best con-

Gordon and Khartoum.

H. B. H., Talladega, Ala.: 1. What was Gordon's career before he went to Khartoum? What is the size of Khartoum and what kind of place is it?

Gordon is an Englishman. He began his career as a subaltern in an engineer corps in the Crimean war. In this campaign he received the French oration of the Legion of Honor. At twenty six he was a captain in the British army, a major at thirty, and colonel and commander of the order of Bath at thirty-two. In China he led the armies of the emperor against the rebels, gaining victory in every battle. While leading his troop ne directed their movements with a little bla cane, and this came to be known as "Gordon's magic wand or victory." In Egypt Gordon succeeded in suppressing the slave trade, and when the present troubles arose he was commissioned to extricate the garrison in the Soudan and reconstruct the country upon its old basis of local government. Arriving at Khartoum he put the place in a condition to resist a siege for years, and made it proof against everything except treason 2. Khartoum is on the west bank of the Blue Nile about a mile from its junction with the White Nile. The resident population is from 50,000 to 5,000, of which two-thirds are slaves. About 1,50 Europeans, Syrians, Copts, Turks and Jews live in the city. Mats, cotton cloth, ropes and filagree silver work are manufactured, and there is a con siderable export and import trade. The house are mostly of sun-dried brick, and there are very few good buildings.

Antiquity of Glass.

H. J. C., Thomson, Ga.: How old is the art o ass making?

The oldest specimen of pure glass in existence is molded lion's head bearing the name of an Egyptian king of the eleventh dynasty. It was made 2,000 years before Christ. Dr. Schliemann found glass in the excavations at Mycenae. In fact it is hard to fix a period when glass-making was not carried on.

He Thought it Would Do.

From the Chicago Herald. "I want a divorce from my wife," said a Wash ngton street broker to his attorney, "but I don't

know how to begin it." "Any ground for scandal?" asked the attorney, "No: oh, no."

"Did she ever hit you?" "No; her temper is quite even."

"Did she ever blow out the gas." "No-she lets it burn. Maybe that would be rounds, eh?" "No," said the attorney, "In that case she rould call to her aid the gas company, and we

yould have to struggle with a monopoly. That wouldn't do. "No." said the applicant, sadly.

Did she ever scald any of the children?" asked be attorney, brightening up. "Haven't got any to seald. I suppose it wouldn't o to say she scalded the children of the next-door

"No."
"Then I don't know what to do or say."
Then both men looked thoughtfully out of the rindow for nearly seven minutes
"She drank out of the finger bowl at the hotel then we was on our bridal tour," said the husery beginstrant.

band, hesitatingly.
"If you get the date and witnesses," said the awyer quickly, "I think that will be sufficient—inder our law."
Then they went out together and called for two chooners of beer.

A Sensible View.

from the Philadelphia Times. A youth who is old enough to earry a pistol is old enough to know that it is loaded, and old enough also to be held responsible for the conse quences of exploding it. When a pistol or gun aimed in the sportive way so familiar, has gone of and killed the person aimed at, the joker is plunged in misery and there is a general feeling that the sense of the mischief he has done must be a sufficient punishment. No doubt it is so, but it is not so much for the sake of punishing the in-dividual as to hold up a warning to other careless persons that these reckless jokers should be made to feet the rigor of the law.

The Cute London "Cop."

From the New York Tribune. The London policemen seem to be of wonderfully trustful disposition for men who see so much of the worst side of human nature. One of them stopped an American the other day, because he carried a "suspicious looking" tin box. The offi-cer wanted him to "swear on his honor" that it did not contain dy swear of his honor that it did not contain dy amite. The American "swore" and was allowed to proceed. Apparently the policeman reasoned that a man who carried dynamite could not lie about it. Such faith in the word of a stranger is touching and chivalrous, but over here such a policeman would be considered decidedly in need of salting.

Her Grip on the Egyptian Situation. From the Chicago News.

"Hubby, I was reading last night that General Gordon had no arms."

"That means, my dear, that he never carried a pistol or a sword." "Oh! Well, anyway, it was real mean of that Mr. Mahdi to pitch onto an unarmed man, wasn't

it, hubby?" "But General Gordon had soldiers to guard him, "Oh, did be?"

Stole a Sermon.

From the Pittsburg Chronic While the Rev. Heber Newton, of New York, was eading the service last Sunday, a thief stole into the vestry and carried off his sermon, leaving him to preach from such notes as he could hastily make. As the sermon was a reply to Ingersoll make. As the sermon was a reply to ingerse could the thief have been some free thinker w was afraid that the Rev. Mr. Newton would o mollsh the arch agnostic? Whoever the thief a wbatever his motive, Mr. Newton must feel hi self complimented in being victimized, as the are not many ministers whose serm ered so precious as to tempt a thief.

From the Cincinnati Enquirer. "How to Tell a Pretty Woman," is the title of a little romance from the Spanish. We do not know

how it is in Spain, but in this country we tell a

pretty woman the same as we tell a good horse,

a level with your lips, and then whisper it to Pictorial Effects. Frem the Washington Star. If Mr. Evarts could see some of the alleged por traits of him that are appearing in the newspaper just now he would certainly be sorry that he wa elected senator. Success at such a price seems to

could see the frightful caricatures which repre-sent her, one must think she would be glad see is dead.

come too bigh. On the other hand, if Mrs. Gaine

From the Chicago News.
"I see President-elect Cleveland sat at dinne

with twelve other persons the other day."
"Well, what of it!" "Why, it's bad luck to be the thirtaenth at a ta-ble, isn't it?"
"Yes, when there's only food enough for twelve." THE FALLEN JUDGE

Ambitious Young Lawyer Ran With "The Boys" and the Result,

NATIONAL LAW

NOT ACCOMPLISHING

The Women Suffragists Beseiging t Champions in Both Houses—N the Interstate Commerce Bill of an Extra & ssion—Other

WASHINGTON, February 9 --

and then congresss has a note

day. Such was last Friday.

sidered little more than one of

was consumed in undignified a

personalities, and in so-ca speeches. At that rate of pro

and harbor bill would occupy

half in its passage through o

senate was doing hardly n house. An hour of its time w

Senator Palmer, of Michigan

proposition of his own to incor

of woman's suffrage in the

read a ponderous mass of man

subject. Half a dozen senator

blance of attention and a the regular habitues of

looked lazily down on the phle gander. Two ladies who occup

reserved gallery, attracted mor

the orator. They drank in ev

exchanged looks of cordial app quently. They were Susan B.

Elizabeth Cady Stanton. At

man's rights convention, held

these sisters were the its. They were delegated to to take immediate action for the downtrodden women of the coninduced Senator Palmer to open

induced Senator Palmer to open Congress at every session is as dear old ladies who are devoting this crusade for the right of the forty-third congress they muster votes in the house, but they have been considered in the proposed singular they have some staunch for gress. The senate has a special woman suffrage, a majority of ware in favor of the proposed amendment. Mr. Hoar, of Mathe most pronounced advocate

famous for his bank account.

of the river and harbor bill.

REMARKABL

From the Youth's Companion. Twenty-five years ago a young lawyer, tired of waiting for clients in his native town, opened a law office in the city of New York. As business came in slowly, he drifted into politics, and his pleasant manners, aided by his fluent tongue, made him popular with "the boys" who pack ward

meeting and nominate candidates. In order to make new friends and retain old nes, he visited saloons and barrooms, and made himself "hail fellow, well met" with the loca himself "hail fellow, well met" with the local politicians. The little money he earned during the day was spent at night in "treating" the men he wished to use as stepping-stones.

Occasionally an old friend met him, and seaing his surrounding and tell-tale looks, dropped a word of caution. "Yes, yes, I know!" he would reply. "But, you see, I am making friends; when I carry out my purpose, I will drop them. Polities, you know, makes strange bedfellows, and when one is in Rome, he must do as 'the Romans do.'"

when one is in Rome, he must do as 'the Roman do.'

The "boys" elected him judge of the Marine court When he took his scat, at a high salary, his old fashioned friends again cautioned his his old fashioned friends again cautioned his direction. You shall have no cause to be ashamed of the judge in the future!"

He did remove himself from his barroom asset ates, and tried to do his duty as a judge and a good citizen. But he had formed the habit of drinking, and that he did not eradicate. Instead of visiting saloons, he became a member of a fashionable club, and drank champagne instead of whisty. The club men were more genteel than the ward politicians, but not more helpful to a man who had promised himself to break away from evil.

When the judge's term of office had expired, the "boys" resented being dropped. He was not reelected, and the failure unmanned him. He took up again with whisky, and became so dissipated that his genteel associates would not recognize him. He sank iower and lower, living in vifolodgings and frequenting vile groggeries.

One morning, a wiek or two ago, a dozen vagrants and drunkards stood in the "dock" of a New York police court. As the justice looked over the group, he saw the judge, venerable from his long white locks and beard.

"What! You hear again!" he exclained, and he shook his head sadly.

"Yes, judge; and I want to be sent up to the sland for the winter. I've no home, no moner.

"Yes, judge; and I want to be sent up to the island for the winter. I've no home, no money, and no triends."

He was committed to the work-house, where he had already served several terms. It is not necessiry to give the man's name. The facts of his lineare sufficient for the purpose we had in view, which is to show that ruin follows by an inevitable law when men adopt such methods to secure position as this man adopted. To-day his severest punishment lies in the knowledge of what he has lost by his own unwise acts, and from the clear perception of what, but for his folly, he might have been.

Twenty-One Persons with Tails. From the London Standard.

Pleased with the South.

Mayor Smith, of Philadelphia, who has just re-

urned from a visit to the New Orleans exposition

is delighted with his reception and with the man;

evidences witnessed of growth in southern com

munities. He thinks Atlanta, Georgia, is destined

munities. He thinks Atlanta, Georgia, is destined ere long to become the Lowell of the sonth in one sense, and a second Chicago as a financial center. He regards the world's exposition as an astonishing exhibit of the growing energy and business enterprise of the routhern people, and as a conclusive evidence of the beginning of the new era of industrial progress in the southern states. He says the exposition in its magnitude outrivals the centennial exposition of 1876, and is laid out to better advantage. The exhibits are under a fewer number of roofs, and the buildings are arranged to give a comprehensive view of the features from each state and city.

Just So.

England has won victories in the Soudan at an

enormous cost of blood and money. Probably the

ucky day for England when Mr. Gladstone put his finger in the Egyptian pie to pull out a plum, which he hasn't up to this time secured.

Two Hundred Thousand Dreams.

Of every poet's brain Could guide my pen's description Of thine own 'self-t'were vain!

For tho' ten thousand visions

Combined to make one picture,

Which pictured thee-e'en then

Of twice ten thousand men,

The beauty of that picture

Diviner and sublimer,

Tho' t'were surpassing fair-

Than all such visions were-

To my conception's height,

Would fall as short in rising

As doth the glow-worm, flashing,

Upon a starry night.
Lack in its scope and brightness
To that impetuous light,
With which, in winged splendor
The meteor ploughs its flight!
st, N. ?

If all the fair conceptions

[Dedicated to the girl who never made, or tried

worst is yet to come. On the whole, it was an un

From the Cincinnati Times-Star

to make a "crazy quilt."]

The discovery of the tailed man has been so of-

amendment. Mr. Hoar, of Mr. the most pronounced advocate of woman's rights to be found Senator Dawes, his colleague, is friend. Senator Blair, of New ready to do battle for the time and Senator Fair has a stoward the woman suffragists. mer has made himself solid the extractor practice in the large state. ten announced that until he is actually captured. photographed, lionized, and duly reported on, we shall continue skeptical regarding the "well-suthenticated statement" of this interesting person-age running wild, and presumably naked, in the woods of New Britain. The fact that some exmer has made himself solid
the extreme position in their f
his recent speech.

Ex-Speaker Keifer is
of this reform idea in the
se sion he delivered himself
et ogy of woman and her mis
the ballot box. The
ford, of Colorado, i tremely inaccessible spot has invariably been se lected for his abode has enabled successive gener ations of romancers to remain uncontradicted not they and their story were forgotten. Since the famous Lord Monboddo's time there have been famous Lord Monboddo's time there have been plenty of assertions which would have been good enough proof for a theorist ready to catch at any straw, though scarcely weighty enough for ethnologists. For example, a certain Colonel du Corret reported to the French academy that when in Mecca forty-three years ago he saw at the house of the emir a "Ghliane" slave named Belial, who had a tail three inches long and as faxible as a monkey's. Unfortunately, Colonel du Corret is not generally admitted to have ever been in Mecca, though the account which he gives has to an appreciable extent been repeated, if not confirmed by other tellers of wondrous tales. John Struys, a Dutch traveler who visited Formora in 1677, asserted that he saw in the interior of that Island a savage "with a tail more than a foot long, covered with red hair and very like that of a cow," an appendage which, he adds, was common to all the inhabitants, and "was the effect of the climate." Horneman transferred the story to the Nim-Niams, who were evidently the people to whom M. du Corret referred. Again and again have travelers in Ethiopia alluded to be belief in the tailed men which crists among the Abyssinians. Dr. Wolff was quite canvinced of the truth of the story of there belig men and women in Abyssinia "with tails tike dogs and horses"—so ponderous that they use them as weapons; and adds that such people also live near China. Dr. Hubsch was a man of good status, though at the time his reputation for strict adherence to the truth was not unquestioned by skeptics. In reality, it is now known that such deviations from the normal state of matters are by no means unique. Setting aside the story of a child in Newcastle which was born with a tail two 'nehes long and a wolfshe expression quite in keeping. Dr. Hubsch was a man of good status, though at the time his reputation for scrotting the idea that men provided with the superfluity. He had a similar legond, ford, of Colorado, champion of this romantic these statesmen will be left at l next congress meets, the dear have to find new leaders in the have received most comfort hit England congressmen. Theretern men on the list of their a one from the south. In all their devoutly pray for the abenighted region, suffering of the light in which woman's ballot can be clearly read. REGULATING THE RAILER
The advocates of interfistate collation, not content with wasting of this session in "laboriously do are only awaiting the first opportunity and congress to lay said its rearest shall listen to a lot of speeches that possibly bring about any practicult. There is a guif because and the house on this questions. no compromise can bridge. I bill were put to a vote in the sen be beaten by a big majority. These just gone through the sena thirds vote, but it only awaits a in the house. In the contest rhouses between the plan to regul commission and the plan to rappeals to the courts the lindrawn. The champions of which is embodied in the Res the commission idea as worse tion at all. These gentlemen the house, and will lose no tir

their irreconcileable opposition bill. They will doubtless try to destroy its distinctive feature back to the senate.

The house realizing the utter further efforts at legislation of at the present session is in no at the present session is in no up more of its valuable time statesmen. The inter state of will be promptly antagonized may be presented, and it will brushed into the waste basket sightly congress. eighth congress.

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At about this stage congress there is a of an extra session. This oft re "wolf" has lost its terror, but it how an extra session could be by the concerted action of a gome of the republican leaders a design of this kind but the ch It rests mainly on the mild fill erted against the river and have talked with twenty lead of the house of b of the house of b and not one of them apprehends sion. The appropriations com-work well up, and Mr. Randall of the appropriations bills can senate by the 20th of this mo says that if the house suspects to bring about an extra session its efforts and finish all neces spite of any opposition. The o extra session is based on the all extra session is based on the air of a few narrow-gauge republic men to "embarrass the administ have not brought many of their to agree with them. The dem they do not anticipate the posharm from such tactics. If successfully carried out an extra on the construction of the successfully carried out an extra on the construction.

on the country by such palpable would injure only the party the One Cent a Mile to New BAVANNAH, Ga., February 9.a mile train to the New Orleans via the Waycross short line, the and Westorn, and the Charlesto railroads, ats. A from Charlestot and arrived Savannah at 1 arrive at New Orleans at 7:30 to 1n spite of the prevailing storms, siderable number of passengers of ploneer movement in the one ceathe exposition is expected to have fect on its success.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Febru Hickey, a tough citizen, of Lag attempted, Saturday morning attempted, Saturday morning,
Lynn, editor of the Wabash Cour
and who was shot by the latter,
Eaturday evening. His remains v
Lagro to-day. The coroner's jury
but withheld the verdict on ac
evidence not being in. It is thou
turn a verdict of justifiable how
evidence taken plainly points to

Death of an Old Soi New Orleans, February 9.— died at his residence at Vermilli the 4 1 instant, at the age of 10 bern in Alabama and brought to three years old oldie

Notice of Reduct PHONIXVILLE, Pa., February posted up this morning throu-mills of the Phœnix iron compa

announcing that a reduction in effect February 23d.

Ambitious Young Lawyer Ran With "The Boys" and the Result.

ty-five years ago a young lawyer, tired of for clients in his native town, opened a ce in the city of New York. As business slowly, he drifted into politics, and his manners, aided by his fluent tongue, n popular with "the boys" who pack ward and nominate candidates. er to make new friends and retain old

'hail fellow, well met' with the local spent at night in "treating" the men use as stepping-stones, I yan old friend met him, and seeing fing and tell-tale looks, dropped a tion. "Yes, yes, I know!" he would t, you see, I am making friends; when any purpose, I will drop them. Politow, makes strange bedfellows, and in Rome, he must do as "the Romans"

the future "
nove himself from his barroom associated to do his duty as a judge and a good the had formed the habit of drinking, and the had formed the habit of drinking, and the readicate. Instead of visiting became a member of a fashionable rank champagne Instead of whisky, as were-more genteel than the ward but not more helpful to a man who do himself to break away from evil.

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shed German anthropologis, has what our years, investigated twenty-one well-cated cases of persons having been born its. There is, therefore, no reason for the idea that men prowith the superfluity in may exist, since it is an essential prinmodern biology that any peculiarity may hereditary, and that there is a tendency that these accidental "sports" for "the especies" in early life the occeogist, nation of the sacrum—which in the adult is tucked in—projects somewhat, and ast Haeckl, who regards these bones as an special tall, declares that there exist rudimuscles, the remains of those which, acto this somewhat wild evolutionist, served we the tail of our "ancient tors." Unfortunately the submass never yet been reasonably from a popular point of view, lending itself too much to burlesque or lity demands. It is, indeed—so Mr. Baring-clls us—a widespread superstition among hire children that Cornishmen are born by Andrew Marvel in his "Loyal Scot," men of Kent were afflicted in like fashmark of the divine displeasure at their not of Thomas A. Becket's horse at near Rochester. But, after all, what it? A tail is by no means an unormanentitity. A tail is by no means an unormanentity and the eye than one with a tail, and various savage tribes this fact is recognized men attaching those of wild animals to ess when performing any particularly sances. Indeed, the train of a fashionable a great officer of state like the lord chandous default and the deducate at court may be referred that it is not the real of a fashionable a great officer of state like the lord chandous defaults.

Pleased with the South. or Smith, of Philadelphia, who has just red from a visit to the New Orleans expos ted with his reception and with the many ences witnessed of growth in southern comities. He thinks Atlanta, Georgia, is destined
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n the Cincinnati Times-Star gland has won victories in the Soudan at an mous cost of bleed and money. Probably the is yet to come. On the whole, it was an unby day for England when Mr. Gladstone put finger in the Egyptian pie to pull out a plum, ch he hasn't up to this time secured.

Two Hundred Thousand Dreams. dicated to the girl who never made, or tried

iske a "crazy quilt."]
If all the fair conceptions Of every poet's brain Could guide my pen's description Of thine own 'self-t' were vain! Of twice ten thousand men. Combined to make one picture, Which pictured thee-e'en then The beauty of that picture Tho' t'were surpassing fair-Diviner and sublimer,

Than all such visions were-Would fall as thort in rising

To my conception's height, As doth the glow-worm, flashing. Upon a starry night.
Lack in its scope and brightness
To that impetuous light,
With which, in winged splendor
The referor ploughs its flight!
(st. N. ? . . J. W. A. NATIONAL LAW MAKERS, NOT ACCOMPLISHING ANYTHING

REMARKABLE.

The Women Suffragists Beseiging the Senste-Thei Champions in Both Houses No Chance for the Interstate Commerce Bill-The Talk of an Extra St ssion-Other No

WASHINGTON, February 9-[Special.]-Now and then congresss has a notably do-nothing day. Such was last Friday. The house considered little more than one of the fifty pages of the river and harbor bill. Most of the time was consumed in undignified and unnecessary personslities, and in so-called humorous speeches. At that rate of progress the river and harbor bill would occupy a month and a half in its passage through one house. The senate was doing hardly more than the house. An hour of its time was given up to Senator Palmer, of Michigan, a gentleman famous for his bank account. He called up a proposition of his own to incorporate the right of woman's suffrage in the constitution, and read a ponderous mass of manuscript on the subject. Half a dozen senators showed a semblance of attention and a few score of the regular habitues of the galleries looked lazily down on the phlegmatic Michigander. Two ladies who occupied seats in the reserved gallery, attracted more attention than the orator. They drank in every word, and exchanged looks of cordial approval very frequently. They were Susan B. Anthony and Elizabeth Cady Stanton. At the recent woman's rights convention, held in this city, these sisters were the leading spirits. They were delegated to urge congress to take immediate action for the rescue of the downtrodden women of the country, and they induced Senator Palmer to open fire for them. Congress at every session is assailed by the dear old ladies who are devoting their fives to this crusade for the right of the ballot. In the forty-third congress they mustered over fifty votes in the house, but they have never been able to make any appreciable impression on either branch of congress since that time. Still they have some staunch friends in congress. The senate has a special committee on woman suffrage, a majority of whose members are in favor of the proposed constitutional amendment. Mr. Hoar, of Massachusetts, is cr woman's rights to be found in the senate. Senator Dawes, his colleague, is its lukewarm friend. Senator Blair, of New Hampshire, is ready to do battle for the cause at any time and Senator Fair has a strong leaning toward the woman suffragists. Senator Palmer has made himself solid with them by the extreme position in their favor taken in his secont reach.

his recent speech.

Ex-Speaker Keifer is the leader of this reform idea in the house. Last session he delivered himself of an ardent eulogy of woman and her mission to purify the ballot box. The lurid Bel-ford, of Colorado, is another chempion of this romantic cause. As both these statesmen will be left at home when the next congress meets, the dear old ladies will have to find new leaders in the house. They have received most comfort hitherto from New England congressmen. There are a few western men on the list of their allies, but not one from the south. In all their meetings they devoutly pray for the south as a benighted region, suffering for the want of the light in which woman's title to the

ballet can be clearly read.

RECULATING THE RAILROADS.

The advocates of interflutate commerce regulation, not content with wasting a great part of this session in "laboriously doing nothing," are only awaiting the first opportunity to egoin ask congress to lay aside its real business and listen to a lot of speeches that cannot possibly bring about any practical result. There is a gulf between the tenate and the house on this question which no compromise can bridge. If the Reagan bill were put to a vote in the sense it would be bestern by a big regionity. The Cullom bill bill were put to a vote in the senate it would be beaten by a big majority. The Cullom bill has just gone through the senate by a two-thirds vote, but it only awaits a certain death in the house. In the contest raised in both houses between the plan to regulate through a commission and the plan to regulate by direct appeals to the courts the lines were sharply drawn. The chempions of the latter plan. drawn. The champions of the latter plan, which is embodied in the Reagan bill, attacked the commission idea as worse than no legislation at all. These gentlemen have control of the house, and will lose no time in expressing their irreconcileable opposition to the Cullom They will doubtless try to amend it so as to destroy its distinctive features and send it

back to the senate.

The house realizing the utter futility of any further efforts at legislation on this question at the present session is in no temper to give up more of its valuable time to theoretical statesmen. The inter state commerce bill will be promptly antagonized whenever it may be presented, and it will be promptly brushed into the waste basket of the forty-

eighth congress. EXTRA SESSION TALK.

At about this stage of every congress there is always talk of an extra session. This oft repeated cry of "wolf" has lost its terror, but it is easy to see how an extra session could be brought about by the concerted action of a few members. Some of the republican leaders are accused of a design of this kind but the charge is vague. It rests mainly on the mild filbustering exerted against the river and harbor bill. I have talked with twenty leading members of the house of both parties and not one of them apprehends an extra session. The appropriations committee has its sion. The appropriations committee has its work well up, and Mr. Randall says the last of the appropriations bills can be sent to the senate by the 20th of this month. He also says that if the house suspects any intention to bring about an extra session it will quicken its efforts and finish all necessary work in spite of any opposition. The only fear of an extra session is based on the alleged intention of a few narrow-gauge republican congress-men to "embarrass the administration." They have not brought many of their party friends to agree with them. The democrats say that they do not anticipate the possibility of any harm from such tactics. If they could be successfully carried out an extra session forced on the country by such palpable demegoguery would injure only the party that made it nec-

One Cent a Mile to New Orleans, BAVANNAH, Ga., February 9.—The first one cent a mile train to the New Orleans cotton exposition via the Waveross short line, the Savannah, Florida and Westorn, and the Charleston and Savannah railroads, started from Charleston at 8:15 this a.m., and arrived at Savannah at 12 noon. It will arrive at New Orleans at 7:30 to morro w night. In spite of the prevailing storms, there was a considerable number of passengers on the train. This pioneer movement in the one cent a mile rate to the exposition is expected to have a material effect on its success.

A Tough Citizen's Bad Break. FORT WAYNE, Ind., February 9.-William Rickey, a tough citizen, of Lagro, Indiana, who attempted, Saturday morning, to "do up" Lee Lynn, editor of the Wabash Counier, at Wabash and who was shot by the latter, died at 9 o'clock Saturday evening. His remains were interred at Lagro to-day. The coroner's jury was empaneled, but withheld the verdiet on account of all the evidence not being in. It is thought they will return a verdict of justifiable homicide, as all the evidence taken plainly points to self-defense.

Death of an Old Soldier. NEW CELEANS, February 9 .- Wm. Harrington died at his residence at Vermillion parish, La., on the 4th instant, at the age of 109 years. He was bern in Alabama and brought to Louisiana when three years old. He was a soldier in 1814.

Notice of Reduction PHONIXVILLE, Pa., February 2.—Notices were posted up this morning through the different mills of the Phoenix fron company, at this place, announcing that a reduction in wages would take effect February 23d.

THE MEXICAN MARAUDERS Who Devastate the Border Counties of Texas.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., February 9 .- The situation at Carrisso Springs is growing serious. The citizens are determined to resist the band of 700 Mexicans when they arrive. A bloody battle is expected. The citizens of Sevallo and Maverick counties are joining forces with Demmit county, in combatting the marauders. Runners have been sent to Cohuilla and other points for arms and ammunition.

It is ascertained that the Mexicans crossed he Rio Grande the night of the 6th. They numbered 100, and have divided their force

numbered 100, and have divided their forces into four bands, who are approaching Carbrissec through unfrequented portions of the country, driving away the herds by details as they advance into the interior.

A spirited running fight occurred to-day cetween scouts of the citizen's organization and a detail of the Mexicans. Two marauders were killed and one American wounded. Sheriff Oglesby, of Maverick county, has sent a mounted posse to Maverick county, has sent a mounted posse to the scene of action. Frontier troops at Avalde

Another report from the front chronicles another bloody affray, in which twelve Mexicans were killed and a number wounded. The American loss, if any, was not reported. These conflicts took place between These conflicts took place between ranchmen and relays of Mexicans, who were vertaken while driving the stock toward the lio Grande. The Mexicans are being reinforced, their objective point being fein-forced, their objective point being Carriseo Springs, at which place it is believed they have agreed to concentrate their forces and at-tack the town for the purpose of releasing their companions confined for cattle stealing. Telegrams from many places along the Rio Grande call on the authorities for troops.

HALF A MILLION CALLED FOR. The New Orleans Exposition \$360,000 in Debt.

Washington, February 9 .- A committee of the United States commissioners for the New Orleans exposition, which called upon the president yesterday, left with him a statement of the financial affairs of the exposition, preof the financial affairs of the exposition, pre-pared by the board of management, and a memorial of that body, asking that he recom-ment to congress the granting of an addition-al appropriation to aid in carrying on the ex-position. The statement gives in detail the items of expenditure for the fund originally appropriated by congress, and sets forth that the manage-ment is now in debt to the amount of \$360,000. The memorial recites the various unforescen circumstances which have operated against the successful conduct of the exposition, and states that matters are in such a shape now that if the payment of the debt can be secured and an additional appropriation for further expenses be obtained, there is every reason to expect that the exposition can be carried out successfully. The total amount saked for is successfully. The total amount asked for is half a million dollars.

CHINA, JAPAN AND COREA.

Two Hundred and Fifty Persons Killed in an Explosion -- Corean Diplomacy. San Francisco, February 9.—The steamer to Junean arrived this afternoon, bringing

Hong Kong advices to January 9, and Yokohoma advices to January 19.

The gun powder works at Flat Shan, 14 iles from Canton, exploded on December

22, killing 250 employes.

The Corean government has agreed to pay the Japan indebtedness of 120,000 yen for the outbreak indebtedness of 120,000 yen for the outbreak against the Japanese and the burning of the Japanese legation of December 6. The government will also punish all of the leading rioters. It is stated that negotiations were carried on through General Foote, United States minister to Corea.

It is rumored at Teintzin that Russia will seen make another effort to annex Corea.

Governor McDaniel, Captain Howell and Others Entertained by Hon. Patrick Walsh. Augusta, February 9.—[Special.]—Governor McDaniel, accompanied by Captain E. P. Howell, of THE CONSTITUTION, spent to-day in Augusta. camps, and general state administration here-

To-night Hon. Patrick Walsh dined Governor McDaniel and Captain Howell, and thirty other prominent gentlemen. The spread was most elegant, and the compliment was highly appreciated by the distinguished guests.

ANNALS OF ALABAMA. Measures in the Legislature of General In-

terest. MONTGOMERY, Ala., February 9 .- [Special.] - The enate to-day passed a bill requiring at least three brakemen on a train of more than twelve cars; also a bill preferring a husband or wife in the line of descent to brothers and sisters as inheritors of one another's property.

Mr. Moren introduced a bill providing for the

rection of buildings in Montgomery for the agricultural department. The senate passed the house bill allowing employes of corporations to recover damages for in-

juries sustained in accidents caused by the negligence of fellow employes. The reverse has hith erto been the law in Alabama.

New Generals in Alabama. MONTGOMERY, Ala., February 9 .- [Special.] - The overnor to-day appointed and the senate confirmed the following brigadier-generals of state troops, one for each congressional district: Brigadier General George K. Ervin, Mobile. Brigadier-General John W.A.Sanford, Montgom-

Brigadier-General George P. Barrison, Opelika, Brigadier-General John F. White, Selma. Brigadier-General S. Brown. Tuskeege. Brigadier-General M. L. Stansell, Carrollton. Brigadier-General John W. Inzer, Gadsden. Brigadier General Samuel Moore, Huntsville Thomas N. Howler, of Mobile, was appointed

major-general. Matters of Business. MONTGOMERY, Ala., February 9 .- [Special.]-Jas.

McMillan's general store in Brewton failed to-day. F. B. Miller, grocer, at Talladega, has assigned. But a small amount was involved. The waterworks at Sheffield have been com pleted and the pump is working.

Business in Chattanooga. Chattanooga, February 9.—[Special.]—The Chattanooga foundry and pipe works resumed work to day, after three months suspension. One hundred and fifty hands will be employed. During the past week the cotton factory, nail works and five saw mills have started up, giving employment to nearly 1,060 hands. The manufacturers state that the business outlook is better now than for a year past.

Finerty's Fears.

From the Chicago News. "What sort of a lady is she who sends me this card?" inquired Congressman Finerty, glancing nervously at the bit of enameled pasteboard. "A tall and bandsome young woman, sir," re

plied the page.

plied the page.

"Has she large blue eyes, a straight nose, ripe, pouting lips and a wealth of dark-brown tresses?" asked the statesmanly dynamiter.

"I don't remember," answered the page.
"With a sort of Joan de Arc or Charlotte Corday expression upon her mobile features?" continued the Hon. Finerty.

"Really, I can't say."

"And old you observe the stock of a Queen Anne musket protruding from her hip-pocket?"

"Upon my word, I don't know what you mean, sir."

sir." I suspect you'd better take the card to Mr. Rob-inson," said the fenian leader; "I prefer that all experiments should be made on him. I've a deep-seated conviction that I have no ambition to be cut off in the flower of my youth." E'en though the face be not so fair,

And beauty may be all but flown, Dear ladies, you need not despair, If SOZODONT you make your own; And brush your teeth and mouth with skill Yon'll fascinate and conquer still. BLOWING THROUGH BIBB.

ANGERED WINDS WHICH WHIS-TLED AROUND MACON.

A Portrait Presentation-Refusing to Take an Oath-A Negro Criminal Heard From-Curry's Illicit Love-A Good Woman Gone-An Augus-ta Man Robbed-Personal Dots.

MACON, February 9 .- [Special.]-This morn about six o'clock a roaring noise as of that of a train of cars, was heard on the outskirts of the city. It was accompanied by quick flashes of lightning and loud peals of thunder. The city became darker as it passed. It was thought to have been a cyclone.

Later in the day Mr. J. S. McGee, superintendent

of the county chaingang, reported that it had been a real cyclone, and had passed over his place about ten miles from the city, tearing up trees and everything in its pathway. It appeared in the shape of a funnel, accompanied by rain and sleet. It struck the plantation of Mr. Richard Barfield, and scattered buildings and fences. His ginhouse was blown oyer, and all the contents was lost. It swept over Rutland district. No lives have been reported as being lost. The damage to crops of grain was great.

An Augusta Man Robbed.

Macon, Ga., February 9.-[Special.]-John H. Kalbflisch, of Augusta, came to Macon a few days since, and stopped at a boarding house on Third street. Yesterday afternoon he began to pack his trunk to return home and discovered that some one had stolen from him a silver watch, some clothing and other articles. A porter of the nouse was suspected. To-night he is being loosed to by the officers. The probability is that he will be caught.

He Wanted to Marry Her. EUT HER COLOR IS INTERPOSED AS AN INSURMOUNTA

BLE BEARER. MACON, February 9.-[Special.]-This afternoon a man slipped in Judge Matt R. Freeman's office and, calling him to one side, said: "Judge, is there any way to keep a man from

marrying a woman? marrying a woman?"

The judge smiled in reply, and told him that it would be all right if she was willing.

"Well," said he, "she wants me and I want her. She says she won't marry any other living soul, and I swear to you I will not."

The judge then said that nothing, would prevent, except her not being of age.

"Then, we are safe, for she is over forty-one. You are sure that is all?"

"Nothing." said he, "but your being white and she colored."

He stagered, and said, with a sickly grin:

He staggered, and said, with a sickly grin:

He staggered, and said, with a sickly grin: "That's what I am trying to get at."
He then pulled out a marriage license dated February 2, issued by the ordinary of the county for William Curry and Viney Sams, and said: "I am a white man, and have been living with her three years. We have had three children. I have never associated with any other but colored people. My family have deserted me."

"But you certainly do not love this woman enough to marry her?"

"Well, I will tell you about it. I do love her, and thought I would get protection by marrying her. I was arrested last week, and I thought If I was a married man I would not be done that way any more."

when told be could not marry the woman under the state laws, he held down his head and in a sorrowful manner left the office.

Curry is a curious specimen of humanity. He was arrested a few days ago, suspected of having stolen meat from Mr. S. R. Jaques. He told the officers in the watchman's office of the ctty hall that he loved the woman. He was dismissed and forgotten. He turns up to day in a different role.

A Clever Arrest, MACON, February 9. - [Special.] - Officers Mc-Cafferty and Baughn made a clever capture of a oung thief. He was last seen with a bundle under his arm in front of the Brown house. He was his arm in front of the Brown house. He was called and ran away. He was caught and taken to the barracks. He confessed having stolen the lace and several articles from the "Fair" store on Mulberry street, where he was employed. He was employed. He was taken to his room on Wharf street, and there numerous articles were discovered which he had stolen. He was taken to the barracks again to-day and a warrant was secured and he was taken to jail. He was afterwards carried before Judge Holt, of the county court, and sentenced to pay a fine of fifty dollars or work six months on the chaingang. He will work.

Portrait Presentation.

MACON, February 9.—[Special.]—An interesting event will occur at Mercer, February 21st in which a handsome oil portrait of Governor Me Daniel, by Blackshear, will be presented in the Ciceronian society, of which he was a former member. It will be presented by Mr. T. E. Ryals and will be received by Mr. J. J. Farmer. The speech in behalf of the Phi Delta society will be delivered by Mr. E. V Baldy.

He Refused to Take the Oath.

A case was called in which there were no less than thirteen witnesses. The thirteenth was the than thirteen witnesses. The thirteenth was the odd one in many respects. When he was ca'led to the Bible he refused to be sworn. He was ordered to be locked up, and submitted without a murmur. When asked why he acted so, he said: "I am a Catholic, my name is Victor Bunner, from Detroit, Michigan; I never was in court before. I am airaid to swear, because when they cross-examine me I will be certain to tell a lie, then my soul will be lost to me."

He was afterwards released and taken before his honor who told him he would be fined heavily if he did not swear in the case. He reluctantly took the oath and was a witness in the case.

The Negro Ward Heard From. MACON, February 9.--[Special.]-A few days since, when the negro Charles Ward made his escape from the officers who had come from Holton to arrest him, he jumped from the rapidly moving train of the East Tennessee. Virginia and Georgia railroad. As he jumped he was fired at by the officers. The next day a search was made for the negro, but no trace could be discovered. Yesterday a further examination showed where he jumped from the cars. Traces where he jumped from the cars. Traces of blood were discovered, also some money. Later in the day he was seen and said that he had hit the ground several times before the shot was fred and that when he fell he crushed his shoulder and rolled over the embankment. He heard the officers talking as they returned to find him, but was afraid to move or groan. He is supposed to be near Pope's ferry. An officer went up to-day to find him.

A Sabbath Presentation.

A Sabbath Presentation. MACON, February 9.-[Special.]-A pleasant party gathered in the rooms of the brotherhood of ccomotive engineers, over the carshed on Fourth street yesterday afternoon. The occasion of the gathering was the presentation of a handsome regathering was the presentation of a handsome regalia to the engineers by their wives and daughters. The presentation address was delivered by Mr. John De Borde in behalf of them. The present was accepted by Chief Engineer Smith in a graceful effort. The occasion was a happy one and was heartly enjoyed by those present. The brotherhood is growing very rapidly in Macon and is beginning to be a considerable addition to the great order throughout America.

throughout America

A Good Woman Gove. MACON, February 9.—[Special.]—It is always pleasant to speak of those whose good deeds linger in the thoughts of their friends, after this life has been departed. The death of Mrs. Sarah £. Curd has been asad calamity. She was one of the last of the old members of the well known Clopton family, of Virginia. She was the youngest child of the late David and Mary Ann Clopton, of Henrico county, Virginia. She was born August 9th, 1842; married I r. Edward Curd, of Virginia, at the age of eighteen years. They moved to Georgia and settled in Patnam county. They moved to Macon in 1835, and she has lived here during the past fifty years. She died at the residence of Mrs. S. B. Carhart Thursday last, and was buried Saturday. Of this noble woman too much cannot be spoken. A loving wife, tender and true, a devoted Christian, beloved by all, these beautiful traits gave a charm to her old age. The funcal services were the largest that were ever seen at a private residence in Macon. Among those who attended were nearly twenty old persons, with eyes filled with tears, who were sustained by her charity and good works. One of her happy characteristics was to do good to the poor. in the thoughts of their friends, after this life has

her happy characteristics was to do good to the poor. Good woman that she was she has gone to reap a richer reward than earth could bestow, leaving her deeds of goodness and mercy an everlasting monument to her memory.

Why Captain Mallory Came Back, MACON, February 9.—[Special.]—Captain Mallory, late superintendent of the Macon division of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad, ry. Iste superintendent of the Macon division of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgis railroad, has returned to the city from Chattanooga, Tennessee. He sald to-day: "The reason I did not accept the agency at Chattanooga is that when I did we the compositive proof of rapid cures with small money, write to Blood Balm Co., Atlauta, Ga. for a copy of their book free.

ditaw tue thu next rd mat wky2tamon

"Will you remain in Macon?"

"I do not know what I will do. I want to. I like Macon and her people and would dislike to leave, but that is a matter of circumstance. I do not know what I will do yet."

General Mention, Macon, February 9.—[Special.]—Mrs. F. N. Means, wife of Professor F. N. Means, of Fort Valley, is in the city visiting friends.

Hon. J. S. Turner and wife, of Eatonton, have both recovered after severe illness. They have numerous friends in Macon who are pleased to hear of it.

Invitations are out to the Social Thalien club reception at the Volunteers' armory, Friday evening, February 13. The officers of the club are: Floyd Ross, president; O. G. Sparks, first vice president; S. D. Jones, second vice president; Felix Camp, secretary and treasurer. At a meeting Saturday of the Phi Delta literary society of Mercer university, Mr. Wales Wyaton, of The Constitution, was elected an honorary

Workmen are busy putting Ralston hall in trim for the skating rink. Mr. Hart will open it Thurs-day evening with great celat. Officer Bennett Jones, of the police, ran a negro thief half across the city to-day and missed him at last.

officer Murphy ran in a negro thief named Collins Brown, charged with stealing money from Mestr. Davis & Johnson.

A negro died under peculiar circumstances at the house of Andrew Watson last night. He went to his work, being porter for C. A. Neal, Saturday, and returned at night sick and died a few hours after. It was supposed he had a congestive chill.

Mr. Levis O. Stoyens is sending a divertism of the control of the co

Mr. Lewis O Stevens is spending a day or two in tlanta, his old home.

Atlanta, his old home.

Officers Follendoe and Johnson, of the Macon police, have been dubbed the "Tramps' sterrors.'

The grand jury elected Mr. W. R. Rogers foreman, Mr. Herbert, R. Brown secretary. It is composed of men, of fine judgment who will administer the laws with characteristic dispatch.

Miss Annie Bradford has returned from an extended visit to friends in Columbus.

Mr. R. L. Henry exhibits a watermelon he has preterved since August.

The Progress club will give one of their pleasant entertainments Friday evening.

Miss Claude Freeman returned to-night from a

Miss Claude Freeman returned to-night from a isit to New Orleans.

Mr. Newt Johnson is quite ill at his residence. There are one hundred and twenty engines of he Central railroad in the company's shops, hav-ng spark arresters put on them. WYNTON.

Fields for Christian Work. From the New York Sun.

A few days ago there was considerable jubilation in certain religious circles over the departure from this port of some thirty or forty missionaries to Africa.

Is there not just now a sufficiently ample field for Christian workers within the precincts of civilization? Look, for example, at the present state of things

n New York and London, Murder, prompted by motives of political re venge, dogs the footsteps of marked men, or stalks boldly through our public streets. The modern representatives of Guy Fawkes plot with a success unknown to their celebrated prototype. Conspiracy lurks in the byways of the British capital and the American metropolis. Is there any part of the world where the teachings of Christ are more sorely needed than they are at the very centers of civilization?

We should say not.

MR. THOMAS O'DONNELL and family, of New Albany, Indiana, have moved to Atlanta to'live, and a cordial welcome is extended them by their friends here.

The Artesian Well.

The depth of the artesian well, at midnight, was 1288 feet. Drilling is still in the same dark sand rock, and the water is standing 104 feet from the top of the well. Six hundred feet of the lower end of the cable was cut off yesterday, it being worn out, rendering it unsafe to run



This Fowder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low-test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. Royal Bakine Powden Oo., 106 Wall street, New York.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

O'SHIELDS-The friends and acquaintances of R H. Jenkins and Mr. and Mrs. F. M. O'Shields are respectfully invited to attend the funeral of the latter at the residence, No. 12 Corput street, at wo o'clock r. m. to-day.

BLOOD BALM CO. The outlook here for a big success with B. B. B.

is very premising. Four obstinate cases of Blood Poison have been cured here by the use of only eight bottles of the Blood Balm for all four cases J. W. HOLMAN. The above gentleman made the large \$120,000.00 contract for B. B. B., a portion of which were ship-

ped to Denver this week. Some people have said that the above sale was not made, but we hold the contract, have shipped a portion of the goods and received the money for shipments made. We publish facts and they are strong enough and in abundance too. B. B. B. is

TO THE FRONT.

a success with less money than any known remedy.

Form the Banner-Watchman. "You look a great deal better than when we saw you last," said a Banner-Watchman reporter to Mr. J. J. Head. "What is the cause of it?"

"The B. B. is the cause of my present appearance," remarked Mr. Head. "I never have been able to find out exactly what is the matter with me. Some of the doctors say, when I am not so bad, that I am suffering from eezema, but my face and head is nearly a solid sore, they tell m that I have erysiples. I have suffered with it for the past five years, and have taken enough medicine to start a half dozen drug stores, went to Hot Springs, Ark., also spent a summer in the lime-Store country of East Tennessee, but all to no pur-pose. I have tried all Doctors in Athens, and also an Indian doctor, but nothing seems to do me any good and life had really got to be a burden. I have only taken four bottles of the B. B. B. and you can see for yourself that I am improving considerably.

Rescued From Death.

William J. Coughlin, of Somerville, Mass., says: In the fall of 1876 I was taken with BLEEDING OF LUNGS followed by a severe cough. I lost my appetite and flesh, and was confined to my bed. In 1877 I was admitted to the Hospital. The doctors said I had a hole in my lung as big as a half dollar. At one time a report went around that I was dead. I gave up hope, but a friend told me of DR. WILLIAM HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS. I got a bottle, when, to my surprise, I commenced to feel better, and to-day I feel better than for

Drs. Betts & Betts NICKERSON.

331/2 Whitehall street, ATLANTA, GA.



PILES!

Fistulla, Fissure, Rectual Ulcers, Perfectly Cured without using

KNIFE, LIGATURE or CAUSTIC No Detention from Business-

Over 27,000 Cases Cured. The Treatment is Easy and Painless. No Carbolic

NO CURE, NO PAY.

CANCER CURED,

Tape Worm Removed. CONSULTATION FREE. Address W. H. BETTS, M. D., Atlanta, Ga.

REMOVAL. ASSIGNEE'S SALE, A. P. Stewart & Co.

I SHALL VACATE THE PREMISES No. 9 WHITE-ball street, on 1st of March, and in the mean-time offer great bargains in the line of Cooking Stoves, Heating Stoves,

Ranges, Furnaces, Lard Cans, Oil Tanks. Dil Cans, Tubs, Brooms, Feather Dusterr, Bird Cages, Toilet Sets, Buckets, Wooden and Metal dee Cram Freezers, Iron Pots, Kettles, Skillets Devens, Kitchen Tin and Brass Ware, Coffee Pots etc. Also, an extensive assortment of

PLUMBING GOODS. Chandeliers, Bibcocks, Glooe Valves, Piping of all kinds, Bath Tubs, Water-closet Fixtures. Galvan-ized Iron Ware, together with everything in the of House Furnishing Goods. Don't forget the sign of the "BIG DOG," 9 Whitehall St.

Have Your

WATCHES REPAIRED Thursday Night, Feb. 5,

SKILLFUL WORKMEN

FREEMAN & CRANKSHAW'S

N. B. Work outside the

city solicited.

OVERCOATS WINTER SUITS!

CLOSE OUT Convince Anyone

Of the fact who will see THE GOODS AND PRICES! I MEAN BUSINESS!

COME AND SEE ME. A. B. ANDREWS. NO. 18 WHITEHALL STREET.

RARE

FOR PAYING The Atlanta Nu rseries for Sale.

IMMEDIATE RETURNS! A

On account of failing health we have determit collection of Fruit Trees, Grape Vines, Ornament Houses, Cold Frames, Packing Sheds, etc., are in City Water-works. The land can be bought or chased AT A BARGAIN.

Our customers supplied as usual and orders

BRIDAL PRESENTS. LARGEST STOCK, NEWEST STYLES and Lowest Prices.
Send for Illustrated Catalogue. J. P. STEVENS & CO., FACTORY & SALESROOM,

SOLID SILVER

ATLANTA, GA.

OPERA HOUSE

THE WONDERFUL BOY PIANIST. BLIND TOM

THE MUSICAL PHENOMENON OF THE AGE. THE GREA' EST

Natural Pianist Living The exhibition of whose marvelous gift has gained him world-wide celebrity, and has both aston ished and delighted the greatest masters of music, will appear as above POSITIVELY ONE NIGHT ONLY. Evening Prices, admission 50 cents. Reserved seats 75 cents. Seats secured at Phillips & Crew's February 10. Matinee at 2:30. Admission 25 and 50 cents.

EVERYBODY'S FAVORITE

The Young Irish Comedian and Vocalist. MR. W. J. SCANLAN. "PEEK - A - BOO." Under the Management of AUGUSTUS PITOU.
FRIDAY NIGHT AND SATURDAY MATINEE.
'ERIEND AND FOE.'
Saturday Night Mr. Fred. Marsden's new version of

THE IRSH MINSTREL.

Hear Scanlan's New Songs—"My Nellie's Blue
Eyes," "What's in a Kiss," "Something for the
Bables," Scanlan will sing ten of his own songs as each performance.
Prices as usual. Seats for sale at Phillips & Crews

Grand Civic and Military Ball OF THE MACON VOLUNTEERS

ORGANIZED APRIL 28d, 1825, WILL CELE-brate the opening of their new armory, the finest and best arranged in the south, on Tuesday Evening, February 10th, 1885, Tilesday Eveling, February 10th, 1885, By a grand civic and military ba.'. Officers and members of the various military commands throughout the state have be wited to attend in full dress uniform.

Tickets, admitting gentleman and ladies, for sale at Payne's drug store, Macon, Ga., price 53. No children admitted. No free list, Gentral radiroad will sell round trip tickets, one face, from Atlents, Griffin, Forsyth, Barnesville and other points to members in uniform.

GENERAL COMMITTEE—Captain W. S. Lieutenant Joseph.

Wells, Jr., Lieutenant Roff Sims, First Sergeant, O. T. Kenan, Corporal A. Small, Corporal A. Block, Hon. Mem. D. B. Woodruff, Hon. Mem. W. W. Wrigley, Private C. T. King, Private Floyd Ross, Private W. H. Woodson.

Tickets, round trip for one fare, over the Georgia railroad, for soldiers in full uniform.

GATE CITY GUARD'S ARMORY, PEACHTREE STREET

DIME PARLOR SHOW

ZERA SEAMON'S Beautiful Entertainments. MAGIC, VENTRILOQUISM, MARIONETT'S

TEN CENTS. **EDDYSTONE** SOLUBLE GUANO,

CLARK'S COVE GUANO CO.,

PAID UP CAPITAL \$500,000. JOHN M. GREEN, Manager.

NEW BEDFORD, MASS.,

ATLANTA, GA., NOTHING BETTER SOLD IN THE SOUTH. CORRESPONDENCE WITH DEALERS SOLICITED.

Shipments Promptly Made. Stocks in different Ports. Now is your time to order. CHANCE

INVESTMENT.

BARGAIN MAY BE HAD!

ned to sell our [Nurseries. They containe a fine al Trees, Shrubbery, Roses, etc. The Green good order and watered by Hydraulic Ram and leased, and the stock on the ground can be pur-

M. COLE & CO., Atlanta, Ga.

W. H. PATTERSON,

BOND AND STOCK BROKER,

NTED. —George R. R. Stocks and Bonds, Central R. Debentures. A. & W. Pt. R. R. Stock and State of George NTED.—Georgia R. R. Stocks and Bonda,
Central R. R. Debentures.
A. & W. Pt. R. Stock and Debentures.
State of Georgia Bonds,
Atlanta City Bonds,
Savannah City Bonds,
Augusta City Bonds.
Atlanta Gas Light Co. Stock.
Empire Loan and Building Stock.
Pullman Southern Car Co. Stock.
RALE.—Ga. Pacific 1st Mortgage Bonds,
Ocean Steamship Co., 1st Mortgage Bonds, indorsed by C. R. R., B. Co.
Port Royal & Augusta R. R., 2d mortgage bonds, indorsed by C. R. R. & B. Co.

JAMES' BANK,

OPEN 8 to 4-EXCHANGE AND BANKING I have turned my attention to lending money in the stocks.

1yr JOHN H. JAMES.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT With Interest on Deposits.

TO ENCOURAGE AND STIMULATE THE DIS-position to economize and save by our labor-ing population

The Gate City National Bank Has instituted a SAVINGS DEPARTMENT, and on and after the firstiday of January, 1885, it will issue TIME CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT, bearing FOUR PER CENT INTEREST for any amout not less than \$5.

President Gate City National Bank President Gate City National Bank.

E. S. McCANDLESS, Cashier. 1st col 6p

MADDOX, RUCKER & CO. BANKERS.

Solicit THE ACCOUNTS OF BANKS, MER-chants and individuals, and offer as liberal treatment as is consistent with sound banking. Discount approved paper, allow interest on de-posits, the rate of interest regulated by time it re-mains in bank.

IRWIN, GREEN & CO. SHIPPING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS. No. 2 Chamber of Commerce, CHICAGO.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE Bonds, Stocks and Money.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE. ATLANTA, February 9, 1885.

Market quiet and but little dong. Money comfortable at 8 per cent. New York exchange buying at par to 1/8 pre mium; selling at 1/4 premium.

Bid. Asked. R. R. Bonds c OCKS. S. GAROUM. 74
— Central deb... 91
150 Ang. & Sav....116
J 105 A. & W. Pt... 94
do. deb... 94

Ga. R. 68,1897,101 104 C. C. & A.... NEW YORK STOCKS

Stocks as Reported in the New York Stock

Exchange. NEW YORK, February 9. list, but soon yielded to a vigorous selling by the bears accompanied by numerous unfavorable rumore and prices continued weak, with a tendency to deline until about 2 o'clock, when a decided rally in Lackawanna turned the tide in opposite direction and the upward movement was maintained until the close. The result of the day's operation was to leave the prices irregularly changed from Saturday's final figures, with Union Pacific most prominent among those showing a gain: Western Union was strong throughout the day and closed about the highest prices reached. New Jersey Central, New York Central, and Lake Shore each % per cent lower; Union Pacific displayed the greatest strength to-day, opening 1/4 per cent higher and continuing. Western Union was also up % per cent: St. Pau! 16 per cent lower:

ontinues to be the leading stock. Sales 299,00 Exchange 484, Money 1. Sub-treasury balances Coin \$129,980,000: currency \$21,875,000. Govern ments dull but strong; 4s 1221/4; 8s 1011/4 bid. State

Western Union.....

THE COTTON MARKETS.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE.

New York-Futures opened steady this morning, but afterwards developed a dull tone that continued up to the close, when futures were in-

active. Spots, middling 11%c. Net receipts for two days 25,492 bales, against 29,468 bales last year; exports 33,454 bales; last year £0,759 bales; stock 860,634 bales; last year 1,023,350

Celow we give the opening and closing quotations sotion futures in New York to-day:

OPENED.

CLOSED.

GLOSED.

Closed dull and inactive; sales 12,600 bales.; Liverpool—Futures closed quiet and steady. Spot Upands 6d; Orleans 6 1-16d; sales 5,000 bales, of. nich 5,700 bales were American; receipts 5,000; American 1,500.

Local - Cotton steady at quotations: Strict good

middling 10 9-16c; good middling 10%c; middling 10 7-16c; strict low middling 16%c; low middling 10 5-16c; tinges 10 3-16c; stains 9%@10%c. The following is our statement of receipts and this ments for t-oday:

Air-Line Railroad 14 Georgia Railroad 29 Ountral Railroad 29 Ountral Railroad 137 Western and Atlantic Railroad 137 West Point Railroad 4 Ecorgia Pacific Railroad 4	ARCEIPTS.	
Vestern and Atlantic Railroad	Air-Line Railroad	14
Western and Atlantic Railroad	Georgia Railroad	29
E. Tenn., Va. and Ga. Railroad 4	Western and Atlantic Railroad	137
Beorgia Pacific Ballroad	West Point Railroad	-
	Beorgia Pacido Rallroad	
Total 144	Total	144

165,37 SHIPMENTS.

141,083 Block on hand ... NEW YORK, February 9- The Post's cotton market report says: Future deliveries are neglected. Up to 2 p. m. there was hardly anything doing,

and prices are without change. Futures closed very dull 2@3-100 lower than Saturday. By Telegraph.

Liverpool., February 9-Noon-Cotton steady and in fair demand; middling uplands 6; middling Orleans 6 1-16; sales 8,000 bales; speculation and export1,000; receipts 5,000; American 1,500; uplands low middling clause February delivery 5 63-64; February and March delivery 5 62-64, 563-64; March and April delivery 6 1-64; April and May delivery 6 5-64; May and June delivery 6 9-64; June and July delivery 6 18-64, 612-64; July and August delivery 6 16-64; August and September 6 20-64; futures opened quiet but firm.

Liverpool. February 9-2-70 p. m.—Sales of By Telegraph.

Nerry 6 16 63: August and September 6 20 61, futures opened quiet but firm.

LIVERPOOL. February 9-2:00 p. m.—Sales of American 5,700 bales: uplands low middling clause February delivery 5 (5-64, sellers; February and Marchdelivery 5 68-64, sellers; March and April delivery 6-164, buyers; April and May delivery 6-164, buyers; May and June delivery 6-9-64, value; June and July delivery 6-12-64, buyers; July and August delivery 6-20-64, sellers; August and September delivery 6-20-64, sellers; August and September delivery 6-20-64, sellers; February 9-5:00 p.m.—Uplands low middling clause February 9-5:00 p.m.—Uplands low middling clause February delivery 6, selers; February and March delivery 6, selers; February and March delivery 6, selers; February and March delivery 6, selers; July and August delivery 6-17-64, value; August and September 6-20-64, value; futures closed quiet and stendy.

NEW YORK, February 9—Cotton inactive; sales 1 bales; middling uplands 11%; middling Orleans ; net receipts 1,259; gross 10,842; consolidated receipts 16,244; exports to Great Britain 15,428;

GALVESTON, February 9—Cotton quiet; mid-ling 16%; net receipts 1,326-bales; gross 1,326; sales ,094; stock 29,378. NORFOLK, February 9—Cotton steady; middling 13-16; net receipts 1,841 bales; gross 1,841; stoat 3,777; sales 225; exports to Great Britain 9,696; netwice 917

WILMINGTON, February 9—Cotton steady; mid-ling 10%; net receipts 93 bales; gross 93;, sales one; stock 3,347. BAVANNAH, February 9-Ootton quiet but firm;

miodling 109-16; net receipts 1,730 bates; gross 1,741; sales 350; stock 55,500; exports@coastwise 234.

NEW OBLEANS, February 9—Cotton quiet; middling 16½; net receipts 4,914 bates; gross 4,974; sales 2,600; stock 507.212; exports to Great Britain 2,420; to continent 3,200.

MOBILE, February 9—Cotton steady; middling 10%; net receipts 2 314 bales; grow 2,314; sales 590; stock 41,385; exports coastwise 1,768. MEMPHIS, February 9—Cotton quiet; middling 0 7-16; net receipts 1,784 bales; snipments 2,599; ales 1,600; stock 104,567.

AUGUSTA, February 9—Cotton quiet; middling 10%; net receipts 162bales; shipments —; sales 698. CHARLESTON, February 9—Cotton in good demand; mindling 10%; net receipts 1,287 bales; gross 1,287, sales 110; stock 36,002.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Features of the Speculative Movemen a in

Grain and Produce. By telegraph to The Constitution. CHICAGO, February 9-The leading articles on 'change were irregularly lower to-day, though about steady at a slight decline. The wheat market was industriously hammered, though no large quantities were sold. The general tenor of values was a shade easier all round. Wheat opened steady at substantially Saturday's closing prices. There was a fairly firm feeling daring the early hours on reports from New York that stocks in store there show a decrease of 131,000 bushels of wheat and 99,000 bushels of corn, Then grain values were also generally firmer, and, after an advance of %@%c, the market eased considerably, breaking off %e and closing about steady at a recovery of

1/6 1/4C. Corn opened firm and about steady at %c advance over Saturday's close. The general tenor of the market was about the sare as wheat, finetuations being slight and no particular feature brought out. Heavy-receipts made values somewhat easier.
Oats attracted but little attention, ruling steady and fluctuating %c. Fresh receipts were heavy being over 200 cars. All futures except May were

entirely nominal. Provisions were generally improved under the influence of a little better market at the yards, and more or less uniting as to receipts and the improbability of many hogs getting in for several days. An early advance of 15c in pork was not sustained, values sagging off 5c under the opening mainly far want of support. The close at 1 o'clock was active and about steady at bottom prices

> PROVISIONS, GRAIN, MEG. CONSTITUTION OFFICE.

ATLANTA, February 9, 1865.
The following quotations indicate the fluctustions on the Chicago board of trade to-day: Opening. Highest, Lowest, Closing 77% 77% February 7734 PORK.

February......18 25 18 25 13 02% 13 02% OLDAR EIB SIDES. February 6 57 6 57 6 55 6 55

Flour, Grain and Mest.

ATLANTA, February 9—Market more quiet.
Corn—Stocks ample for present demands. Flour—
Patent process \$5.56.96.00; extra fancy \$5.00; fancy \$4.75; extra fancy \$4.50; superfine \$4.25; superfine \$5.25685.75. Wheat—Mills about supplied; No. 2 red 986.96.190. Corn—Wofte, car lots, bulk, \$70; do. sacked \$60c; mixed, car lots, bulk \$2.50; do. sacked \$60c; mixed, car lots, bulk \$2.50; do. sacked \$5c. Corn Mest—65c. Costs—Corlots, bulk, \$40; do, sacked \$3c. Rye—To distillers \$0c.981.00, car lots. Hay—Tending upwards: choice timothy, small bales \$13.00 per ton; large bales \$18.50; No. 2, small bales, \$17.00. Wheat Bran—Large@sarks \$5c; small 85c. Grits—\$2.61 \$0 bb.
BALTIMORE. February 9—Flour steady and

mon to prime 12618.

CHICAGO, February 9—Flour unchanged; good to choice spring extras \$2.00@83.50. Wheat dull; closed \$4.5% lower than Saturday; No. 2 red February 7.4%. Corn dull, closing ½c lower; cash 324@87; February 824@37%. Oats easier and dull; No. 2 February 27,

ST. LOUIS, February 9—Flour unchanged; family \$2.706\$2.90; choice 83.25@84.00; fancy \$3.20884.05. Wheat lower and slow; No. 2 red fall 834@85% wheat lower and slow; Corn, cash lower; 30@374 cash; 35@384 February. Corn, cash lower; 30@374 cash.

G294, cash. CINCINNATI, February 9—Flour dull, Iamily 3.56673.90; fancy \$4.00@4.25. Wheat steady; No. 2 red winter 86087. Corn unsettled; No. 2 mixed 413/642. Oats easier; No. 9 mixed 32½/632½/4. LOUISVILLE, February 9—Wheat unchanged; longberry 57; No. 9 red 83/685. Corn, No. 2 white 45. Oats, No. 2 mixed 33½.

ATLANTA, February 9 - Coffee - Rio 10@15/c; old government Java 25c. Sugara - Standard A 6%c; granulated 7c; white extra C 6/cc; New Orieanasagars, granulated 7c; white extra C 6/cc; New Orieanasagars, granulated 7c; white 5%c. Mew Orieanasagars, granulated 7c; white 5%c. Mew Orieanasagars, granulated 7c; white 5%c. Molasea - Black strap in bols 20c. Syrup - New Orleanaschoice 50c; prime 45c; iait 35c,96c; common 25c. Size. Cloves 25c. Allspice 12c. Cinnamon 25c. Sago 50c. African ginger 16c. Mace 50c. Pepper 20c. Crackers - Mil 7/c; Boston butter 6c; pearl 20cs Crackers - Mil 7/c; Boston butter 6c; pearl 20cs Crackers - Mil 7/c; Boston butter 6c; pearl 20cs Crackers - Mil 7/c; Boston butter 6c; pearl 20cs Crackers - Mil 7/c; Boston butter 6c; pearl 20cs Crackers - Mil 7/c; Boston butter 6c; pearl 20cs Size 20cs Size 20cs 3c; do. % bbls, 100 Rs. Size 3c. Sopp 20cs 3c; Size 3c; Boston Candles - Full weight 14c. Matches - Round wood, B gross 51.2c; B 26c 51/c; B 300 3c.7c; B 400 3c.5c Soda, n kers, 40c; in boxes 54/c. Klee 63/7c.

air to fully fair 43/64%; yellow clarified 55/257 white 55/4. Molasses stendy; good common to gos fair 25/682. Rice steady; Louisiana ordinary prime 43/66.

CINCINNATI, February 9—Sugar firm; hards rined 6%07%: New Orleans 5%06%. CHICAGO, February 9—Sugar easier; standard A 6% 66%; granulated 6% 66%.

Provisions.

CHIOAGO, February 9—Pork 25@30c higher early, receded again; cash \$18.15@\$13.25; February \$13.10@\$13.25. Land quiet and steady; cash and February 7.00@7.05. Boxed meats in fair request an steady; dry salted shoulders 4.70@4.80; short ribs 6.50@6.60; short clear 6.70@0.75.

LOUISVILLE, February 9—Provisions strong and higher. Mees pork \$13.50. Bulk meats, shoulders 5½ clear ribs 6.½ delear sides 6½. Bacon, shoulders 6½ clear ribs 6.½ clear sides 7½; hams, sugaroused 10. Land, prime leaf 8½.

ST. LOUIS, February 9—Provisions firm and higher. Pork \$13.26@\$13.37½ cash. Bulk meats, long clear 6½; short rib 6.60; short clear 8.85. Bacon, long clear 7@7½; short rib 7¼@7½; short clear 7½. Lard 6.95@7.

CINCINNATI, February 9—Pork firm; mess \$13.00.

7/9: Lard 6:2007.
CINCINNATI, February 9—Pork firm; mess \$13.00.
Lard firmer: prime steam 7@7%. Bulk meats
firm: shoulders 5%; short rib 6%. Bacon steady
and firm; shoulders 5%; short ribs 7%; short clear

NEW YORK, February 9—Pork firm; mess spot \$14.00.814.25. Middles firm; long clear 6½. Lard opened a triffe better, closing weak; western steam spot 7½; February 7.28@7.33. ATLANTA, February 9—Market firm; clear rib sides 6% 67%. Racon—Sugar-cured hams 13%c. Lard—Tierces, refined 8%c; tubs 8%c.

Wines, Liquors, Nic. *Yines, Liquors, Etc.
ATLANTA. February 9—Market steady. Corn whisky, rectified \$1.00@\$1.40: rye, rectified, \$1.10@\$1.60: rye and Bourbon medium \$1.50@\$2.00: rum, rectified, \$1.25@\$1.50: New Eugland \$1.75@\$2.50: \$1. Corns \$1.00: Jamaica \$3.50@\$4.50: gin, domestic, \$1.50@\$2.50: imported \$5.00@\$4.50: Cornso brandy, domestic, \$1.50@\$2.50: imported \$5.00@\$3.00: copper distilled corn whisky, leongta made, \$1.75: apple and peach brandy \$2.00@\$3.00: cherry and ginger brandy \$1.00@\$1.50: port wine \$1.50@\$6.00; owing to quality: sherry \$1.50@\$6.00; catawas \$1.26. @\$1.75: scuppernons \$1.00@\$1.25. CINCINNATI, February 9-Whisky nominally nebanged at \$1.18. nchanged at \$1.13. ST. LOUIS February 9—Whisky steadyat \$1.14. CHICAGO, February 9—Whisky firm at \$1.15.

Fruits and Confectioneries,

Fruits and Confectioneries.

ATLANTA, February 9—There is some demand for dried truit. Apples—\$3.00@\$5.00. Lennons—Messina \$2.50@\$5.00 \$ box; Palermo \$3.75@\$4.00. Oranges—\$1.50@\$2.00 \$ box for choice selected. Coconnuts—\$3.4@40. Pineapples—None. Bananas—\$1.25@\$2.50. Figs—15@18c. Raisins—\$ box \$2.75; new London \$2.75; ½ box \$1.75; ½ box \$2.75; new London \$2.75; ½ box \$1.75; ½ box \$2.75; new London \$2.75; ½ box \$1.75; ½ box \$2.75; Almonds—\$20. Currents—75@\$6. Cranberries—60c \$1.24\$; \$1.400 \$ bbi. California Pears—\$5.00 \$ box. Citron—25@40c. Almonds—\$20. Pecans—12. Brasils—10. Filberts—15@16c. Walmits—16c. Dried Fruit—Scarce and in good demand: rough dried peaches \$4.265cc; pealed peaches \$6.00 c; rough dried apples \$3.46c; pealed peaches \$6.00 c; rough dried apples \$3.46c; pealed peaches \$7.60c; rough dried apples \$3.46c. Virgina 73.468c; poxed demand; cvavorated 73.00c, owing to quality. Peanuts—Firm; Tonnasses \$6; North Carolina \$3.40c. Virgina 73.468c; poxed \$4.00; crab, barrels \$6.00; ½ barrels \$7.50c. % barrels \$4.00; crab, barrels \$6.00; ½ barrels \$7.50c. Naval Stores.

WILMINGTON, February 9-Turpentine dull at 27; rosin firm; strained 97%; good strained \$1.00; tar firm at \$1.10; crude turpentine steady; hards \$1.15; yellow dip and virgin \$1.75. CHARLESTON, February 9—Turpentine firm at 7%; rosin quiet; strained \$1.00; good strained

SAVANNAH. February 9-Turpentine dull at 27%;; rosin dull at \$1.05@\$1.15. NEW YORK, February 9—Rosin steady at \$1.25@ \$1.27%; turpentine barely steady at 30@30%. Country Produce.

Country Produce.

ATLANTA, February 9 — Eggs — 20c. Butter
—Strictly choice Jersey 30c; strictly choice Tennesmee 20c; other grades 12½@18c. Poultry—Young
chickens 18@22c; heus 27@30c; occis 20c;
ducks 20@22c; live turkeys 10@10c % b. Dressed
Poultry—Chickens 12½@18½; turkeys 15@16. Irish
Potatoes—Choice eastern and western 2.25@22.0
% berrel. Sweet Potatoes— 55@30c. Honey
—Strained 3@13½c; in the comb 18@18c. Onious
— Choice eastern 38 50@23.75

Onbose—3kinss 11.

Hardware,

ATLANTA, February 9 - Market steady. Horse shoes \$4.00; mule shoes \$5.00; norse-shoejastis 12%, 420. Iron-bonnd hames \$4.00, Trace-chains 313 70, Ames' shovels \$9.50. Spade \$5.50 \$13.00, Axes \$7.00g10.00 \$4.00. Cotton cards \$4.00@\$5.00. Well, buckets \$4.00. Cotton rope 16. Swede fron 501 rolled (or merchant har) 2% rate. Cast-steel 150-Nails \$2.50. Glidden barbod wire, galvanized, \$7.0; pained \$6. Powder, rifls \$4.00; biasting \$1.70. Bar-lead 70; shot \$1.85.

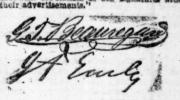
Miscellaneous ATLANTA, February 9-Leather-Market steady with a good trade reported: G. L. 24925; P. D. 21@24c; peet 25@25c; whiteosk sole 40c; harness leather 80@38c; black upper 85@40c. ATLANTA, February 9 - Bagging -1575 10.0 1056; 134 58 1056 1056. Iron fies-Arrow \$1.400 21.41 5 bundle

ATLANTA, February 9-Mules strong and firm with demand active. Plug horses in good request; harness horses dull with no demand and few offering. We quote: Horses, plug, round lots, \$90@\$125. Mules, car lots, \$120@\$150, owing to grade. CINCINNATI, February 9-Hoes and light \$3.75(3)\$4,75; packing and butchers,\$4.50

MO CAPITAL PRIZE, \$75,000. TO Tickets Only \$5. Shares in Proportion.



Louisiana State Lottery Com'y I''We do hereby certify that we supervise the ar cangements for all the Monthly and Semi-Annua Drawings of The Louisians State Lottery Company and in person manage and control the Drawing themselves, and that the same are conducted with homesty fairness and good faits toward all parties! and we authorise the Company to use this certificate with fac-similes of our signatures attached their advertisements."



Commission

recorporated in 1838 for 25 years by the Legista-ture for Educational and Charitable purposes—with a capital of one million dollars—to which a reserve fund of over five hundred and fifty thousand dol-lars has since beed added. By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise
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	Fraction	Alexander Victoria	, in proportion	to .
1	CAPITAL		IZES,	75,00
1	do		************************	25,00
2		26000	***********************	10,00
	do	2000		10,00
10	do	500		10,00
100	do	_ 200	*******************	10,00
800	do	100	***************************************	80,00
1000	do	25		25,00
	A	PROXIMATIO	N PRIZES.	-
-4	do	do do	of \$750	4,50
	do	40	260	5,25
1987 1	Prizes, amo	unting to		Des 80
For	further int	of the comp	pany in New Or rite clearly, givin	leans
Muure	ms. FU	STAL NUI	res. Express h	foner
Urdet	TE OF NOW	Oth Exchan	on in artimore	

Orders of New York Excusings in ordinary assets Currency by or express(all sums of five dollar and upwards byexpress at our expense) to m. A. DAUFHIM. New Orleans, La. Registered letters to KEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK, New Orleans, La.

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I THEREBY CONSENT AND AGREE THAT MY wife, Sarah J. Purtell, may become a free trader as she has been one for the past ten years with my consent, and her acquisitions are hers of right, and she has a perfect right to invest them as she pleases and de what she chooses with them without my consent or approval, and such right has existed (or more them ton years last rear. This

existed for more than ten years last past. This anuary 22, 1885. E. C. PURTELL.

JELLICO COAL.

THE MAIN

Jellico Mt. Coal Co.,

NEAR JELLICO, TENN., IS NOW OPEN AND ready for business. They are prepared to supply any quantity of this splendid coal for domestic and steam purposes. The analysis shows that this coal is equal if not superior to any found in the Jellico range. Orders from dealers and manufacturers solicited. Postoffice address, MAIN JELLICO MT. COAL CO.

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19 SOUTH BROAD STREET, remedy, has discovered a simple means of self which he will send FREE to his fellow-suff Address, J.H. REEVES, 42 Chatham St., New ATLANTA. GA.

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NONE GENUINE UNLESS BEARING OUR PATENTED TRADE-MARKS, A LIGHT METALLIC SCAL, ATTACHED TO THE STRING, AND THE STRIPED CANVAD. AS IN THE DUTY.

Cotton Mill For Sale or Rent. THE COTTON MILL KNOWN AS THE BATON
ROUGE YARD Co., situated in the Louisiana
state penitentiary at Baton Rouge. It contains 200
looms, and all machinery necessary to operate
same, also all machinery complete necessary to
run it as a yarn mill. It is run by a Harris Corliss
engine, latest improved. consumes about 30 boxes
coal in a twelve hour run. The building is a large
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of habor hege, skilled in the manufacture of yarn.
The mill was run only a short while ago as a yarn
mill, and produced from 20,000 to 25,000 pounds
per week. Can be bought or rented on the most
reasonable terms. Apply to

T. L. AIREY & CO.,
New Orleans, La.,
Or WM. GARIG,
Baton Rouge, La.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION III., ARTICLE I, of the By-Laws of the Capidol City Land and Improvement Company of Atlanta. Ga., I will cause to be sold in front of the courthouse on the first Tuesday in March next, the following described sheres of the Capitol City Land and Improvement company, for arrears and fines:

JACOB HAAS, Secretary. CLARENCE ANGIER......A. L. WALDO

NEW FIRM.

INSURANCE

We would like for every lady who is afflicted with

MEMBERS N. Y. COTTON & STOCK EXCHANGES Cotton, Stocks, Grain and Foreign Exchange, any trouble peculiar to her sex to send us her name that we may mail her FREE our book on the MILLS BUILDING, 35 WALL ST., N. Y. BATEMAN & CO., Washington, D. C.

Correspondence solicited. Private wires. Correspondents: Gilbert H. Green & Co., New Orleans and Galveston; Chas. Green's Son & Co., Savannah. Ga.

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pared by Das. J. P. & W. R. Holmes, Dentists Ga. For Sale by all druggists and de NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED ASSIGNEE OF THE Fairview Coal and Mining Cempany will sell for cash at the mines, near Fairview, St. Clair county, Ala., within the legal hours of sale, on Tuesday, the 17th day of February, 1885, at public outery to the highest bidder, the following described property, viz: All the title, claim, and interest which said company has in and to the coal plant of said company, including machinery, leasehold, estate and buildings thereon, with mining privileges in and on the following named lands to-wit: N. E. ½ of sec. 10. N. W. ¼ of sec. 10. N. W. 10. Sec. 10. Sec. 10. Sec. 10. N. W. 10. Sec. 10. Sec. 10. Sec. 10. N. W. 10. Sec. 10. Se

GEORGE E. PAINE, Assignee. 3 su & th feb 12.

SMITH'S

Extract of May Flower FOR WOMEN.

CHORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, February 4, 1885. Ida Gray has applied for exemption of personality and setting apart and valuation of homestead, and I will pass upon the same at 10 o'clock a, m. on the 26th day upon the same at 10 o clock.

W. L. CALHOUN,

Ordinar,

AUCTION SALE.

WILL BE SOLD AT THE STATION HOUSE AT 12 o'clock m. Monday, February 9th, 1885, e cows now in pound, unless sooner claimed A, B. CONNOLLY, Chief of Police.

CEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—IN THE COURT of ordinary, February 2nd, 1885. To William Johnson, William C. Evans and Clerendon E. Jett, non-resident heirs at law of Naoma Johnston, de one-resident nears at law of radiance cased.

W.P. Johnson, executor of the will of said deceased having filed his petition, in this court, for the probate of said will in solemn form, you are hereby notified to be and appear at the next term thereof, to be held on the first Monday in March next, as said petition will then be heard, and said will offered for probate in solemn form.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

Manhood Restored

RAILROAD CO. OFFICE OF GENERAL FREIGHT AND PASS, AGT. MARIETTA, GA., February 6, 1835

SCHEDULES 3 AND 4 ON THE MARIETTA AND North Georgia Railroad are discontinued. To make connection for points on this line parties should leave Atlanta at 8 o clock a. m. parties should leave Atlanta at a comparties should leave at a comparties s



AND BONELESS BACON

WE HAVE THIS DAY ASSOCIATED OUR selves under the firm name of Angier & Waldo for the purpose of conducting the Fire and Life Insurance business in Atlanta and vicinity. The companies represented by us are old, strong, prompt and reliable. Their total assets over fifty millions of dollars. The public may rely on our immediate and careful attention to any businrss intrusted to us. We take the same interest in settling an honest loss as in collecting the premium.

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Boom 22 Gate City Nat. Bank Building.

Orders by telephone, No. 373, promptly attended to.

Jan. 28, 1835.

WOMAN: Her Health and Happiness. Respectfully dedicated to Mothers, Wives, Sisters, Daughters. 16 pages. This is the unpretending title of a pamphlet before us and we can truly say that we have never read a work containing so much important and interest-ing information in so small a small, a space. It is oncise and comprehensive, and can be read with prot by the large majority of the female world.

" HEALTH AND HAPPINESS OF WOMEN"

Respectfully

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.

Read what the "Southern World," says of it.

The early decay of the Amarican women is due partly to lack of vigor of their mothers and granddisregard of hygenic rules for the preservation of health. This little work details in graphic manner the progress of medical science, the langers of the female sex and the path of duty and safety for them.

Any movement looking to the amelioration of their sufferings, the building up of their broken constitutions, and increase of their vigor and strength, thereby enuring to perfect health and bappiness, is truly a philanthropic work. In this light we consider this small pamphlet a public benefaction and would recommend every lady to write for a copy and read it carefully. It will be

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.,
Atlanta, Gai
Of the remedies offered by this company, we may be permitted to say, that for the purpose specified they have no superior. The editor of his own knowledge can testify to their worth. The origi-nator of these remedies is a gentleman of probity and standing, who has devoted years of study in their preparation, and the fact is apparent to all who use them, that they are specific remedies of

incalculable value. -Southern World. WALL PAPER

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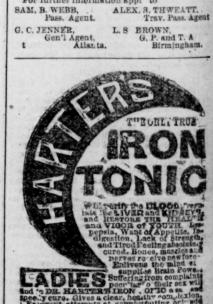
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Mill Rice

-AND-Corn Mill At Savannah,

FOR SALE. ON ACCOUNT OF A CHANGE IN BUSINESS OF the proprietors, I have had placed in my hands for sale that valuable property in this city on the line of the track of the S. F. & W. railway, known as the Enterprise Mills. This property is supplied with complete machinery and all most apprived appliances for doing economically and with dispatch the business of milling in both corn and rice, being upon the line of road with tracks up to the door, and connected in same manner with the wharves and the other railroads connected here. It enjoys unusual facilities for receiving and shipping, and saving drayes and cost of handling of grain and fuel. The machinery is so pisced that either mill can be sold spartely, or detached from the plant. For full particulars, terms, etc., apply to C. H. DORSETT.



ATLANTA AFFAIR

THE DOINGS OF THE BU YESTERDAY.

Happenings tiere and There—In the Co Capitol, Around the Station House and Streets—Minor News Notes Caught u the Sidewalk—Gossip in the Gutt

Mrs. R. H. Knapp was much

Mrs. Samuel W. Goode, who has l sick for some time past, is improvin Mrs. W. H. Beattie, who died o yesterday, was buried in Oakland yo

The East Tennessee, Virginia an road yesterdsy brought into Atlanta and 20 empty cars. The remains of Mrs. J. S. Pan died Saturday at her residence; street, were taken to Rome Yesterd terment.

Mr. Humphries Castleman's son so seriously injured by a fall at th bouse on Peachtree street, several rapidly improving.

Pure Jersey Milk and Butter cents per galion; butter 40 cents per galion; butter 40 cents proving to "Hilldale farm phone 22. Five calls."

Yesterday Robert Roberts, of Hara ty, was before Commissioner Pirkle with obstructing an officer in the di his duty. He was discharged.

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The ordinance provide a fine of ning one hundred dollars and cost, man or driver of any other licens onment not over thirty days, upon man or driver of any other license who shall allow his dray, vehicle o stand unwatched in a public street dinance if enforced would prever many disastrous runaways. But it simost a dead letter for time past. However, Sund Chief Connolly directed the to publish the ordinance to the morn and to order its enforcement. The were instructed to make cases agains and hackmen who left their teams. were instructed to make cases agains and hackmen who left their teams, noon nearly a dozen cases had been police headquarters. Hackmen and tuffered alike, and to day Recorder will investigate charges against J. Charles Cole, William Benson, Sam ter Smith, John James and Bob Prare all charged with leaving their tout drivers.

BROKE HIS LEG.

John Melton, an Employee at t Street Coffin Factory, Serious John Melton, a coffin maker w working at the coffin factory on Ne met with a serious and almost fa yesterday morning.

About ten o'clock Mr. Melton About ten o'clock Mr. Melton con a large pile of lumber and bega some pieces that were suits job of work he and. The pile of lumber was qui was not securely laid. While step on the lumber the pile suddenly a by wayning began to fall. Mr. impted to jump off as soon as he the lumber was tumbling, by kenough. He was precipit with great force. Several pieces ar fell upon him and pinned him.

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brought them to Mr. Melton's reside timber was removed and picked up, it was feared at first treceived fatal injuries. In the second of the second fatal injuries, with the second fatal injuries. In the second fatal injuries, were hurriedly sent for physiciam. B. Parks and Gaston responder careful examination they decided Melton had escaped with a fracture had received no internal injuries cape was considered a remain right leg was booken below the fracture was reduced and the antieman was sent to his home ne

ble peculiar to her sex to send us her at we may mail her FREE our book on the EALTH AND HAPPINESS OF WOMEN"

d what the "Southern World," says of it.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO. Her Health and Happiness. Respectful-leated to Mothers, Wives, Sisters, Daugh-

he unpretending title of a pamphlet before we can truly say that we have never read a containing so much important and interest-formation in so small a small, a space. It is not comprehensive, and can be read with the large majority of the female world, d of hygenic rules for the preservation of progress of medical science, the peculiar

offerings, the building up of their broken utions, and increase of their vigor and ess, is truly a philanthropic work. In this consider this small pamphlet a public setion and would recommend every lady to for a copy and read it carefully. It will be

free. Address the tE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Gai Atlanta, Gai mitted to say, that for the purpose specified have no superior. The editor of his own dedge can testify to their worth. The origipreparation, and the fact is apparent to all use them, that they are specific remedies of

WALL PAPER

LEWIS VOIGHT & SON

WINDOW SHADES.

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TUBURL' TRUE

Mill Rice

LADIES

Corn Mill

FOR SALE. ACCOUNT OF A CHANGE IN BUSINESS OF the proprietors, I have had placed in my des for sale that valuable property in this city the line of the track of the S. F. & W. railway, we as the Enterprise Mills. This property is plied with complete machinery and all the tapproved appliances for doing economically with dispatch the business of milling in both at approved appliances for doing economically with dispatch the business of milling in both as up to the door, and connected in same mer with the wharves and the other railroads meeted here. It enjoys unusual facilities for inving and shipping, and saving drayers and of handling of grain and fuel. The maclinis so pisced that either mill can be sold separations, or deached from the plant. For full parliars, terms, etc., apply to C. H. DORSETT. Real estate dealer. Savannah, Ga.



ATLANTA AFFAIRS.

THE DOINGS OF THE BUSY CITY YESTERDAY.

Esteenings there and There—In the Courts, at the Capatol, Around the Station House and on the Streets—Minor News Notes Caught upon; the Bidewalk—Gossip in the Gutters.

Mrs. R. H. Knapp was much better yes-Mrs. Samuel W. Goode, who has been quite

sick for some time past, is improving.

Mrs. W. H. Beattie, who died day before yesterday, was buried in Oakland yesterday. The East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia road yesterdsy brought into Atlanta 399 loaded and 20 empty cars.

The remains of Mrs. J. S. Panchen, who died Saturday at her residence, 79 Smith street, were taken to Rome Yesterday for in-

Mr. Humphries Castleman's son, who was so seriously injured by a fall at the Leyden house on Peachtree street, several days ago is rapidly improving. Pure Jersey Milk and Butter Milk, 40

cents per gallon; butter 40 cents per pound. Send your orders to "Hilldale farm." Telephone 22. Five calls. Yesterday Robert Roberts, of Haralson county, was before Commissioner Pirkle, charged with obstructing an officer in the discharge of

his duty. He was discharged. The Gate City National bank has determined to fill every office in its building if low rents will secure tenants. With passenger elevator and steam heat, they are the cheapest and most desirable offices in the city. If The Western and Atlantic business continues thick forms.

the western and Atlantic Dusiness continues at high figures. Yesterday's report shows 204 loaded freight cars brought into Atlants, and 71 loaded freight cars forwarded neth. They have eighteen trains of freight days to day.

Yesterday Blarence McManaman, whose Testerdry Blarence McManamar, whose father resides at 71 Chapel street, was buried at West View cemetery. The little fellow's death was very sudden. He was up and well Saturday and died at 2 o'clock Saturday night

The horse hitched to T. P. Jackson's deliy-The norse interfed to 1. F. Secsion's delivery was on started on a wild runaway from in front of Mr. Jackson's grocery store on Marietta street, yesterday, and brought up near the old rolling mill. The wag on was demolished by colliding with a telegraph pole.

A suit has been filed in the superior court by S. T. Biggers against A. G. Grier, as agent for Mrs. Mary F. Grier and R. E. Grier. The suit is for \$1,000 damages. It is claimed that the defendant sold a house on which the aintiff held a lease, and that in the sale no ovision was made to cover the lease.

The remains of Colonel Lovic Travis were esried through the city to Griffin for interment on yesterday in charge of Mr. Whitely, undertaker, from Rome. Colonel Travis died herse Kimball Jackson, and was well known to the turfmen of the south.

There will be a mass meeting at the Second There will be a mass meeting at the Second Eaptist church to-night on the occasion of the departure of Rev. Dr. Gregory, of North Carolina, to New Orleans. Dr. Gregory goes to New Orleans as the missionary of the Scuthern Eaptist convention. Addresses will be made by Dr. Gregory and Dr. Burrows, of Augusta, both of whom are eloquent and interesting speakers. The public are invited to attend. No collection will be taken.

Dr. J. H. Logan, professor of chemistry Dr. J. H. Logan, professor of chemistry in the Atlanta medical college, has been confined to his bed for a number of days past by a severe attack of illness. He has suffered from a slight indisposition since the early fall, but on Friday last, after delivering a chemical lecture, seems to have been completely prestrated. Though still very fil, he has teken a turn for the better, and his physicians and friends are hopeful of a speedy recovery. The regular monthly meeting of the Young Men's Christian association will be held this evening, corner of Forsyth and Walton streets,

Men's Christian association will be held this evening, corner of Forsyth and Walton streets, steight o'clock. A musical and literary programme will be rendered after the business meeting. An exhibition in club swinging will be given by the gymnasium class. Interesting reports on the work from the secretaries of the railread and city departments, also from various committees, will be presented. A hearty welcome is extended to all.

Yesterday, in the city court, the case of Shepherd & Co., sgainst the Georgia Home insurance company was concluded, with ia verdict to the plaintiff in the sum of \$503.28. Shepherd & Co. had a retail grocery store on Peachtree street which, a year ago, was de-stroyed by fire. The insurance men declined to pay upon the ground that the stock of goods destroyed was not worth the amount claimed. There is another suit against the North British and Mercantile insurance company, the claim being a little larger than that against the

LEAVING TEAMS WITHOUT DRIVERS.

Miss Richardson's Sad and Untimely Death Resurrects a Forgotten Ordinance. The sad death of Miss Sophie Richardson, the young lady who was run over by a dray on Peachtree street several days ago, has aused Chief Connolly to republish to the poice force section 322 of the city code, and to ssue a special order directing the strict en-

fercement of the section or ordinance.

The ordinance provide a fine of not exceeding one hundred dollars and cost, or impristment not over thirty days, upon any drayman or driver of any other licensed vehicle, who shall allow his dray, vehicle or team to stand unwatched in a public street. The or-dinance if enforced would prevent a great many disastrous runaways. But it has been for a long Sunday night lmost a dead letter time past. However, Sunday night Chief Connolly directed the captains to publish the ordinance to the morning watch and to order its enforcement. The natrolmen were instructed to make cases against draymen and hackmen who left their teams, and before too nearly a dozen cases had been booked at police headquarters. Hackmen and draymen tuffered alike, and to-day Recorder Anderson will investigate charges against J. A. Austin, Charles Cole, William Benson, Sam Hall, Waltry Smith, Laby Lenge and Reb. Pract. They ter Smith, John James and Bob Pratt. They are all charged with leaving their teams with-

BROKE HIS LEG.

John Melton, an Employee at the Newton Street Coffin Factory, Seriously Hurt. John Melton, a coffin maker who has been working at the coffin factory on Newton street, net with a serious and almost fatal accident yesterday morning.

About ten o'clock Mr. Melton climbed upen a large pile of lumber and began selecting tome pieces that were suitable to a job of work he had on on the pile of lumber was quite high and was not securely laid. While stepping about on the lumber the pile suddenly and without any warning began to fall. Mr. Melton attempted to jump off as soon as he ascertained that the lumber was tumbling, but was not quick enough. He was precipitated to the floor with great force. Several pieces of the lumber fell upon him and pinned him to the floor. There was no one in the room at the time the accident happened. The noise made by the falling lumber however attracted some workmen in another portion of the building, and brught them to Mr. Melton's rescue. When the timber was removed and Mr. Melton picked up, it was feared at first that he had received fatal injuries. Blood was sunning from his mouth and tote and his pains were intense. Messengers were hearted. hand. The pile of lumber was quite high and

noning from his mouth and hase and his pains were intense. Messengers were hurriedly sent for physicians. Drs. W. B. Parks and Gaston responded. After a careful examination they decided that Mr. Melton had escaped with a fractured leg. He had received no internal injuries and his ceape was considered a remarkable one. His right leg was broken below the knee. The fracture was reduced and the unfortunate gentleman was sent to his home near Bellwood.

THE POLICE COMMISSIONERS The Board Convenes in Regular Session and

Hears Reports-A Trial. The board of polica commissioners convened in regular session last night in their chamber at police headquarters. There were present Commissioner English, chauman, Commissioners Goldsmith, Hancock, Jones and Fox. The chamber was crowded with applicants for position on the force.

ition on the force.

The journals of the last regular and called The journals of the last regular and called meetings were read and approved.

Patrolman G. H. Phillips was arraigned before the board charged with conduct unbacking an officer, in this that the said Phillips did act in a manner unbecoming an officer by using boisterous and profane language, at the time being under the influence of liquor, on the 10th day of January, 1885. The witnesses against the patrolman were J. E. Harrison, A. D. Fuller and W. F. Mecham.

A. D. Fuller, the first, swore that he was clerking for J. E. Haralson at 204 West Peters, and that on or about the seventh day of January and that on or about the seventh day of January and that on or about the seventh day of January and the sevent

and that on or about the seventh day of January last Patrolman Phillips came into the store and paid for a barrel of flour, which he had previously purchased, and ordered some meat. The meat was not sent because it was not paid for, and subsequently the patrolman came into the store, and after asking why the meat had not been sent engaged in a b terous quarrel with the witness. The witness soon after the affair wrote a lengthy letter to the chief of police, in which he accuses Patrolman Phillips of using profane and obscene language, and of being under the influence of liquor. This letter was ordered read by the coard. At the conclusion of the reading Mr. Fuller stated that he could not swear that Paruller stated that he could not swear that Patrolman Phillips was drunk, or that he had even taken a drink of liquor. The other witnesses knew but little of the difficulty. Patrolman Phillips, in his statement, denied having used any profane language, but admitted that he was very mad. The board

voted Patrolman Phillips guilty and suspended him from duty four days.

Con.missioner Goldsmith read a series of resolutions relative to the death of Hon. Ben E. Crane, a member of the commission. The resolutions were ordered spread on a page of the ioneral. the journal.

the journal.
Chief Connelly's report for the month of January was read. It covered the operations of the department fully. It showed that during the month there had been booked: which were disposed of as follows:

Sex of persons arrested:

The amount of fines imposed by the recorde

" But bound over...
" eompromised...
" Pitchford bound over...
" Rhea bound over...
" dismissed...
" dismissed...
Transferred to city court...
" county jail.....

Commissioner Jones offered a resolution separating all witnesses appearing before the board in trial cases.

The board adjourned.

SHADOWING A HOUSE.

The Man Who Wants to See His Son Still Lingering About the Locality. A few days ago THE CONSTITUTION contained a secount of how W. E. Harris, of New York. s here to see his seven year old son, who is here in the custody of Mrs. Riley Ross, for herly the wife of Harris. The story of the marriage of Harris in Utica, New York, and the subsequent divorce of the parties was given. It will be remembered that Mrs. Rose refused to let Harris see the boy, who has been legally awarded to her care. Harris ex-pressed his determination to stay until he could pressed his determination to stay until no could see the boy, but few people believed he was fixed in that determination. He is here yet, however, and says he means to stick it out. He frequently goes out to the house on Rhodes street and watches for the boy, but has gotten only one glimpse of him. Harris says the how he had been under lock and key. only one glimpse of him. Harris says the boy is kept under lock and key. Do you think be understands why he is

kept close?" asked a Constitution man yes-

I suppose he has been told that there is a man here who wants to take him off in a bag, and for that reason he is willing enough to be kept "Are you not afraid of getting in jail over this matter?"

"It makes little differences to me." "Are you not afraid Mr. and Mrs. Ross will

send the boy away?"
"There are but two places that they would be likely to send him to and if they were to send him to either I would know it at once. "Of one thing you may be sure I am going to see my boy before I quit."

A NOVEL BACE.

A Wheelbarrow Contest on Roller Skates Last Night.

There was a novel sport indulged in last right at the Globe skating riuk-a "wheelbarnight at the Globe skating rink—a "wheelparrow race" on skates. Five young gentlemen
took their positions on the floor, each behind
an ordinary wheelbarrow. They were numbered 1, 2, 3, etc. At a given signal they
were to start and go sixteen
times around the rink, rolling
the barrows. When the start was made two
of the skaters failed to manage the barrows,
and were down on the floor in an instant. *A of the skaters failed to manage the barrows, and were down on the floor in an instant. "A little boy soon took the lead and seemed to lead off half a lap, which he kept until the tenth lap. Then another boy came alongside and the two went around side by side for two laps. The crowd yelled themselves hoarse, their sympathy seeming to be with the second boy. Finally, on the thirteenth lap, the second boy fell, and the little one went ahead amid the shouts of the crowd. He hadn't gone far, however, before an anxious lookeron got on the floor and tripped him down. Then the second boy went past him, and the excitement was intense. The little fellow was plucky, though, and started out to catch his antago-The little fellow was plucky, though, and started out to catch his antago-The last round was neck and neck, with both boys working for all they were worth. The reporters' walking match hardly created more enthusiasm. It was hard to say which boy would win. The little one was determized, and skated like a professional. But the second boy, also, was a line skater, and was equally as desperate to get there first. He succeeded, too, and passed the goall with the youngster at his heels. The others finished in good order, but were a lap or two behind.

Mr. Jemes Johnson Sues for Five Thousand Dollars' Damages for Stander. Mr. James Johnson has instituted a sui

Mr. James Johnson has instituted a suit against the Bradstreet commercial agency for \$5,000 damages, and the sheriff has attached the office furniture of the company in Atlanta. Mr. Johnson is a retail grocer, and on the 1st of last December Bradstreet said of him:

James Johnson has given a trust deed on his store property to 8. W. Goode, believed to be for borrowed money. He is dissipated in his habits, and unless some change should occur soon his business will prove a failure. Caution in selling him goods is advised.

Mr. Johnson, it seems, is determined to see whether or not Bradstreet can proye the assertion. In his bill he refers to the Bradstreet company as an institution that furnishes or pretends to furnish commercial news. Of course the company will give bond and release its property from the attachment.

INGERSOLL'S IDEAS.

THE PLUMED KNIGHT OF INFIDEL
ITY UNHORSED.

Mr. Theodore C. Cone's Grand Lecture Last Night-A Man of the World's Analysis of Religion, Sci-e.ce and Ingersollism-Resson's Triumph Over a Dazzling Cheat and Fraud.

A large audience assembled at DeGive's opera house last night to hear Mr. Theodore C. Cone's lecture on "Religion, Science and Ingersollism from the Standpoint of a Man of the World." When the lecturer walked upon the stage

and faced the audience, the spectators saw before them a man whose distinguished bearing and intellectual head and face would attract favorable attention in any crowd. His massive head, thoughtful countenance and rather stalwart figure conveyed an impression of mental and physical strength, conscious power, courage and energy.

This was the judgment of the audience, and it was fully confirmed when the speaker and his hearers grew better acquainted with each

Mr. Cone devoted the first part of his lecture to an analysis of the Christian religion and the various scientific theories regarding the world's creation and the beginnings of life. He showed that the man of the world, earnestly seeking after the truth, and rejecting religio because it rests upon faith, meets with the same obstacle when he endeavors to accept the scientific theories which leave out the Great First Cause. The scientist himself comes to a point where reason pauses and faith is invoked. The slough of doubt and despond is at the end of

every pathway.

Turning from this brief, but clear analysis and expesition of religion and science, the lecturer devoted his

ATTENTION TO "INGERSOLLISM."

The positions and the reasoning of Mr. Ingersoll were quoted in his own words. The gross materialism of his horrible doctrine was stripped of its gau-dy tinsel and exposed in its naked, repulsive deformity. The absurd and monstrous proposition that force and matter have always existed was dissected in masterly style. Ingersell's theory that mind was the product of matter, and that mere chemical action had turned a certain quantity of bread into the divine tragedy of Hamlet, the lecturer subjected to a scorching cross-fire of reason and ridicule. As the

investigation of indersoll proceeded the great infidel's glittering generalities degenerated into sounding jargon, and their illogical drift and sham pretensions and their illogical drift and sham pretensions to learning became conspicuously apparent. The man, of the world pursued the pseudo-philosopher from point to point with a relentless purpose. The idea that conscience was only a weak invention of the priests, or that it was the expression of our capacity for pain and pleasure was demolished with a few sledge hammer strokes.

into which he proposed to lead all the world after men and women gave up their religion was shown to be only the wild dream of a dis-ordered mind. Before the first step could be taken into that wonderland society would be broken up and in a state of warfare as the natural result of the Ingersollian law which commands every man to live for pleasure alone. In the wild hunt for pleasure individuals would stand in each other's way and ultimately would go dawn in red death. Quoting Ingersoll's declaration that Christianity was "infamous," the lecturer in the name of men of the world, scientists, women and children, seciety at large, law and order, and civilization itself, arraigned Ingersollism with all its black consequences, and branded the word "intamous" in burning letters upon the whole gigantic system of devilish unbelief. WITHOUT A WORD OF ABUSE

and relying upon the usual Scriptual weapons generally resorted to in such debates, Mr. Cone made it clear that the honest doubter if he failed to accept the truths of Christianity could not find the slightest comfort in Inger-

To-night Mr. Cone finishes his great theme To-night Mr. Cone finishes his great theme with a lecture on "Reason's Reply to the Four Great Questions." Those who heard him last night will be sure to attend, and many others who were prevented from hearing the first lecture will embrace this opportunity of hearing the distinguished Georgian who has won such renown in the lecture field. Mr. Cone is a forcible and attractive speaker. He wins the attention of his audience with his first words and holds it to the last. His diction is elegant and polished, and his keen thrusts are ished, and his keen thrusts are deadly. He is more than a match for Inger-soll, and it is a rare intellectual pleasure to hear him tearing the blatant pretender into shreds and tatters.

HE STANDS CHARGED WITH MURDER George Bays, the Dray Driver Who Ran

Over Miss Richardson, in Trouble. George Hays, the negro dray driver whose Miss Richardson, inflicting indray ran over Miss Richardson, inflicting in-juries from which she died, is now charged ith murder.

Hays was arrested late Sunday night by Patrolman Smith, as was stated in yesterday's Constitution. He was found at his home on Howard street, and when the patrelman made known his mission, at once signified his willingness to accompany the patrelman to the city prison. No case was booked against Hays Sunday night as Patrelman Smith received instructions only to make the arrest. The negro was locked up. Yes-terday morning after Chief Connolly reached police headquarters and ascertained that the arrest had been made he took the matter into consideration, and after deliberating several hours preferred the charges of murder against the prisoner. Late in the evening the chief

said:
"I realize fully that it is a serious charge but then the death was an extremely sad one, and if I can show that the accident was caused by Hays's carelessness, I think the charge will be sustained. I know that the negro did not intend to injure or even touch the lady, and I have been told that he did all in his power to have been told that he did all in his power to stop the horse. But I can prove, too, that the horse would never have run away but for Hays's carelessness. I grant that he may have made every effort to stop the horse after he started, but I am not satisfied that he worked as zealously to accomplish the same end before the horse started. However I have competent detective, working. However I have competent detectives working on the case and when they have finished their work I will know just what we can prove." Hays says he regrets the accident as much as anybody but asserts most positively that he could not avoid it. He declares that he did not see the young lady and says that he did not know that his dray had struck her until after he had stopped his animal. No time has yet been designated for a preliminary trial.

ABOUT POLICE HEADQUARTERS.

Pulling in the Bootblacks-Advertising Property for Sale-Stealing Coal. Property for Sale—Stealing Coal.

The bootblacks have long ago proven a nuisence about the Union passenger depot by blockading the sidewalk, sky larking, etc. A few days ago Chief Connolly instructed the force to pull the boot blacks every day if necessary, in order to break them of loitering about the carshed, but they have always managed to outrun the patrolmen until yesterday, when Patrolmen Lynam, Ryan, Stroud and Mehan tackled the crowd. The patrolmen succeeded in gathericg in George Floyd, Lewis Cook, Joe Carroll and Tom Grant. They are charged with disorderly conduct and obstructing the sidewalks, and their cases will be be given an investigation their cases will be be given an investigation

their cases will be be given an investigation in police court this morning.

Yesterday about noon a shalf dozen small negroes, each carrying an empty sack, entered W. B. Seals's premises, on Fairlie street, and going direct to the coal house, filled their sack with coal. At the gate, as they were leaving, they met Mr. Seals. He attempted to stop them, but they darted by him and got away. attempted to stop the

STILSON. Reliable Goods, Fair Dea 53 WHITEHALL STR

STEALING A WEEK'S "WASHING."

Two Negro Giris Play a Sharp Trick on Mrs. T. J. Phillips.

Mrs. Phillips, wife of T. J. Phillips, the Peachtree grocer, was victimized yesterday by two negro girls.

Mrs. Phillips resides on Luckie street. About noon two negro girls, apparently sixteen or seventeen years of age, entered the residence by the back way. Approaching the kitchen door they made their presence known by a kneck which was answered by the cook. To the cook one of the zirls said: the cook one of the girls said:
"Aunt Mandy has sent us for the 'wash-

The cook knew that Mrs. Phillips had a washerwoman and that the "washing" was usually called for on Monday. She believed the girls honest in their mission, and, asking them into the kitchen, went into the house and informed Mrs. Phillips of their presence. Mrs. Phillips went direct to the kitchen and in a few minutes ascertained that the girls knew who her washerwoman was and where she lived. One of the girls claimed to be the washerwoman's niece, and said that she had been sent for the "washing" because "auntie" was sick. Not suspecting anything wrong, been sent for the "washing" because "auntie" was sick. Not suspecting anything wrong, Mrs. Phillips counted out the soiled garments and had them tied up. All this time the two negro girls conversed with the cook at a lively rate. When the "washing" was ready Mrs. Phillips surrendered it to the girls and they started off. Just as they started a heavy shower came up and Mrs. Phillips told them to remain until the rain was over, but they declined, alleging that they were in a great hurry. About a half hour effort the declined, alleging that they were in a great hurry. About a half hour after the girls had left the washerwoman came herself. Mrs. Phillips was surprised to see her, and still more surprised to ascertain that the washstill more surprised to ascertain that the wash-erwemen had not sent for the clothing and knew nothing of the girls. Patrolman Hoyle, who was on the beat, was notified and was given a description of the girls and the stolen articles, but no clue to the whereabouts of either had been obtained up to a late hour last night. The "washing" was worth fifty or sixty dollars.

BRADSTREET BUDGET.

The List of Failures in the United States Last Week,

There were 330 failures in the United States reported to Bradstreet's during the week, against 49 in the preceeding week, and 257, 256 and 159 in the corresponding weeks of 1884, 1883 and 1882, respectively. Additional comparisons are given

the corresponding weeks of 1884, 1883 and 1882, respectively. Additional comparisons are given in the following table:

About 86 per cent were those of small traders whose capital was less than \$5,000. Among those reported embarrassed were Mitchell & Kinzler, Hotel Brunswick, New York city: Charles Mc-Recne & Som soap manufacturing company, Philadelphia; H. Leonard & Co., hides, Boston, Brist, Maddux & Faulkner, wholesale dry goods, W. Crane & Son, leather, and Towner, Landstreet & Co., whicksale rubber goods, Baltimore; Edward & Son, Igneers, New Haven; Gwens & Earkley, shoes, Maysville, Kentucky: Levinsobn, Meyerstein & Goldman, wholesale men's furnishing goods, San Francisco. In the principal trades they were as follows: General stores, 59; grocers, 46; shoes, 22; liquors, 16; clothing, 14; botels and restaurants, 13; jewelry, 13; furniture, 12; paper, books, stationery, etc., 11; hardware and agricultural implements, 11; dry goods, 10; tobacco and cigars, 9; produce and provisions, 8; drugs, 8; bakers and confectioners, 8; fancy goods, 7; lumber and materials, 6; markets, 5; millimery, 5; millers and flour, 5; hides and leather, 4; harness, 4; carpenters and builders, 3; carriages, 3; bankers, 2; coal and wood, 2; plumbers, 2; men's furnishing goods, 2.

The failures in the territory tributary to Atlanta were as follows:

Alabama—Barton—J. A. Thompson, general store, assigned. Florence—McAlister & Jounson, general store, assigned. Liabilities \$6,000; assets \$8,000.

general store, assigned. Liabilities 36,000; assets \$3.000. Georgia—Atlanta—Abraham Frank, wall paper, assigned. Elberton—Z. D. Chamblee, general store, sold out to his wife. Liabilities about \$3,000; nominal assets \$3,500; actual assets \$1,500. Jug Tavern—Saunders, Cofer & Co., general store, assigned. Oconeo—F. J. Pearson & Son, general store, reported assigned. Social Circle—J. T. Ecc. Cis, general store, assigned to J. R. Mabiley. Sparta—McComb & Brown, general store, assigned. Liabilities \$7,000; nominal assets \$5,000. West Point—J. W. Hogan, grocer, sold out and attached. North Carolina—Charlotte—Mrs. P. Query, millinery, assigned; preferences \$500. Liabilities North Carolina—Charlotte—Mrs. P. Quety, therey, assigned; preferences \$500. Liabili \$5,000. Tarboro—J. C. Allen, grocer, assign preferences \$3,000. Washington—Winited Sciquors, assigned. Washington—Sacauel Smood & Co., general store, assigned; preferences \$3,000. Weynesville—Norvell Brothers, generator, assigned; preferences to the sacional professional store assigned; preferences assigned; preferences assigned as

So, O. Wrynesylle—Novell Brothers, general store, assigned.

South Carolina—Greenville—B. R. White, grocer, sold out and attached. Laurens—W.Y. Sherrard & Brothers, grocers, assigned.

Tennessee—Jackson—T. J Fry. general store, closed by sheriff. Liabilities \$4,550; nominal assets \$3,600. Saulsbury—W. W. R. Elliott, Sr. general store, assigned to bis son. Short crops and eral store, assigned to his son. Short crops and poer collections are ascribed as the causes. Liabilities reported at about \$20,000 Treuton—N. C. Fatton, general store, sold out by a creditor,

HENRY WALKER, of Rome, is in the city. COLONEL A. H. MOOR, of Ophir, is in the city. MR. BOYKIN WRIGHT, of Augusta, is at the

J. H. Donsey and Charles Stern, of Athens, are in Atlanta.

CITY-ATTORNEY ANGIEE, who has been sick or several days, is up again.

Charles H. Cromwell, general ticket and

passenger agent Atlanta and West Point and Westrn railroads, is in the city. THE genial Fred Wilhelm, with samples of art, was in the city yesterday. He left last night for Brunswick, but has a return ticket.

GOVERNOR McDANIEL has gone to Augusta to aspect the convict camps near there. He will return via Milledgeville and take a look at the asy-COLONEL C. P. ATMORE, general passenger

agent Louisville and Nashville railroad, spent the

day in the city and left on the Kennesaw limited J. R. Conn and party of ten left on the limited, via Montgomery and Mobile, for the New Or-leans exposition, delegates to the Young Men's agricultural convention.

THE Atlanta and New Orleans short line, via lontgomery, sold thirty-five round trip tickets to the New Orleans exposition yesterday.

THE two new Pullman buffet sleeping cars, the "Siam" and "Savoy," now frunning daily to New Orleans via Montgomery, are models of elegance and comfort

THE GLOBE RINK A Grand "Hat Carnival" Wednesday Night. The Globe rink is now fairly on a boom. Last

right the crowd could hardly be accommodated, and every pair of skates were in use. On Wednes day evening the management announce a grand "hat carpival." a decided novelty here. The gen deman wearing the largest hat will be awarded ticmen wearing the largest hat will be awarded a handsome prize. The hall will doubtless be crowded. Last night Manager Stevens said: "Wo want the people of Atlanta to appreciate our efforts to conduct a first class rink. We came here strangers, and it was difficult to discriminate. But we have gradually worked up a nice patronage, and now no lady in Atlanta need stay away. We have the best order, the best music and the finest skating surface in the south. We therefore hope that ouy efforts will be valued accordingly." Libby Prison Gavels.

The State, of Richmond, Va., says that Captain John E. Lene, the quartermaster of R. E. Lee camp of Confederate Veterans, who has done so much to bring about a spirit of re onciliation and brotherly love between the Blue and the Gray, has had a number of gavels made at his own expense from timber of the Libby prison and from trees on the different battlefields and forwarded to Grand Army of the Republic posts as souvenirs and as a slight token of the appreciation and gratitude the camp is under for the many favors received. The acknowledgements show that, although there may be some "haid shells" on both sides, as a general thing the blue and gray are stan ling shoulder to shoulder in burying the hatchet so deep that it will never be resurrected. Captain Laue has recieved information that a grand effort is now in progress in Atlanta to erect a monument there exit July in commemoration of the unknown dead of the union and confederate armies. The monument is to be of gray granite and blue marble, surmounted by a confederate and a union sold or clasping hands. brotherly love between the Blue and the Gray, has

Jeweler. ling and Bottom Prices EET ATLANTA GA.

IF IT WAS POSSIBLE TO GO THROUGH LIFE without once taking a Cold, many of the minor, and not a few of the more serious ills of life would be avoided. But since it is idle to hope for so happy an exemption, it is well to remember that Dr. Jayne's Expectorant is a sure curative for Coughs and Colds, Asthms, and Bronchitis.

Old papers for wrapping paper at Constitution office at 25 cents a hundred

Old papers for wrapping paper at Constitution office at 25 cents a hundred.

Mauck sells wall paper, paints and picture rods ASSIGNEE'S SALE

Of Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps at and below cost at 67 Whitehall

st., sign of big black bear. They must go. F. J. STILSON, Assignee.

Send your orders for Bill Heads

and Statements to the Constitution

Georgians drink Tate Spring water.

Job Office, and the work will be executed at once, and in a manner that will please you. Big Auction Sale of Horses.

Lexington Combination Sale of Horses.

Lexington Combination Sale company will hold their great sale of High-bred Trotters, Roadsters Saddlers, Stallions, Brood Mares. Undeveloped Youngsters, Jacks and Jennets, at Lexington, Ky., February 17 and 18, 1878.

Send.for a catalogue.

2t Old papers for wrapping paper at

Constitution office at 25 cents a

In store at Savannah, Charleston and Wilming ton, N. C., and to arrive at Savannah. For sale by Perry M. DeLeon, Savannah, Ga.

Dry Goods! Carpets! SHOES!

Chamberlin, Johnson & Co

Fine Blankets, Comforts

HEAVY WOOLEN GOODS stock coming in. These goods, including our stock Ladies'

CLOAKS Will be sold regardless of former prices or even

cost, as they cannot be packed this spring.

CHAMBERLIN, JOHNSON & CO. JUST RECEIVED

KINGS TRIMMINGS! FLOUNCINGS,

EDGINGS AND INSERTINGS!

SOMETHING NEW! Made of best cambrics, desirable as trimming for CHAMBERLIN, JOHNSON & CO.

JUST RECEIVED

Direct from St. Gaul the largest lot of fine embroideries ever shipped to the south. These goods cannot be appreciated without being seen. patterns in six widths from 45 inches down to 11/4 inches wide, including allovers, edges and insertings, besides over 1,000 patterns, medium and low price grades. Examine them this week.

CHAMBERLIN, JOHNSON & CO. IN OUR Silk Department!

We will show this week the most exquisite pat terns in Imported Silks, in all the new shades with trimmings to match. Remember we guarantee our 24 inch Black Silk the best in the world for the money. Remnants 1,000 of yards, half price.

CHAMBERLIN, JOHNSON & CO.

NEW CARPETS. We will show this week new designs in magnificent goods in our Carpet department. We have be largest stock in the city or state. Prices and quality guaranteed; goods the best, prices the

CHAMBERLIN, JOHNSON & CO.

BOOTS AND SHOES **Poots and shoes for Gents** Boots and shoes for Leafues.
Boots and shoes for Ladies.
Boots and shoes for Boys.
Boots and shoes for Misses
Shoes for children and infants.
All the new styles and best makes; quality and fit guaranteed.
CHAMBERLIN, JOHNSON & CO.

Agents Butterrick's Patterns. Dry Goods! Carp ets! Shoes ARRIVAL & DEPARTURE OF ALL TRAINS At Union Depot, Atlanta. Ga.

All time given here is Atlanta city time.

LEAVE. ARRIVE. DESTINATION.

IMPORTANT.

WHY DO YOU PAY A

SUITS,

PROFIT

OVERCOATS

UNDERWEAR

Men and Boy'

Less than Manufacturers Cost. WE ARE DETERMINED

TO CLOSE OUT

WINTER STOCK. We are daily receiving our

NEWSTYLES OF SPRING Clothes, Cassimeres and Worsteds and will be glad to have you look at them. Mr. J. G. JONES, THE BEST TAYLOR IN THIS CITY, will be pleased to

41 Whitehall Street.

Jas. A. Anderson & Co.,

FOR SALE VALUABLE REAL ESTATE. WEARE OFFERING THREE VERY ELIGIBLE sites for factories of any description, on Ship-W sites for factories of any description, on Ship-yard creek, Cooper river, Charleston, 8. C., be-tween the Edisto Phosphate Company's works and the Charleston Oil Campany's mill; nineteen feet of water, bluft landing. Each site has a frontage of about 220 feet.

Land surveyed and plat may be seen at our

SUCH STATEMENTS -AS THIS-

CARRY WEIGHT!

Mr. Bonner lives in Macon and no one is better known than he. Strangers and relationships upon the statement he makes:

In August, 1881, it was discovered that my son's wife was in the last stages of consumption. She was coughing incessantly, and times would discharge quantities of pus from her lungs, could not sleep or retain anything on her stomach, and we thought it only a question of time when life would be compelled to give way to the fell destroyer. After all other remedies failed, we got

Brewer's Lung Restorer

And began it in very small doses, as she was very weak. She soon began to improve; continued the remedy and was restored to life and health, and is to-day better than she has ever been before. I regard her restoration as nearly a miracle, for which she is indebted to BREWER'S LUNG RESTORER.

> R. W. BONNER. Macon, Ga.

Brewer's Lung Restorer

Is a purely vegetable preparation, containing no opium, morphine, bromide or other poison, ous substance. LAMAR, RANKIN & LAMAR,

deod&weowtf. EUREKA TOBACCO!

WE HAVE FOUND IT.

WE HAVE SECURED SOLE CONTROL FOR the south of the above celebrated brand of tobacco manufactured by Thos. C. Williams & Co.,

Richmond, Va., from the finest selected stock. Give us a trial order. W. A. RUSSELL & CO., Wholesale dealers in Tobacco, Cigars and Snuff su-we sa-lm.

FORMBRLY IN NEW YORK SINCE 1853.-THE OPIUM HABIT CURED IN TWO WEEKS! And On the Most Fair and Safe Terms. I want it distinctly and emphatically understood that you are not to pay one cent for medicine cleard till you could conscientiously be qualified that you are free of the habit. Address J. A. NELMS, M. D. Smyrna, Cobb county, Ga.

HAVE A NATURAL AROMA AND WILL PLEASE ALL CLASSES OF SMOKERS, CIGARS For Sale Everywhere LEE ROY MYERS, For Sale Everywhere Savannah, Ga. tu thur-sat

PINEY WOODS HOTEL.

Thomasville, Georgia.

THE MANAGEMENT OF THE PINEY WOODS Hotel will be particularly pleased to receive their commercial friends at all times. Please ask for "commercial rates," which are \$3 per day.

M. A. BOWER.

RULING and all kinds of JOB PRINTING done neatly and tly at the CONSTITUTION FICE.

At Savannah,



H. I. KIMBALL, L. B. WHEELER & CO.,
ARCHITECTS,
Constitution Building.

The Stevens Patent Watches are the Best.

BECAUSE—The time keeping results which they have yielded place them foremost in the market for accuracy, reliability, and special adaptability for rough

BECAUSE—They have features of improvement that cannot be found in any other watch. BECAUSE-Should an accident to any part, a du-

plicate of that part can be supplied at our factory here, and the watch put running sgain in thirty minutes.

BECAUSE—They are indersed by hundreds of our best citizens who have subjected them to the severest tests. BECAUSE—It is a southern enterprise, and every part of each watch is guaranteed by a responsible home establishment who have are putation to sustain.

BECAUSE—Purchasers can see in our stock the largest assortment of watches ever shown in the south—and we defy all competition so far as prices are consend for Catalogue.

J P. STEVENS & CO.

CROCKERY, CHINA, Lamps and Housefurnishings,

FINE GOODS. LOW PRICES. SETH THOMAS CLOCKS, Gate City Stone Filters.

McBRIDE'S.

32 Wall street, OPPOSITE CAR SHED.

THE WEATHER REPORT

Daily Weather Report. OBSERVEN'S OFFICE SIGNAL CORPS, U. S. A., U. S. CUSTOM HOUSE, February 9, 10:00 P. M. All observations taken at the same moment o time at each place named:

| | WIND. |

STATION.	Ваготь	Thermome	Dew Poin	Direction	Force.	Rainfall.	Weather.
Augusta Key West	29.50	62 79		W	High Fresh	.15	Clear. Fair Cloudy

29,77 59 59 8 Fresh .25 Foggy 29,79 (3) 61 8 Fresh ... Cloudy 29,50 67 62 8 Brisk .04 Cloudy 29,55 88 2 W Brisk .— Cloudy 29,65 43 30 8 W High 0.23 Clear. " " ther.... 56.3 Minimum ther... hu'y ... 81.0 Total rain all

The weather at other points at 7 a. m.: Boston, temperature 19, weather cloudy; Norfolk, 46, cloudy; Washington, 33, cloudy; Augusta, 39, threatening; Jacksonville, 63, light rain; Mobile, 55, cloudy; New Orleans, 69, cloudy; Fort Smith, 24, threatening; Galveston, 50 fair; Cinchnatt, 31, light rain; Chicago, 20, light snow; Capro, 31, light rain; St. 1 ouis, 26, light snow; Omaha, 2 below and cloudy; Bismarck, 21 below clear and wind northwest; Dodge City, 3, clear; St. Paul, 6 below, clear, northwest; Rio Grande, 64, clear, north.

Supreme Court of Georgia.

List of circuits showing the number of cases remaining undisposed of: Northeastern circuit... 2 Rome circuit. Western circuit...... 6 Cherokee circ

Western circuit... 6 Cherokee circuit...
Oconee circuit... 4 Augusta circuit...
Albany circuit... 8 Middle circuit...
Southwestern circuit... 4 Comulgee circuit...
Pataula circuit... 2 Brunswick circuit.
Chatahoochee circuit.12 Eastern circuit.
Biscon cicuit... 15 Northern circuit. 6 Atlanta circuit. Coweta circuit

BLUE RIDGE CIRCUIT. No. 1. Wilson, guardian, vs. County of Fannin Complaint, from Fannin, Argued. C. D. Phil lips, for plaintiff in error. No appearance for defendant.

defendant.

No. 1. West vs. County of Habersham. Withdrawn. No. 2. Smith et al. vs. Sutton, administrator. Complaint for land from Towns. Argued. Crane & Jones for plaintiffs in error. J. J. Kimsey; W. G. Blackwell, for defendant.

Nos. 8 and 4. McMillan, executor, vs. Toombs, and vice verse. E. ulty, from Habersham. Argued. C. H. Sutton; Crane & Jones, for McMillan, executor.—W. M. & M. P. Reese; Barrow, Erwin & Thomas, contray.

Thomas, contrary.

No. 5. Stewart et al. vs. Rutherford. Equity, from Lumpkin. Argued. Barrow & Thomas, for plaintiffs in error. W. P. Price, for defendant. Pending concluding argument of Mr. Price, the court adjourned to 9:30 a.m. to-morrow.

TOPICS OF THE PRESS.

In Dougherty county, according to the News "grass is putting out rapidly, as if it thinks spring is at hand," while in the county contiguous to Bainbridge, the Democrat says that "farmers are now preparing their lands to sow big crops of-

Gantt, of the Atbens Banner, is the leader in the prohibition c mpaign in Clarke county. He will soon become noted as a great moral reformer.

Colonel B. B. Hinton and his nephew, E. F. Hinton, bave in added to the staff of the Sum ter Republican Says the Albany News:

Says the Albany News:

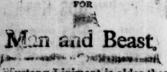
If all the property in Georgia were returned for taxation at its market value, the rates of taxation in the state could be reduced to one tenth of one per cent. It is a rare thing to find a man that gives in his property to the tax receiver at the same figures at which he holds it in the market. The law ought to compel him to do so But, then, most of the members of the legisla ure are down with the prevailing disease of a disposition to "rob Caesar." The case seems to be hopeless.

The lady editors of Georgia are discussing the propriety of organizing a press association of their

propriety of organizing a press association of their be that they can take their "tatting" along with Wales Wynton has Grecian features.

T. R. Gibson, of the Augusta News is declared by the ladies to be "too awfull; sweet" for any-

An editor, whose journal flourishes in a little town on the "Georgia road, lost \$25 in a mysterious manner during his last visit to Atlanta.



Mustang Liniment is older than most men, and used more and more every year.

ebi-tue thu essun wky to or?

THE SPOT CASE DEALERS.

We sell good Prints, good colors at 2½ and 3½ cts., per yard.
Cotton Flannel at 5 cents worth 8½ cts.
44 Sea Island for 5 cents, which is cheap at 7½.
44 Sea Island for 6½ cents, which is worth 8½.

Slightly Soiled.

Black Cashmeres at 40, 50, 65, 75, \$1 \$1.25, worth 10 to 30 ets. yard more. We are determined to do the business in these goods. You may think this a fudge, but it is not, it is a fair dead shot. Othere may trifle their reputation, but we have won the front rank by

FAIR DEALING,

And can't afford to lose it by trick. Another big drive in Dress Goods at 10, 12 and 15 cts., worth 121/2, 18 and 25 cts. yard.

A superb line of new

Torchon Laces

In White And Colored A white dress shirt at 50 cts., cheap at 75 cents., and our \$1.00 Shirt, branded

DOUGHERTY'S BEST

Has no equal in the state for durability, fit

As no equal in the state for durability, it and comfort.

A small lot of those 10-4 White Blankets at 90 cts., worth \$1.20

A Comfort for 75 cts., worth \$1.00.

A comfort for \$1.00, worth \$1.50.

We ask edds of no house in the country on prices. Spot Cash giving us a big advantage, we know it, and we are going to show it in our prices.

25 Cts. Will Buy A Good Knit White Under-Shirt For a Man,

And for 50 cts., we sell you one worth 75 cts.
Ladies' Under Vest at 25, 50, and 75 cts.,
worth 40 cts. 75 cts. and \$1.00
New White Goods—Checked Nainsook at
15 and 20 cts., goods richly worth 20 and 27
cts. Table Linens, both White and Turkey
Red at 35, 40, 50 and 60 cts., worth very much

more.

In fact our house is full of attractive bargains. Spot Cash enables us to sell cheap. When out shopping call in and feel our pulse, and thereby get the lowest temperature of the market. We are going to startle the natives in this part of America, if cheap goods are appreciated.

If you can't come, send your child, for it can buy as cheap as yourself. D. H. DOUGHERTY & CO.

Dobbs & Bro.,

MAKETHELIVINGBUY

Only a few more days will we sell goods at Such Low Prices

Decorated China Fruit Plates \$3.00 per dozen,

Parlor Lamps \$1.00, worth \$2.00. Decorated China Dinner Sets \$50.00 that cannot be bought anywhere elso for less than \$75.00. 44 pieces Moss Rose Tea Sets we still sell at \$6.50

Band China Sets \$3.00, worth \$5.00. Library Lamps \$3.00; former price \$5.00 MERCHANTS, IF YOU WANT

CROCKERY, GLASS-WARE, ETC. Don't fail to get prices at

DOBBS & BROS. 53 PEACHTREE STREET,



CITY TAX NOTICE.

PARTIES WHO HAVE BOUGHT OR SOLD Real Estate in the city since April 1, 1881, will please call at the office of the City Tax Assessors and give us the transfers.

D. A. COOK, CLEM R. HARRIS, THOS. J. MALONE, City Tax Assessor

If they advertise Lonsdale at less than factory prices, I will make them sell you the GENUINE AR-TICLE. Don't let them poke off on you "Hope" or "Blackstone" goods with a ticket pasted on it

'FINISHED BY THE LONSDALE COMPANY.

This is not Lonsdale!

My Lonsdale is GENUINE. It is full yard wide and full brand There is nothing "off" about it! It is the genuire article, and I will sell it or the Fruit of the Loom at 71/2 a yard! NO TRICKS. A square deal every time at

JOHN KEELY'S. WAUKESHA GLENN MINERAL WATER DURE DRINKING WATER from the Wat

LISTEN! NOW AS

Commencing on Monday, **OUR SEMI-ANNUA** MENS', BOYS' AND CH

---A PRICES THAT DE

HIRSOH CLOTHIERS 42 and 44 WHIT

IN ORDER Further Redu

> OF HEAVY GOO Overcoats, Winter

At very low figures. DRESS SUITS, DIAGON IS ALWA YS FULL.

Suits Made to Order at Popular Prices.

Successor to Muse & Swift

PAUL

22 ALABAM

Carries

Old Baker and Monongahela WHIS

Imported Brandles, Gins, Sher Sec, VeClicquot, Monopo Champ

> French APOLLINARIS WA

TABL BASS BURKE'S ALE

Gate City Wire Works,

WIRE WORK OF EV Were Chairs, S

Hanging Baskets, Fire Sc WINDOW

OFFICE RAILING A J. L. SO

THE ATLANT ATLANTA,

AMMONIATED

ACID PHOSPHATE! SOLU

TELEPHONE, NO. 525. L. E. O'KEEFE, President.

Timken spring vehicles!



PETER LYNCH, AT HIS OLD STAND

95 Whitehall Street. Is just receiving and has on hand in addition to his large and varied stock the fol-lowing goods for the

CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS

Oranges, Lemons, Apples and Nuts of all kinds, American and Imported WINES AND LIQUORS -JUST RECEIVED FOR HOT PUNCHES-

Cask Wise's Irish Whisky, 1 Cask Ramsey's Scotch Whisky. -FOR CULINARY AND TABLE PURPOSES—

1 Cask Very Fine Port Wine,

1 Cask Very Fine Sherry Wine,

1 Cask Very Fine Sherry Wine,

1 Cask Very Fine Madeira Wine.

Also all kinds of Wines for Cooking Purposes.

A few more bushels Rye and Barley Seed just received. Will have his stock seed Irish Potatoes and fresh Garden Seeds by the 1st January, 1885.

PETER LYNCH,

5 Whitehall and 7 Mitchell Sts., Atlanta, Ge December 19, 1884.

YOUR CHANCE

December 22d, We Begin L CLEARING SALE

ILDREN'S CLOTHING

FY COMPETITION. BROS.

& TAILORS. EHALL STREET.

STILL TO ce My Stock

DS, I WILL SELL

Underwear, Etc. My stock of fine ALS, CORKSCREWS, Etc

> GEORGE MUSE, 38 Whitehall.

JONES.

WHOLESALE LI QUOR DEALER,

A STREET,

In Stock

KIES.

ry and Port Wines, Pommery le, G. H. Mumms & Co. agnes,

Liqueurs. TER,

GOSTURA BITTERS, CLARETS

GUINNESS STOUT.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, No. 5 NORTH FO RSYTH STREET, Manufacturers of Wire and | Iron Railing, Tree Guards, ERY DESCRIPTION, ettees, Arches,

> reens, Nursery Fenders, GUARDS,

> ND WIRE CLOTH. UTHCOMB, Manager.

GEORGIA,

TURERS OF

FERTILIZERS.

BLE BONE! KAINIT, ETC! GATE CITY BANK. P. O. BOX 84. GEO. M. McKENZIE, Sec'y and Treas.



P. TRIPOD

13 Broad street,

ARTISTS' AND PAINTERS' Materials,

FRENCH AND AMERICAN Window and Looking GLASS.

All kinds fof

LUBRICATING OILS. Pertland Cement, Plaster, etc. Averill Mixed Paints,

SILICATE PAINT CO.'S Productions

National Wire

IRON CO MANUFACTURERS OF

Iron Fence, Roof Cresting

BUILDERS' SPECIALTIES Detroit, Mich.

DR. RICE, 222 Market Street, Janisville Ku Cures all forms of PRIVATE, CHRONIC and SEXUAL DIS-Speciatorikes and Impotency, rage improper or unitarpy, are thoroughly and perma-ty cured. SYPHILIS positively cured and en-erationated from the system; Gonorrhea, EFT, Stricture, Crahitta, Hornia, for Rupturo, and other private the sase quickly sured.

Cures Guaranteed in all Cases undertaken.
Consultations personally or by letter free and invited.
Charges reasonable and correspondence strictly confidents. PRIVATE COUNSELOR Of 200 pages, sent to any address, securely scaled, for thirty

CO) cents. Should be read by all. Address as above

Come hours from 8 A. M. 10 a P. M. Sundays, 2 to 4 P. M.

LOUIS RAVENEL

ADVERTISING AGENT,

Constitution Building, Atlanta. Ga.

Advertisements Placed Chealpy and Promptly.

FACILITIES UNSURPASSED. Send For Lists and Rates,

ROUGH ON WHISKY. GOLDEN SPECIFIC.

P. O. DRAWER 35.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR DRUNKENNESS

OR THE LIQUOR HABIT. Effecting a speedy and permanent cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the persons taking it as it is tasteless and odorless. Thousands o drunkards have been made temperate men wb have taken the Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and to-day believe they quit drinking of their own free will. It is absolutely harmless. CIRCULARS FREE. Prepared

by the Golden Specific Co., 185 Race Street, Cincinnati, O. FOR SALE BY MAGNUS&HIGHTOWER



DISEASES OF THE BLADDER AND KID-NEYS have always been potent factors in the reaping of Death's Larvest. No matter of what nature or how long standing these complaints may be, sure and speedy relief is offered in

Smith's Extract of Mayflower. surer, save those who retuse to be reflected. If you would know just exactly what is neant by the term BRIGHT'S DistASE, and how to cure it, inclose a two centstamp with your address to 1 two centstamp with your address to 2. E. SMETH & BRO., Covington, Ky

H.S. DANZIGER, THE OLDEST

VERMIN EXTERMINATOR IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA. MAN-Uncturer of the Magic Red Paste and Insect Powder, has established in this city. Orders re-ceived for clearing Hotels, Restaurants, Private Houses, Gardensand Cotton Fields of all kinds of Vermin, at the HOTEL WEINMEISTER, Atlanta, Ga. && All work Warranted. 8p



KENTUCKY'S GREAT NATURAL REMEDY For Constipation, for Piles, for Dyspep-sia, for Sick Headache, for Vertigo, for Indigestion, for Malaria, for all Diseases of the

LIVER AND BOWELS. More plessant to take and superior to the fals." A dose taken in HOT WATER before GENUINE CRAB ORCHARD SAUTS are only old in sea edipaper box packases at 10c. and 25c. Concentrated Water 35c a bottle.

No Ger uine Crab Orchard Sa'ts are sold in bulk. See that "Crab Apple" trademark is on all labels. Buy only 'Crab Apple" brand. For sale by all druggists.

CRAB TORCHARD WATER CO. SIMON N. JONES, Manager, Louisville, Ky.

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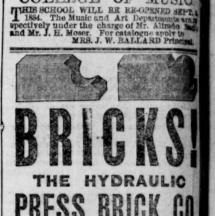
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VOL. XVII.

SPEER ON TRIA THE SENATE JUDICIARY

Senator Colquitt Presents His Reason Nomination Should Not be Confir Senator Brown Will Show Why it be-Lamar for the Cabinet, 1

WASHINGTON, February 10 .- [Spe dicisry committee of the senate h neeting this morning, and consider comination for the judgeship of t Georgia district. All the memb committee except Logan were pre-ters Brown and Colquitt attende Colquitt laid before the commit the reasons for which he opposed firmation, and presented the pro-had been sent from several cities in ern district. At the conclusion marks, the committee adjourned morrow. Senator Brown will the the committee in favor of the comand Senator Colquitt may say som

In the house to-day the democra the republicans with the intention extra session, and none of their pelled it. Still they emphaticall private conversations that they have purpose. The democrats are mists faith that they will pass all the nec islation before the fourth of Mar-

During the last few days Lamar into great prominence as a cabine ty. Many well-informed person lieve that Bayard is still hesitating cepting the state portfelio, and event he declines it, Cleveland tender it to Lamar. Others Bayard and Lamar will both sure! cal let-Bayard as secretary of Lamar as secretary of the interior, very strong among the northern and many of them have urged Clev vite him into the cabinet. Lam friends say he cares very little about

LEGISLATIVE RIDE The Pension Bill Disposed of in

Other Business.

Other Business.

Washington, February 10.—Mr. sided over the senate to-day.

Mr. Sherman's joint resolution for striking medals to commemorate cation of the Washington monus adopted. It provides that eacher of the house and senate shall and that one thousand be struck the public. On motion of Mr. Van Wyck, co of the bill to prevent the unlawful of the public lands was resumed.

of the public lands was resumed. 'bill popularly known as the anti-fer It was read a third time, and with amendment, was passed.

At one o'clock the chair having later the acoust the unfinished business, the river coinage bill, Senator Morrall, in that Senator Sherman, (who has the first a speech upon this measure), was moved that its further consideration poned until to-morrow. Carried.

THE PENSION BILL.

THE PENSION BILL.

The consideration of the pension tion bill was continued. The sens tee's amendments was concurred a repetition of the form upon the question of general legisl appropriation bills, and how this m fected by the senate rules.

Mr. Ingalls moved to strike out, legislation, the clause requiring tha sumption of soundness at the time ment shall operate in favor applicants for pensions, but presumption may be rebut lingalis exclaimed that he had motion for the purpose of raising regarding the senate rule. The compropersation had stricken out so ions on the ground that they we legislation, but had retained other precisely of that character. This is to mean that the senate rule was forced when the senators wanted it tee's amendments was concur

forced when the senators wanted it and not to be enforced when they d it to operate. Mr. Ingalis's own was that the provision, as it can house, was sound, and that the se to agree to it. This would necessal the voting down of Mr. Ingalis's ownent. After further discussion, galls's amendment was voted down hays 44, Ingalls himself voting

The bill was then passed substant came from the senate committee. islative measures found on the bil from the house relating to the compension attorneys, etc., being siru senate having already passed a senataining these provisions. The bit to the house for concurrence or a rence in the senate's action, striki provisions referred to.

Mr. Butter presented the credent re-election of Senator Hampton.

The senate then adjourned.

The president to day nominated to be collector of internal reven stuthern district of Virginia. The bill was then passed subst

THE POSTOFFICE BIL

The Shutting Up of Mr. Wh Washington, February 10.—The at 11 o'clock in continuation of mession, and immediately went into of the whole, Mr. Springer in the company of the whole, Mr. Springer in the company of the pour of the whole, Mr. Springer in the company of the pour of the pour of the pour of the reading of the journal, Mr. Pennsylvania, rose and moved document be amended in that por bad reference to the scene yesterd Mr. White and the deputy serges The journal stated that when the secured his mace and proceeded to hite that gentleman "took his should state that he "had taken This, he thought, was due the gent Kentucky." Washington, February 10 .- The

Mr. Cox, of New York, quote the gen hentucky.

Mr. Cox, of New York, quote miles to show that the sergeant-authority to keep order without mace of office. He thought that the free Kentucky (White) had been too much lenlency by both the state of the speaker pro tem (Mr. Blackbu Laid on The Table.

Mr. Reagan moved to law Mr. Mr. Reagan moved to lay Mr.

Mr. Keifer then moved that a tree members be appointed by the samine and report on the que with relation to the proceeding

Another wrangle occurred over aition. Finally Mr. Reagan move Kaifer's motion on the table, and yield to Mr. Reed, who wanted a to reply to his remarks. The republicans, with fermion of the remarks of the regulation of the remarks.